

SUPERIOR

Mr/Abdelbary Ali

Your way to excellence

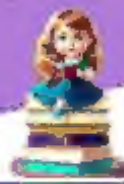
- ★ Vocabulary & Verbs
- ★ Synonyms & Antonyms
- ★ Prefixes & Suffixes
- ★ Reading & listening
- ★ Grammar & Notes
- ★ Exercises & Exams



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Unit 1 – Coming home:

Lesson 1 & 2 :

Vocabulary

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
daily	يومي	message	رسالة	parents	الوالدين
routine	روتين	article	مقال	person	شخص
interview	مقابلة / حوار	lunch	الفداء	people	الناس
website	موقع على الانترنت	dinner	العشاء	important	مهم
skills	مهارات	meals	وجبات	fun	متعة
activities	أنشطة	country	دولة / بلد	chess	شطرنج
hobbies	هوايات	hospital	مستشفى	holiday	إجازة
interests	اهتمامات	flat	شقة	weekend	نهاية الاسبوع
free time	وقت الفراغ	block	عمارة سكنية	sports	الرياضة
breakfast	الافطار	friends	أصدقاء	music	موسيقى
sofa	كنبة	life	الحياة	exercise	تمرين
bread	خبز	come home	يعود للمنزل	school	مدرسة
baker's	فرن / مخبز	right	صحيح / يمين	favourite	مفضل
subject	مادة	way	طريقة	sleep	ينام

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
read	يقرا	read	read
Come	يأتي	came	come
Leave	يغادر	left	left
spend	يقضي	spent	spent

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
important	مهم	necessary	unimportant	غير هام
start	يبدأ	begin	finish	ينتهي
leave	يغادر	move	stay	يبقى - يظل
late	متأخر		early	مبكر

Expressions

On her way to	في طريقها الي	On the right	على اليمين
Come home from	يأتي للمنزل من	On holiday	في إجازة





Language Notes

1-routine - habit - custom روتين - عادة - عرف

routine : My daily routine is the same every school day.

habit : Skipping breakfast is a bad habit.

custom : It's the custom for bride to wear a white dress in wedding.

2-make يصلع

My mum always makes my breakfast.

make + object + (objective)

He makes me angry

3-make + object + (inf.) يجعل

He makes me laugh.

home What time do students come home from school in that country ?

4-come - get - leave يأتي - يصل - يغادر

They get home late.

My dad leaves home before we get up.

5-on -in-by

on : On Saturdays, I always get up at 11 o'clock. was born on 7th December, 2000.

By : I go to school by bus.

In : I watch TV in the evening

6- help + مصدر + مفعول / مصدر + to + مصدر

I usually help my mum make dinner.

I usually help mum to make dinner

7. too أيضا في آخر السؤال / أيضا في آخر الاثبات والسؤال

> My brothers help us, too.

> He doesn't watch TV, either.

Mr \ Abdelbary

8. That's why = so لذلك / **because** لان / **because of + اسم / V + ing** بسبب.....

> He leaves early that's why / so he doesn't have breakfast with us.

> He won because he played well.

> He won because of playing well.

Reading:

About Mariam

I am Mariam. My daily **routine** is the same every school day!

I always get up at 6:30 in the morning. My mum always makes my breakfast. I go to school by bus with my friend, Dina.

Sometimes, we listen to music. My **parents** work at the **hospital**.

They get home late, so I often help to make dinner. In the evening, I do my homework, read on the sofa, watch TV and **text** my friends. Then I go to bed.





Lesson1 SB page 3 :

Mariam doesn't get up at 7 am. She gets up at 6.30. Mariam doesn't make breakfast. Her mum always makes it. Her parents don't work at a school. They work at a hospital. They don't get home early. They get home late.



Lesson1 SB page 3:

My best friend's family

Hi everyone. Today's **interview** is with my best friend **Sherifa** and her family. Here's a photo of us. Sherifa is on the right .

How many people are in your family?

There are five people me, Mum, Dad and two brothers .

When do you get up?

I usually get up at **6:30** and help Mum make breakfast. My brothers help, too. My dad starts work very early, so he leaves home before we get up. That's why he doesn't have breakfast with us. He eats when he gets to work. I walk to school with my brothers .

Do you like to study?

Yes, I do. My favorite subject is English .

What do you do in the evening?

I often listen to music. My dad and I sometimes play chess. My brothers always watch TV and my mum usually reads



Exercise on vocabulary

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

1. Ourof flats overlooks the Nile.

- a. flog b. block c. clock d. leg

2. My mum always makes my.....

- a. breakfast b. lunch c. dinner d. super

3. Come and sit on this comfortable..... four people can sit on it.

- a. armchair b. cupboard c. sofa d. chair

4.I always my friends. I don't phone them.

- a. text b. mix c. fix d. try

5. My daily is interesting. I enjoy doing different things every day.

- a. meal b. routine c. repeat d. drink

6 .Can you tell me about your typical..... routine?

- a. dairy b. dial c. daily d. deal





7. My grandparents live in a.....of flats.
a. house b. black c. block d. chest
8. Taking photos is one of my
a. interests b. subjects c. texts d. blocks
9. My mum always my breakfast.
a. makes b. gives c. does d. deletes
10. She doesn't like football. She tennis.
a. buys b. spends c. prefers d. goes
- 11..... is a formal meeting in which someone asks you questions about yourself and your life .
a. activity b. interview c. review d. view
- 12-.....is the fixed and usual way of doing things.
a. Protein b. Weekend c. Routine d. Interview
13. My daily.....is the same every day.
a. hobby b. subject c. routine d. route
14. Hassan has a/an..... today with the manager for the new job.
a. routine b. class c. interview d. way
15. I sometimes listen to.....
a. the radio b. TV c. Internet d. music
16. My parents get home.....
a. early b. in the morning c. in the afternoon d. late
17. I read your..... and I'll call you later.
a. view b. music c. message d. routine
18. A meeting to get a new job is an.....
a. view b. interview c. review d. rescue
19. I have a usual way to do things . This is called a.....
a. routine b. protein c. contain d. canteen
20. We have a.....routine. We do the same thing every day.
a. different b. dairy c. daily d. rarely

Present Simple

Usage:

1 – يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن :

1 – الحقائق العلمية (facts)

- The sun rises in the east.
- The earth is bigger than the moon.

2 – يستخدم مع ظروف التكرار مثل (always / sometimes / usually) للتعبير عن عادات في المضارع

- Basant always goes to school by car.
- They usually visit their uncle.





معلومة هامة جدا جدا

تأتي ظروف التكرار بعد (am / is / are) وتأتي قبل أي فعل آخر مثل (play / arrive)

- He is always late.
- He always arrives late.

Formation:

1 – يتكون المضارع البسيط من المصدر بدون أي إضافات إذا كان الفاعل (I / We / You / They) أو اسم جمع

- I play football every day.
- They go to school by bus.
- The boys watch TV on Fridays.

2 – ويضاف للفعل (s / es / ies) إذا جاء الفاعل (He / She / It) أو اسم مفرد

- He plays basketball.
- All studies English
- She watches TV in the evening.

3 – تصريف الفعل يكون (be) في المضارع يكون (am / is / are)

- I am ready for the exam.
- She is at school.
- They are kind and friendly

Negative :

4 – يتم نفي المضارع البسيط كالآتي

1 – إذا جاء الفعل بدون إضافات تستخدم (مصدر + don't)

1. They watch the film.
- They don't watch TV.
2. We study French on Friday.
- We don't study French on Friday.

2 – إذا جاء الفعل مضاف إليه (s / es / ies) تستخدم (مصدر + doesn't)

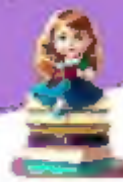
1. She writes e-mails.
- She doesn't write e-mails.
2. He plays football.
- He doesn't play football.

يمكن استخدام كلمة (never) بدلا من (don't / doesn't)

don't + مصدر = never + مصدر
doesn't + مصدر = never + مصدر + s / es / ies

1. They don't write English.
- They never write English.
2. He doesn't write English.
- He never writes English.





Yes / No questions

5 – في حالة تكوين السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد تكون الإجابة (Yes, / No,) ويتكون السؤال كالتالي

Do / Does + فاعل + مصدر بدون اضافات ؟

1. Do you play football?

Yes, I do

Yes, I play football.

2. Does he play football?

Yes, he does.

No, he doesn't play football.

Wh Questions :

6 – أما السؤال الذي يبدأ بأداة استفهام يكون السؤال كالتالي وتكون الإجابة على أداة الاستفهام

مصدر بدون اضافات + فاعل + do / does + أداة استفهام ؟

1. Where do you live?

➤ I live in Cairo.

2. When does he arrive?

➤ He arrives at 7 o'clock.

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. He.....English every day.

a. study

b. studies

c. studying

d. Is studying

2. She doesn't.....to school on Friday.

a. go

b. goes

c. going

d. went

3. They.....write letters.

a. doesn't

b. aren't

c. don't

d. isn't

4. She.....ready for the exam.

a. doesn't

b. don't

c. aren't

d. isn't

5. He always.....his bed.

a. make

b. makes

c. made

d. making

6.you like tennis? Yes, I do.

a. Do

b. Does

c. Did

d. Are

7. The sun.....In the morning.

a. rise

b. rising

c. rises

d. sets

8. He.....clever.

a. is always

b. always is

c. never is

d. often is

9. Do you.....English?

a. speak

b. speaks

c. is speaking

d. is spoken

10. Dina.....arrives late.

a. doesn't

b. don't

c. isn't

d. never

11.Mohamed like fish?

a. Do

b. Does

c. Is

d. Are

12. He.....tennis every day.

a. play

b. playing

c. plays

d. is playing



13. She never.....Aswan.

- a. visit b. visiting c. visits d. to visiting

14.you ready for the game? – Yes, I am.

- a. Do b. Does c. did d. Are

15. Where is oil.....?

- a. find b. found c. finding d. finds

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. I(plays) the drum.

2. I(doesn't) listen to music.

3.(Do) he play football on Mondays?

4. He never(write) English.

5.(Does) you play chess?

6. He(always is) ready.

Writing:

مهارة الكتابة :

1- I have a daily routine.

3- I wash my face.

5- I wear my school uniform.

7- I have eggs and beans.

9- I go to school by bus.

11- I arrive at school at 7 o'clock.

13- I have a break at 11 o'clock.

15- I go to the library at break.

17- The school finishes at 3 o'clock.

19- I have dinner with my family.

21- I watch TV with my family.

2- I always get up at 6 o'clock.

4- I brush my teeth.

6- I have breakfast with my family.

8- I drink orange juice.

10- I go to school with my friend.

12- I have six lessons a day.

14- I have lunch at break.

16- I read a lot of books at the library.

18- I go home at 4 o'clock.

20- I do my homework in the evening.

22- I go to bed at 10 o'clock.

General Exercise on lesson 1 & 2

1. Complete the following dialogue:

All : Hello, Ahmed.

Ahmed :

All :

Ahmed : My favourite sport is football. What about you?

All :

Ahmed : Well, Chess is a great hobby. I like it, Too..

All :

Ahmed : yes, I won Alexandria chess competition last year.

All :

Ahmed : The next competition is in October..





2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1- Come and sit on this.....four people can sit on it.
a. armchair b. sofa c. lift d. chair
- 2- my parents sometimes getlate.
a at home b for home c to home d home
- 3-All children like to.....sports in their free time.
a) make b) play c)spend d) go
- 4-My brother has an important.....today. He hopes to get the new job.
a) view b) review c) group d) interview
- 5--My daily is the same every school day!
a. roof b. work c. routine d. way
- 6-I go to school bus with my friend, Dina
a. at b. for c. by d. on
- 7-I go to the baker's with my mother.....; we always buy bread in the morning.
a) every b) dairy c) diary d) daily
- 8- I saw Ahmed's father on his.....hoe this morning.
a. away b. way c. a way d. ways
- 9- Can you.....my mother for me because my phone is not working.
a. kill b. damage c. test d. text
- 10- Let'ssome activities in the club.
a. do b. made c. steal d. plays
- 11- I need a partner to play.....
a. cheese b. choose c. chess d. tricks
- 12- I.....to school, I don't use any transport.
a. ride b. drive c. fly d. walk
13.is the opposite of different.
a. The same b. Sum c. Some d. Suit
14. Dinner is my favourite.....
a. meal b. wheel c. subject d. language
15. People always share their photos with friends on their.....
a. flags b. black c. logs d. blogs
16. Egypt is the greatest.....in Africa.
a. city b. village c. country d. continent
17. The children are sitting.....the sofa.
a. on b. in c. above d. into

3-Write a paragraph of a bout Ninety (90) words on:

"Your daily routine"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





Vocabulary

Lessons 3 & 4

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
prison	السجن	attractive	جذاب	around	حول
railway	سكة حديد	large	كبير / واسع	world	العالم
line	خط	terrible	سيء	India	الهند
poor	فقير	feed	يطعم	village	قرية
interests	اهتمامات	tap	صنبور / حنفية	parents	الوالدين
share	يشارك	watermelon	يطبخ	water	ماء
together	سويا / معا	careful	حريص	homework	واجب مدرسي
again	مرة اخرى	restaurant	مطعم	outside	خارج
kind	طيب	street	شارع	finally	في النهاية
children	أطفال	get home	يعود للمنزل	end	نهاية
adventures	مغامرات	knife	سكين	idea	فكرة
chickens	دجاج	take away	يبيع / يأخذ لمتان	beautiful	جميل
dinner	العشاء	friend	صديق	potato chips	شرائح البطاطس

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
bring	يحضّر - يجلب	brought	brought
feed	يطعم	fed	fed
make	يصنع - يعمل	made	made
take	يأخذ	took	taken
know	يعرف	knew	known

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
attractive	جذاب	beautiful nice	ugly	قبيح
large	ضخم	big	small	صغير
terrible	فظيع - كريه	very bad	good	جيد
near	قريب	close	far from	بعيد
outside	خارج	outdoor	inside/indoor	داخل

Definitions

Word	meaning	Definition
prison	السجن	a place where people go when they do something wrong
railway line	خط سكة حديد	the road that a train travels on
poor	فقير	people without enough money
terrible	سيء جدا	very bad





Language Notes

1. **share +** يشارك او يتقاسم الشيء مع **with** شيء

➤ I share the room with my brother.

2. **tap** حنفية / صنوبر / **tape** شريط

➤ They get water from the tap at the end of the street.

3. **have breakfast** يتناول الإفطار / **make breakfast** يصنع او يجهز الإفطار

➤ We have breakfast at 7 in the morning.

➤ I always help mum make breakfast.

4 **do jobs** يعمل واجب المدرسة / **do housework** يقوم بأعمال المنزل / يقوم بعمل مهم

➤ When I get home, I have many jobs to do.

➤ I help mum to do housework.

5. **1990** **1990** عام / **1990s** فترة التسعينات

➤ He was born in 1990.

➤ They lived in Tanta in the 1990s.

6. **go to prison** يذهب للسجن / **go to the prison** يذهب للسجن لزيارة شخص

➤ He went to prison because he stole the money.

➤ He went to the prison to visit his friend.

7-**Suggest + vi. Ing:**

I suggest going to the cinema.

Suggest + that + subject + Inf.

I suggest that he go to the cinema.

8- **Country / The country = the countryside:**

Egypt is a big country.

I like living in the country.

Lives around the world

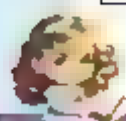
Tell us about your life!

What are your hobbies and interests?

What is a **typical** day in your life

What job do **you** want to do one day?

my name's Shahana. I'm from India. I live in a **village** with my parents, my brother and my sister. I share a room with my sister. We all get up early There is an outside tap at the end of street where we live, My mum gets water from the tap every morning. Then we all have breakfast. We have bread with a cup of tea. My dad works in a shop. I have two jobs to do when I get home from school. I feed the chickens, then I help my mum make dinner, After dinner, I do my homework. Sometimes I help my brother and sister to do their homework, too. Then I go to bed.





Lesson 3 SB page 7:

Yunis : Grandma, have you got a watermelon?
Grandma : Yes, I have. it's on the table.
Yunis : Can I have some, please ? I like watermelon.
Grandma : Yes, of course. We need a knife" to cut" it!
Yunis : Shall I help you to cut it?
Grandma : Thank you, Yunis, but be careful' with the knife!



Hi Amal. Have you got that game called **Odd one out** ?
 No, I don't play that game now. It's for young children.
 Have you got any other children's games ? My six-year-old cousin is here and he wants to play a game with me.
 Yes, I have **Role-play** ! Do you remember that game?
 Yes, I do. Can I borrow it this evening ? My cousin would love it!
 Of course. Shall I play it, too? It's better with three people, and I still enjoy that game.
 Of course! You can come to my house later.

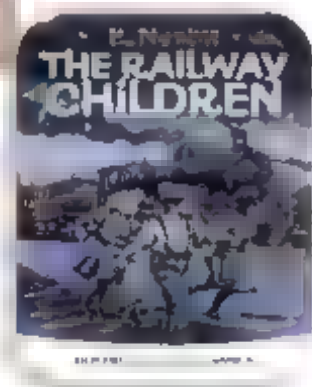
Lesson 3 WB page 7:

All : This is a nice restaurant' Shall we eat here, Hassan ?
Hassan : Yes, that's a good idea.
Walter : Good evening, Where would you like to sit?
All : Can we sit next to the window ?
Walter : Of course. What would you like to eat ?
Hassan : Have you got any fish today?
Walter : Yes, we've got fish with rice or fish with potato chips.
All : We'd like fish with rice, please.
Walter : Shall I bring" you some water ?
Massan : Thank you



The Railway children By E Nesbit

It is the 1900s. **Roberta**, her younger brother **Peter** and their little sister, **Phyllis** live with their parents in London. They have a big, attractive home with a large garden. One terrible day, two men take their father away from home. The children do not know where he is going or why. The children move from the city with their mother to a small house near a **railway line**. The family are poor and life is very different for them. The children have lots of adventures near the railway line. A kind old man, who travels on the train every day, becomes their friend. The old man helps the family in many ways. He helps their father too, because their father is in **prison** for something he did not do. Finally, their father comes home. The family is so happy to be together again at last.





Exercise on vocabulary

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

- 1 .He was sent toas he did something wrong
a. school b.bank c.garden d. prison
- 2 .He went to.because he killed the old woman .
a. prison b. the hospital c. the mosque d. the prison
- 3 .I.....some jobs at home .
a. do b. has c. does d. makes
- 4 .We get water from a.....near our house .
a. tape b. tap c. tip d. tick
- 5 .I help my mother.....breakfast in the morning .
a. do b. make c. has d. had
1. A.....is a place where people go when they do something wrong.
a. park b. prison c. funfair d. club
2. The metal road that a train travels on is a.....line.
a. railway b. high way c. smart way d. home way
3.people are people without enough money.
a. Rich b. Happy c. Wealthy d. Poor
4.means beautiful and nice.
a. Lazy b. Silly c. ugly d. attractive
5. Very big means.....
a. tall b. small c. large d. tiny
6. Very bad means.....
a. terrible b. attractive c. interesting d. modern
7. To give food to a person or an animal is to.....
a. feel b. fail c. feed d. fan
8. Something we turn on or off to get water is a
a. trip b. tap c. to d. job
9. Ia room with my sister.
a. steal b. share c. shake d. shape
10. I like.....I enjoy travelling to new places.
a. sleeping b. adventures c. theft d. death
11. My six - - old daughter likes swimming.
a. year b. years c. years' d. year's
12. She went to.....because she killed the man.
a. prison b. theatre c. cinema d. tent
13. I went to the library to.....some books.
a. steal b. speak c. borrow d. lend
14. Life in the.....is quiet.
a. city b. town c. countryside d. train station
- 15 He used ato cut meat.
a. knife b. wool c. paper d. kite





16. It was dark, I can't.....the thief.
 a. describe b. sees c. watches d. helps
17. The young girl likes to.....chickens.
 a. feel b. food c. feed d. fail
18. Imy sandwiches with my friend Ali.
 a. share b. shave c. shake d. shook
19. I live.....my family in Cairo.
 a. in b. on c. at d. with
20. I had some cakes with a.....of tea
 a. cap b. cube c. tube d. cup

Questions with Can, Shall & Have got

1 - نستخدم (Can) للتعبير عن القدرة أو الاستطاعة ويأتي بعدها مصدر بدون اضافات وفي السؤال بمعنى هل يكون الشكل كالآتي بمعنى هل تستطيع

Can + مصدر + فاعل?

Can you speak English?
 Yes, I can.
 No, I can't.

2 - نستخدم (Shall) للاقتراح وكذلك عرض المساعدة

Shall we watch a film?
 Shall I carry the bag?

3 - للسؤال عن الملكية بمعنى هل يمتلكه نستخدم

Have + فاعل + got.....?
 Has + فاعل + got.....?

Have you got a mobile?
 Yes, I have.
 No, I haven't.

Has Ali got glasses?
 Yes, he has.
 No, he hasn't.

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

- 1 She got a dress?
 a. Do b. Have c. Has d. Does
- 2 She can.....English.
 a. read b. reading c. reading d. to read
3. Shall we..... the zoo?
 a. visited b. visit c. visits d. visiting
4. She can't.....easily.
 a. walks b. walking c. walked d. walk





5. Can a baby fly? - No, a baby.....

a. can b. can't c. should d. must

6. Have you.....a tablet?

a. get b. gets c. got d. getting

7. She.....got few friends.

a. has b. have c. is d. can

8.I carry your bag?

a. Has b. Have c. Are d. Shall

9.he got a friend? - Yes, he has.

a. Has b. Have c. Did d. Does

10. She.....see, she is blind.

a. can b. can't c. must d. has

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1.(Does) Salma got a car?

2.(Are) you got new friends?

3. Shall I.....(helped) them?

4. Can she.....(catching) fish?

5. Have they(get) a flat?

Writing

1-My name's Ali.

3- There is a big garden in my house.

5- There is a fountain in the garden.

7- I grow a lot of vegetables and fruit.

9- I drink tea in the garden.

11- I have a beautiful bedroom.

13- I have a lamp on my desk.

2- I live with my family in a big house.

4- There a lot of flowers in our garden.

6- I water the flowers every day.

8- I have breakfast in the garden

10- I play with my sister in the garden.

12- There is a desk and chair in my room.

14- I share a room with my brother / sister.

Exercise on lessons 3 & 4 :

1-Complete the following dialogue:

Ali : What time (1) your brother get up?

Hassan : He gets up at seven o'clock.

Ali : How does he (2) to school every day?

Hassan : He goes there bus every day.

Ali : How (3) lessons does he have?

Hassan : (4) has nine lessons a day.

Ali : What subject does he (5) most?

Hassan : He likes English.





2-choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1-The farmer doesn't need to... his goats, as they can find their food in the mountains.

- a. cakes b. vegetables c. fruits d. drinks

2 .My uncle has ain the garden and he uses it to water his plants.

- a) tap b) tip c) tape d) tube

3 .Hassan forgot to bring any food for the picnic, but he can.....our food.

- a.share b.feed c.shade d wash

4 .On a weekend, I visit my grandparents.

- a. careful b. typical c. helpful d. famous

5-A.....is a place where people go when they do something wrong

- a. school b.bank c garden d prison

6-The weathercolder.

- a. became b.spent c had d. went

7-.....children like playing computer games?

- a. Does b. Do c. Are d.Were

8-Does Alllunch with his family?

- a has always b have always c always have d always has

9.thiscuts well , doesn't it?

- a. spoon b. knife c. fork d.brush

10.Amal.....to her school on foot.

- a) goes usually b) usually goes c) go usually d) usually go

3-Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1(Do) your father a good teacher?

2 .Parents..... (not) like fish.

3 .How(does) sherifa and her brothers get to school?

4 My dally routine (has) the same every school day ?

4-Write a paragraph of (90) words on:

Your house

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





Vocabulary

Lessons (5&6)

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
lamp	مصباح	mirror	مرآة	attractive	جذاب
basin	حوض	carpets	سجاد	bookshelf	رف الكتب
curtains	ستائر	armchair	كرسي بمسند	matches	يطابق / يتعاضى مع
wardrobe	دولاب ملابس	floor	أرضية	sofa	كنبة
chest of drawers	دولاب ذات ادراج	socks	شراب	bathroom	حمام
information	معلومات	grey	رمادي	believe	يعتقد / يؤمن
covered	مغطى	cushions	مخدات	tables	توابيزات
gold	الذهب	wood	خشب	metal	معن
belong to	يخص / ينتمي الى	furniture	أثاث	sunlight	ضوء الشمس
antiquities	تحف	expensive	غالي	clothes	ملابس
nature	الطبيعة	downstairs	الطابق السفلي	nearby	قريب
reserves	محميات	break	راحة	pen friend	صديق مراسلة

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
read	يقرأ	read	read
make	يصنع	made	made
tell	يخبر	told	told
break	يكسر	broke	broken

Definitions

basin	حوض	a container where you wash your face.
lamp	مصباح	an object that produces light
curtains	ستائر	cloth put on windows to keep light out
mirror	مرآة	a piece of special glass that you can look at and see yourself in
carpets	سجاد	something for covering floors or stairs
armchair	كرسي بمسند	a comfortable chair with sides that you can rest your arms on
wardrobe	دولاب ملابس	a large cupboard that you hang clothes in

Expressions

wooden furniture	أثاث خشبي	on Saturdays	في أيام السبت
on the front	في الأمام	able to + مصدر	قادر على
in a flat	في شقة	want to + مصدر	يريد
do homework	يعمل الواجب	thanks for	يشكر على
look out of	ينظر من	get up at	يستيقظ الساعة كذا
play computer games	يلعب ألعاب كمبيوتر	makes breakfast	يصنع الفطار
made from wood	مصنوع من الخشب	on the floor	على الأرضية
covered in gold	مغطى بالذهب	tell about	يحكي أو يخبر عن





read in bed	يقرأ في سريره	match the carpet	يطابق السجادة
on the window	على الشباك	the best thing is	أفضل شيء هو
with the curtains open	المتأخر تكون مفتوحة	far from	بعيد عن



Language Notes

- wood** خشب / **wooden** خشبي (مصنوع من الخشب)
 > Wood is used for making many things.
 > Wooden furniture was expensive.
- look at** ينظر الى / **look out of** يطلع من
 > Look at the curtains on the window.
 > He looked out of the window to see the sky.
- belong to** الى ينتمي او يخص = **(be) owned by**
 > This car belongs to my friend.
 > My friend owns this car.
- break** يكسر / **break** فسخة او راحة
 > He fell and broke his leg.
 > We play in the playground during the break.
- get up** يستيقظ / **get to + مكان** يصل الى
 > I get up at about 7 o'clock.
 > We will get to Cairo soon.

Listening:

Boy : My room is small, but it's really attractive. I have a lamp on a bookshelf next to my bed so I can read at night. I have a wardrobe with a mirror on the front, and my desk is under the window. Do you like my curtains? The colour matches the carpet. The best thing about my room is the sofa. I can sit there and read or watch videos on my computer.

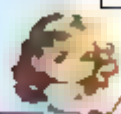


Girl : My bed is under the window. There are cushions on it. Sometimes I sleep with the curtains open because I like to look out of the window! I've got lots of books, and I like to sit and read in the big armchair. I keep some clothes in the chest of drawers. Our bathroom is downstairs, but I have a basin in my room, where I can wash my face before I go to bed.



Hi **Alex**

Thanks for being my pen friend. I'm from England, I get up at about **half past** seven, and then my mum makes breakfast for the family. I walk to school with my brother. Our school finishes at three o'clock. After school, we **sometimes** do sports or play music. I don't watch TV when I get home, I always do my homework, first. Tell me about your typical daily **routine** in Germany!





Dear **Rebecca**,

It is very nice to meet you. My name is Judy. I am from El **Fayoum**. It is a large city with beautiful nature reserves nearby. I live with my parents and my brother in a flat. My grandparents live in a flat downstairs.

On Saturdays, I usually get up early and help my grandmother with her shopping, then I read or do my homework. In the afternoons, I visit my friends or play computer games with my brother. My favourite subjects are maths and English. Thank you for being my pen friend. I am happy to be able to practise my English

I hope to hear from you soon,

Judy



Hi **Dan!**

Thanks for your email. In **Germany**, school starts very early in the morning. So I don't have breakfast before school. There is a 'breakfast break' after the first lesson. How many lessons does your school have every day?

Exercise on vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. A.....gives us light at home.

a. lamp

b. comb

c. lamb

d. camp

2. In my room, I have a small.....to wash my hands and face.

a. curtain

b. carpet

c. basin

d. pool

3. There is aof drawers where I put my clothes.

a. chase

b. choose

c. cheese

d. chest

4. People use aso that they can see themselves.

a. armchair

b. mirror

c. curtain

d. book

5.are put on windows to stop light.

a. curtains

b. carpets

c. beds

d. caves

6. He can't walk after the accident, so he uses an.

a. stick

b. armchair

c. stairs

d. lift

7. Although my room is small, it is.....I like it.

a. boring

b. messy

c. attractive

d. ugly

8. This mobile.....to my sister.

a. longs

b. belongs

c. steals

d. catches

9 We have beautiful.....at home It is new.

a. beds

b. curtains

c. carpets

d. furniture

10. El Fayoum has beautiful nature.. ..

a. reserves

b. surfs

c. carts

d. cars

11. There is a big.....on my floor.

a. curtain

b. carpet

c. basin

d. windows

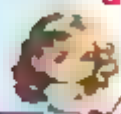
12. He.....in France with his family.

a. arrived

b. reached

c. got

d. gets





13. You must a ticket to go into the stadium.
a. serve b. reserve c. preserve d. surf
14. My favourite..... is lunch.
a. subject b. meal c. hobby d. colour
15. We can use a chest of drawers or a..... to keep our clothes.
a. armchair b. mirror c. wardrobe d. basin
16. There are curtains..... the windows of my flat.
a. in b. on c. under d. beside
17. He likes..... sports.
a. watch b. make c. practise d. doing
18. He wants..... abroad.
a. travel b. travels c. travelling d. to travel
19. I go to the club..... Saturdays.
a. in b. at c. with d. on
20. The curtains..... the carpets, they look attractive.
a. match b. hates c. dislikes d. unlike
21. This flat belongs my grandfather.
a. to b. in c. of d. on
22. They got..... Aswan yesterday.
a. at b. in c. up d. to
23. This chair is..... It is made of wood.
a. metal b. woolen c. wooden d. golden
24. We mustn't..... rules.
a. follow b. keep c. obey d. break
25. Don't look..... of the window or you might fall.
a. at b. in c. off d. out

Writing

- 1- I like my bedroom very much. ~~S U P P E R B O X~~
- 2- I have a big cupboard .
- 3- I always put my clothes in the cupboard .
- 4- I have a mirror in my bedroom .
- 5- I look at myself in the mirror .
- 6- The curtain matches the carpet.
- 7- I like to read on my armchair.
- 8- There is a big curtain on the window.
- 9- My room is small.
- 10- The best thing about my room is the sofa.
- 11- My bed is under the window
- 12- I keep some clothes in the chest of drawers.
- 13- It is very nice to meet you.
- 14- I am from El Fayoum.
- 15- I usually get up early
- 16- I read or do my homework.
- 17- My favourite subjects are maths and English.





Test Unit (1)

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. Mariam's routine isevery day.

- a. the same b. different c. difficult d. funny

2. Mariam has a friend called.....

- a. Mariam b. Ahmed c. Dina d. Basant

3. She goes to school by.....

- a. train b. bus c. car d. plane

4. Mariam and her friend sometimes

- a. walk b. listen to music c. sleep d. swim

2. Complete the following dialogue:

Waiter How can I help you?
 All I want to (1).....my lunch.
 Waiter Ok, Sir. (2)..... What would you like to have?
 All I would like to have fish?
 Waiter Anything with fish?
 All Yes, I want (3)..... and a salad.
 Waiter Ok. That is fish, rice and a salad.
 All Yes, How (4).....are they?
 Waiter They are 120 Egyptian (5).....
 All Ok, here you are.

3. Read the passage, then answer the questions:

I'm Hassan. My family lives in Alexandria, but my dad doesn't work in Egypt. He works in England. He went to the airport on Sunday evenings and he caught the plane to England. He will come home next month. On Saturday, I don't go to school, and my brother doesn't go to school as well. We play chess or go to the park. On Sunday mornings, we go swimming. My sister is three and she doesn't swim. She watches us. I hope to travel to England when I grow up to complete my study there. My father encourages me to do that.

a. Answer the following questions

1 .Where does Hassan's father work?

2 .Give a suitable title for the passage.

3 .How long will Hassan's father stay in England?

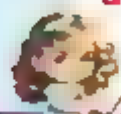
B) Choose the correct answer:

4 .The underlined pronoun "She" refers to....

- a. Hassan b. Hassan's father c. Hassan's sister d. Hassan's family

5 .When do they go to the park.....?

- a. On Sunday b. On Saturday c. Everyday d. On Wednesday



6 .Hassan hopes to travel to.....

- a. France b. England c. China d. KSA

4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. My routine starts at 7 a.m.

- a. daily b. dairy c. dial d. pile
 2.is the opposite of dirty or ugly.
 a. Active b. Terrible c. Attractive d. Sad
 3. She doesn't.....to school on foot
 a. go b. goes c. going d. went
 4. I always keep my clothes in a.....
 a. prison b. cinema c. carpet d. wardrobe
 5. The police arrested the thief and took him to.....
 a. prison b. funfair c. Dream Park d. theatre
 6. Has She.....a new bag?
 a. get b. gets c. getting d. got
 7. The.....broke , so there was glass everywhere.
 a. carpet b. curtain c. mirror d. comb
 8. Myof flats is over there.
 a. black b. blog c. log d. block
 9. He.....walk, so he uses a wheelchair.
 a. can b. can't c. dont d. hasn't
 10. In the library, they keep the books on.....
 a. windows b. wardrobes c. bookshelves d. glasses

5. Complete the sentences with the correct form:

1. She(always is) clever at helping people.

2. He usually.....(arrive) on time.

3.(Have) Ali got a camera?

4. The man can.....**(drives)** carefully

6. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

"Your bedroom"



Unit 2 (How are you feeling?)

Vocabulary

Lesson 1 & 2 :

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
park	حديقة / بركن للسيارة	food stall	كشك بيع الطعام	nurse	ممرضة
sign language	لغة الإشارة	make sure	يتأكد	jobs	وظائف
ward	عنبر / جناح	patients	المرضى	rest	راحة / يرتاح
police officer	ضابط شرطة	deaf	أصم (لا يسمع)	bored	يشعر بالملل
call - centre worker	موظف مركز الاتصالات	computer engineer	مهندس كمبيوتر	hungry	جائع
shop worker	بائع في محل	sewing	الخياطة	breakfast	الإفطار
repair	يصلح	skill	مهارة	ready	جاهز / مستعد
calligraphy	فن الخط	problem	مشكلة	tin	علبة صفيح
communicate	يتواصل	tourist	سائح	beans	فول
surprise	مفاجأة	flat	شقة	present	هدية
neighbour	جار	kitchen	مطبخ	keyboard	لوحة مفاتيح
cook	طبخ	art club	نادي فنون	top	القمة
boat	قارب	artist	فنان	shelf	رف
sail	يسبحر	traditional	تقليدي	quite	إلى حد ما

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
catch	يمسك - يصطاد	caught	caught
drive	يسوق / يقود	drove	driven
spend	يقضي / ينفق	spent	spent
sew	بحيط	sewed	sewn
sleep	ينام	slept	slept

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
busy	مشغول	crowded	empty	فارغ
safe	آمن	protected	dangerous	خطير
lazy	كسول	inactive	active	نشط
bored	مائل	uninteresting	excited	متحمس

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
lazy		inactive	active	
busy		crowded	empty	





boring		uninterested	excited	
safe		protected	dangerous	

Definitions

park	يركن	to put a car or other vehicle in a particular place for a period of time
sign language	لغة الإشارة	a way to communicate with deaf people
ward	عبر	a large room in a hospital for people who are ill
deaf	أصم	unable to hear anything or unable to hear well
communicate	يتواصل	to exchange information with others by writing or speaking
skill	مهرة	an ability to do something well
sewing	الخيطة	the activity or skill of making or repairing clothes
calligraphy	فن الخط	beautiful writing by using special pens or brushes



Language Notes

1. **everyone** + فعل مفرد

Everyone is staying at home.

2. **Look after** يعتنى به / **look for** يبحث عن / **look forward to** + V+ Ing يتطلع الى

A nurse looks after patients.

I am looking for my book.

I am looking forward to having my breakfast.

3. **make sure** = **be sure** يأكد

He is making sure that the door is closed.

4. **start to** + مصدر or **V + ing** يبدأ

People start to buy food early.

He started doing his homework.

5. **feel** + صفة يشعر بـ.....

I am feeling cold and hungry.

6. **have a problem with** تقيية مشكلة في / مع

I have a problem with my computer.

7. **seem** + **to** + مصدر يبدو ...

He seems to be ill and tired.

8. **other** + اسم جمع آخرون * **other** آخرون لا يأتي بعدها اسم

Some children are reading, other children are playing.

Some children are reading, others are playing.

9. **live with** + شخص / عائلة يعيش مع * **live in** + مكان يعيش في مكان

I live with my family in Cairo.

10. **quite** + صفة الى حد ما * **quiet** هاديء * **quit** خروج / هروب

Ali is quite lazy on Friday

This place is quiet, let's sit here.





11 قبل ايام الاسبوع يأتي حرف الجر (on) وقبل الساعات يأتي (at) وقبل الشهور والسنوات يأتي (in) وكذلك قبل فترات النهار مثل كلمة (the morning)

He watches TV on Friday.

He will arrive at 7 p.m.

She gets up early in the morning.

ولكن لاحظ الاتي جيداً

I am having my lesson on Saturday morning.

He works at night

12 **spend + وقت + V + ing** يقضي وقت * **spend money on + شيء** * **spend money to + مصدر**

He spent 2 hours watching the film.

She spends much money on clothes.

13 **communicate with + شخص** يتواصل مع ... * **communicate in + لغة** يتواصل بلغة كذا

I communicate with my friends in English.

14 **too** ايضاً تأتي في اخر الجملة المنفية * **either** ايضاً تأتي في اخر الاسئلة واخر السؤا

He is learning sign language, too.

She doesn't like fish, either.

Reading

3 a.m in Cairo

A. I'm looking after patients at a hospital. It's very busy. I'm looking after children in the children's ward. I like my job, but I'm feeling tired tonight. I'm looking forward to going home and having a rest.

Amal

B. We're driving around the city and making sure that people are safe in the streets.

We aren't very busy tonight. It's cold, so everyone is staying at home. Adel's feeling a bit bored and I'm feeling hungry. I'm looking forward to breakfast!

Imad and Adel

C. I'm parking my food stall here because it's the best place in the city. Lots of people and tourists come this way. People start to buy their breakfast at 6 am. I'm getting everything ready. I'm feeling cold and I'm looking forward to drinking some hot coffee!

Kamal

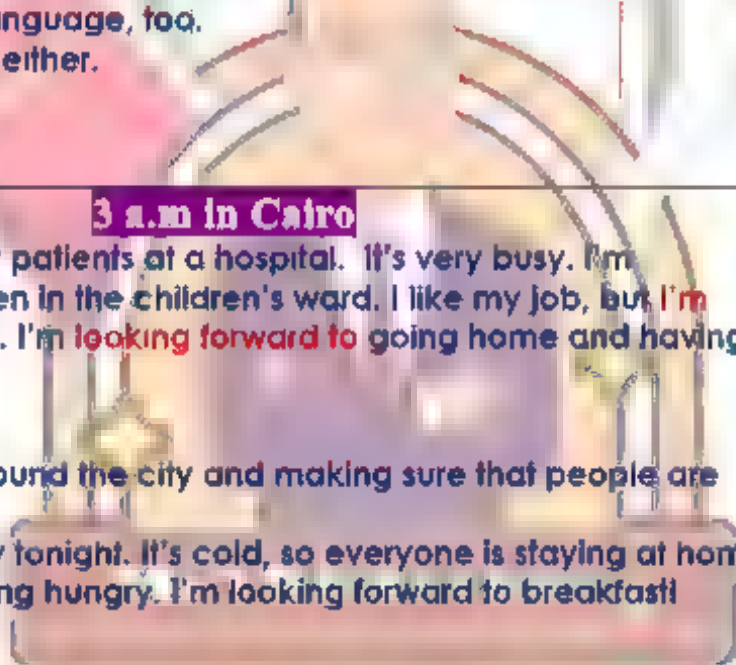
Man (1) I am sorry, sir, but you can't leave your car here .

Woman (1) There seem to be a problem with the keyboard, but it won't take me long .

Woman (2) Good morning, this is Dina speaking, how can I help you?

Man (2) Are you looking for tins of beans? You can find them on the top shelf, over there.

Hi, I am Ziad. I live with my mum and dad in a small flat in Minya. At the weekend, I am usually quite lazy.





On Friday evening, my parents and I usually have a big dinner with my grandparents and we sometimes stay at their house. It's bigger than our flat. On Saturday morning, I often stay in bed and then I have a late breakfast with my grandmother - she is a **fantastic** cook. In the afternoon, I do my homework.

Hello, I am **Injy** and this is my sister Aya. We live near the sea. My father and my uncle have an old boat which they are repairing. I am learning to sail but Aya doesn't like the water very much! At the weekend, we do our homework and on Saturday we sometimes spend time with our father and uncle on their boat.

Listening

Tamer : I'm Tamer, At the moment I'm learning a new **skill**. I'm learning sign language so I can **communicate** better with my cousin, Sami. Sami is deaf - he can't hear. He's learning sign language at school, too. I'm having sign language lessons on Saturday morning so I can give Sami a **surprise**!



Eman : I'm Eman. At the weekend, I'm learning to do lots of new things. Our **neighbour**, Mr Osman, is in hospital at the moment. With some other neighbours in our building, we're repairing his flat. He lives in a lovely flat, but he can't look after it at the moment. My sisters and I are painting the kitchen and I am also **sewing** some new **curtains**.



Manal : I'm Manal. Mona and I are starting a **calligraphy** and art club at school. We're very excited about it. My uncle is an artist and he's coming to the school to teach us. We're studying **traditional** Arabic calligraphy and we're enjoying it very much. I'm making a **calligraphy** book for my uncle as a present.

Exercise on vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. Sick people always stay **at** in hospitals. ———

- a. word b. ward c. work d. tent

2. He has a food.....in our street.

- a. stall b. steal c. still d. stood

3. You mustn't.....your car here.

- a. bark b. drives c. makes d. park

4. Deaf people uselanguage to communicate

- a. site b. sail c. size d. sign

5. Special pens and brushes are used to make beautiful writing known as

- a. biography b. photography c. calligraphy d. grams

6. Azza is good at..... new clothes with a needle.

- a. washing b. buying c. sailing d. sewing

7. I need tomy tablet, it has stopped working.





- a. damage b. repair c. mend d. B & C
8. Mazin is.....he can't hear well.
a. blind b. deaf c. lame d. sunny
9. Iwith others in English
a. communicate b. fight c. fire d. fail
10. My little brother is very..He always wants to stay at home and watch TV.
a. clever b. active c. intelligent d. lazy
11. We need a computer engineer to.....our computer, it doesn't work.
a. repair b. destroy c. kill d. steal
12. Shady is deaf, but he understands us because we use.....
a. sign language b. glasses c. trousers d. books
13. It is usually easy to.....with people in other countries if you speak English.
a. plays b. helps c. communicate d. fight
14. How often do you.....dinner?
a. make b. has c. eats d. clean
15. Nabila feels ill, so she is.....in bed this morning.
a. staying b. spending c. cleaning d. making
16. I usually.....time with my cousins.
a. stay b. spend c. clean d. do
17. What time do you.....your homework?
a. do b. make c. writes d. spend
18. She is.....a calligraphy book for her uncle as a present.
a. making b. doing c. spending d. baking
19. Police officers make.....that people are safe.
a. sure b. shore c. shade d. shave
20. My grandmother is a clever.....
a. cooker b. cook c. oven d. stove

Present continuous

المضارع المستمر

1 - يتكون المضارع المستمر كالآتي

فاعل + am / is / are + V + ing

He is doing his homework now.

You are speaking too fast.

I am painting the wall.

2 في حالة النفي نضع (not) بعد (am - is - are)

She is not sleeping at the moment.

They are not watching TV, they are reading.

3 في حالة السؤال بمعنى هل يكون الشكل كالآتي





Am / Is / Are + فاعل + v + ing?

Are you cooking food?

Yes, I am.

No, I am not.

4 - في حالة السؤال بكلمة استفهام يكون الشكل كالآتي

am / is / are + فاعل + V + ing?

Where are you going?

I am going to the zoo.

What is she doing?

She is watching the film.

5 - يستخدم المضارع المستمر مع الكلمات الآتية للتعبير عن حدث مستمر أو يقع الآن

now / look / listen / at the moment / still / be careful

I am watching the film now.

Listen! they are singing.

6 - يستخدم المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن الترتيبات النهائية (arrangements)

I am travelling to Aswan next week. It is arranged.

She is meeting her friends in two hours.

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. Look! the boys with matches.

a. play b. played c. plays d. are playing

2. I am busy at the moment. I the email.

a. write b. writing c. am writing d. wrote

3. We are doing an experiment and notes.

a. make b. made c. makes d. making

4. I my cousins tomorrow, we have arranged everything.

a. will meet b. am going meet c. am meeting d. meet

5. Basant is to Luxor next month.

a. travelling b. travels c. travel d. travelled

6. Where is Ali? in his room. He his homework.

a. does b. do c. have done d. is doing

7. The temperature is higher.

a. get b. gets c. got d. getting

8. What is she in the kitchen?

a. cook b. cooked c. cooks d. cooking

9. Tamer a new skill at the moment.

a. learn b. learns c. learnt d. is learning

10. Eman and her neighbours Mr Osman's flat now.





- a. repairing b. are repairing c. repair d. repaired

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. He (is owning) a car.
2. They are (wait) for the bus
3. Listen! the girl is (sing).
4. Is he (has) his dinner?
5. The woman is (cross) the street

Writing

- 1- At the moment I'm learning a new skill.
- 2- I am looking after patients at a hospital.
- 3- I am feeling tired tonight.
- 4- We aren't very busy tonight.
- 5- I am feeling hungry.
- 6- I am feeling cold.
- 7- I am usually quite lazy.
- 8- she is a fantastic cook.
- 9- We live near the sea.
- 10- My father and my uncle have an old boat.
- 11- I am learning to sail.
- 12- We sometimes spend time with our father and uncle.

Exercise on lessons 1 & 2

1- Complete the following dialogue:

Emad : What is your father's job, Adham?

Adham : He is a (1) 

Emad : (2) does he work?

Adham : He works in (3) a

Emad : What (4) he do?

Adham : He teaches Arabic to students.

Emad : Does he (5) his work?

Adham : Yes, he likes his work very much.

2-choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1-Shady is deaf, but he understands us because we use.....

- a. food stall b. colours c. sign language d. sports

2-Nabila feels ill, so she is in bed this morning.

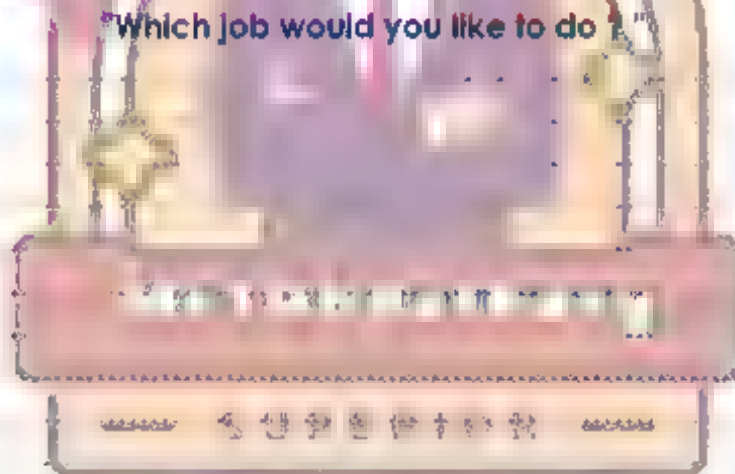




- a. staying b. spending c. cleaning d. making
- 3-On Saturday, I usually..... time with my cousins. WB
- a. make b. spend c. do d. stay
- 4-What time do you..... your homework after school?
- a. make b. clean c. do d. stay
- 5-It is usually easy to..... with people in other countries if you speak English.
- a. repair b. spend c. write d. communicate
6. My TV is broken. Can you it?
- a) make b) do c) play d) repair
7. That girl is, so she cannot hear you.
- a. blind b. intelligent c. tired d. deaf
- 8-Basel is a computer engineer. He usually computers.
- a. repair b. is repairing c. repairing d. repairs
- 9-The police officer..... a school today. WB
- a. visiting b. visits c. is visiting d. visit
- 10-Nader..... in the shop, but his brother is ill so he is helping there today.
- a. isn't usually working b. not usually work
- c don't usually work d doesn't usually work

3-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

"Which job would you like to do ?"





Vocabulary

Lessons 3 & 4:

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
desert	الصحراء	towards	نحو اتجاه	guests	ضيوف
teenager	مراهق	wedding	حفل زفاف	though	بالرغم من
normal	طبيعي	careless	مهمل	party	حفلة
alone	بفرد	nature	الطبيعة	husband	زوج
grateful	ممتن	weeding	إزالة الأعشاب الضارة	trip	رحلة قصيرة
sharp	حاد	aged	في عمر سن	mountains	جبال
striped	مخطط	skin	جلد	scuba diving	الغوص تحت الماء
rocks	صخور	eldest	الأكبر سن	sweet	حلوى لطيف
hungrily	بشراهة	selfie	صورة سيلفي	laugh	يضحك
airport	مطار	face	وجه	loudly	بصوت عالي
enough	كاف	hill	تل	funny	مضحك
foreground	المقدمة	friends	اصدقاء	middle	وسط
background	الخلف	National	قومي وطني	the left	اليسار
the right	اليمنى	kind	نوع طيب	abnormal	شاذ غير طبيعي
pleased	مسرور	geese	أور	palm trees	شجر النخيل
traffic	الممرور	vulture	نسر	Nature reserve	محمية طبيعية
fountain	نافورة	sand dunes	كثبان رملية	coral	المرجان
guide	مرشد	peninsula	شبة جزيرة	air balloon	مظطاد

Irregular Verbs

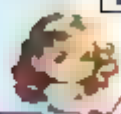
Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
buy	يشترى	bought	bought
get	يحصل على	got	got
leave	يعادر	left	left

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	الدعوى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
normal	طبيعي	usual	abnormal	غير عادي
remember	يتذكر	recall	forget	ينسى
friendly	ودود	kind	unfriendly	غير ودود
wrong	خطأ	incorrect	Correct-right	صحيح صواب

Definitions

desert	الصحراء	a large area of land where it is always very hot and dry
wedding	حفل زفاف	a marriage ceremony احتفال
weeding	إزالة الأعشاب الضارة	removing unwanted plants from a garden or other place
normal	طبيعي	usual, or expected
teenager	مراهق	someone who is between 13 and 19 years old





alone	بمفردة	there is no one with you
striped	محطط	having lines or lines of colour
grateful	ممتن	feeling that you want to thank someone because of something kind

Expressions

at the end of	في نهاية	take a photo	يلتقط صورة
next to	بجوار	buy for	يشترى شيء لـ
on a school trip	في رحلة مدرسية	in the foreground	في الأمام
sit on rocks	يجلس على الصخور	in the background	في الخلف
get up	يستيقظ	towards the right	نحو اليمين
in the morning	في الصباح	take a selfie	يأخذ صورة سيلفي
sit under a tree	يجلس تحت الشجرة	on the left	على اليسار
at the airport	في المطار	get ready	يستعد
get on a plane	يركب طائرة	get worried	يقلق
get rest	يرتاح	make new friends	يلتقي على اصدقاء جدد
much happier	أكثر سعادة	be grateful	ممتن للجميل
spend time with	يقضي وقت مع	one of the best	واحد من أفضل
do well	يؤدي جيدا	get texts from	يقتلبي رسائل من



Language Notes

1. trip / voyage / flight رحلة عمل / رحلة بحرية / رحلة جوية

- > We went on a school trip last week.
- > Our voyage by ship was wonderful.
- > The flight by plane took 2 hours.

2. get / get on / get off / get to يحصل على / يركب / يتركب / يصل الى

- > I will get the prize next week.
- > They got to Aswan at 7 a.m.
- > The passengers got on the plane.
- > The man fell to the ground when he got off the bus.

3. get ready to + مصدر / get ready for + اسم (v+ing) يستعد

- > He is getting ready to take the photo.
- > She is getting ready for the exam.

4. make + مفعول + صفة / مصدر

- > He made us do homework again.
- > Helping people makes me happy.

5. remember / remind يذكر / يذكر بـ

- > I remember visiting the zoo when I was young.
- > Please, remind me of the next meeting

6. experience / experiment تجربة عظمية / خبرة في العمل او الحياة او تجربة شخصية

- > Do you have some work experience?





➤ Our science teacher helps us do the experiment in the laboratory.

7. **every day** كل يوم / **everyday** + اسم يومي

➤ I go to school every day.

➤ He is good at solving everyday problems.

8. **bank** ضفة نهر أو بحيرة / **beach** شاطئ البحر

➤ We walked along the bank of the Nile.

➤ We spend some nice time on the beach.

9 **thank for** يشكر على / **thanks to + v + ing** / اسم بسبب أو بفضل..

➤ Thank you for helping me.

➤ He got the best mark thanks to studying hard.

10 - يوجد بعض الكلمات التي لها جمع ثابت

أوز
أرغفة

goose
loaf

وزة
رغيف عيش

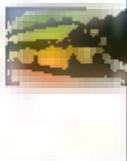
geese
loaves

Listening:

Girl (1) This is a photo of my sister's wedding. It is at the end of the day and the guests are slowly leaving. Most of the family are still there, though, and still enjoying the party. That's my sister smiling happily at the camera and the man next to her is Youssef, her new husband.



Boy (1) That's my class on our school trip to the mountains. We're sitting carefully on the rocks because they are very sharp! We got up at 5 o'clock in the morning and walked for hours and hours. You can't see me in this picture. I'm sitting under a tree and hungrily eating my lunch.



Boy (2) This me at the airport. I'm waiting excitedly to get on a plane for the first time! My family were with me but you can't see them because my sister is taking the photo while my parents are quickly buying some sandwiches for us to eat on the plane.



Girl (2) This is my aunt's new baby. Isn't she sweet? She is laughing loudly in this picture because she can see my aunt's cat. She always laughs when she sees this cat, she thinks it's very funny.



Lesson 3 SB page 17:

This is a photo of my family in Al **Azhar Park** in Cairo. My mother and my sisters are sitting under a tree in the **foreground** of the photo. In the background, you can see the **Umm Sultan Shaban Mosque**. The tree is towards the right of the photo and my eldest sister Reem is sitting in front of it. Our mother is behind her - we can't see her face. My middle sister Taia is in the middle of the picture. She is taking a **selfie** as usual! Our aunt is behind them, down the hill and on the left, I think she is getting ready to take a photo, too.





Reading:

Happiness for teenagers

It's normal to get worried or to feel sad sometimes - but what helps teenagers to feel happy? We found five things that can help.

1. Teenagers often don't sleep enough, but this is a time in your life when you need a lot of sleep. Young people who sleep eight to ten hours a night are much happier.
2. It's good to be **alone** sometimes, but people need people. Spend time with your family and also try to make new friends because this makes teenagers happy.
3. People need **nature** to be happy. Go to the desert or the river or, if you live in the city, go to a park.
4. When you do something kind for someone else, this makes you feel happy, too. Try it! You feel really good.
5. One of the best ways to be happy is to remember the good things in your life and feel **pleased** about them.



Dear Help! Magazine

I am a normal teenager but I often feel worried about things. Every day, I stay at home and do my homework. Then I get texts from my friends and they say they are all doing exciting things! What am I doing wrong? I do well at school and I enjoy my weekends with my family. We often go to the park or the beach, but I sometimes think that my friends are having a better time than me. Please, Can you help me?
Yours,

Osama

Dear Osama

Thank you for writing to us and yes, we will try to help you. It is normal to think that other people are doing more exciting things than you, but remember you are wrong! your friends probably feel worried, just like you. When you go to the park or the beach, do you send photos to your friends? They probably think you are having a better time than they are! Remember that we all work and relax at different times. Be grateful for the good things in your life and continue to work hard!

Yours truly, help! magazine

Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. Life in the..... is difficult, it is dry and hot.

- a. sea b. desert c. cinema d. village

2. My brothers are 15 years old, they are.....

- a. babies b. aged c. teenagers d. dead

3. The zebra is a..... animal.

- a. striped b. old c. space d. sea

4. Be careful, the knife is.....

- a. shade b. blunt c. tiny d. sharp

5. We should be.....to kind things in our life,





- a. unkind b. angry c. careless d. grateful
- 6 Farmers are.....harmful plants from the field.
- a. wedding b. weeding c. reading d. swimming
7. His parents died. Now, he lives in the flat.
- a. alone b. along c. ashore d. ahead
8. It is.....to feel tired after working hard.
- a. normal b. abnormal c. difficult d. impossible
- 9 I like....., I enjoy flowers and the sea.
- a. technology b. nature c. school d. prison
10. I'd like to invite you to my sister's....., she is marrying next week.
- a. wedding b. weeding c. funeral d. mineral
11. You can catch a plane from an.....
- a. prison b. uniform c. port d. airport
12. When you invite a person to your house, they are your
- a. shop worker b. guest c. host d. enemy
13. When you go on holiday, you can put your clothes in a.....
- a. suitcase b. suit c. pool d. socks
14. When two people get married, they have a
- a. birthday b. fight c. wedding d. wedding
15. The skin of a zebra is.....
- a. baked b. parked c. striped d. stepped
16. If you are tired, why don't you.....a rest.
- a. be b. are c. have d. has
17. I feel.....happier when I help someone.
- a. many b. much c. to d. few
18. The passengers are ready to get.....the plane to fly.
- a. off b. on c. in d. under
19.new friends is a good way to be happy.
- a. Making b. Fighting c. Killing d. Leaving
20. Our house is.....the right.
- a. in b. of c. on d. under

Adverbs of manner | ظروف الحال

الصفة (adjective) تصف الاسم أم الحال (adverb) يصف الفعل و غالبا يأتي بعده

1 - تتكون معظم الاحول بضافة (ily) او (ily) للصفة

quick	سريع	quickly	يسرعه
bad	سيء	badly	يشكل مميء
quiet	هادئ	quietly	بهذوء
careful	حريص	carefully	بحرص

2 اذآ التوت الصفة بـ (y) قبلها حرف ساكن نتحف (y) ونضيف (ily)

heavy	ثقل	heavily	يشده
easy	سهل	easily	يسهولة





3 الصفات المنتهية بـ (ic) نضيف للصفة (ally)

dramatic	درامي	dramatically	بشكل درامي
magic	سحري	magically	بشكل سحري

4 يوجد أحوال شاذة لا تتبع القاعدة السابقة

good	جيد	well	جيداً
------	-----	------	-------

- > He is a good football player
- > He plays football well.

5 - بعض الكلمات تستخدم كصفة وحال مثل

fast	early	high	right
hard	late	low	wrong

- > He is a fast runner. (صفة)
- > He runs fast. (حال)
- > She is a hard worker. (صفة)
- > She works hard. (حال)

6 - معلومة هامة جداً جداً الصفات المنتهية بـ (ly) مثل

friendly	silly	lonely	deadly	lovely
----------	-------	--------	--------	--------

in a + صفة + way / manner

- > He is a silly speaker.
- > He speaks in a silly way.

7 - معلومة هامة جداً، بعد الأفعال الآتية يأتي صفة وليس حال

look	يبدو	seem	يبدو	feel	يشعر
------	------	------	------	------	------

- > This fish smells bad.
- > That looks good.

8 - ملخص هام عند الاختيار أو التصحيح إذا جاءت سمعة بمعنى يكون نحذر (صفة) وإذا جاءت بمعنى فعل نختار (حال)

- > He is a careful driver.
- > He is driving carefully. (يكون)

9 - للسؤال عن الحال أو الكيفية نستخدم (How) وتكون الإجابة (بحال)

- > How do they sing? - They sing loudly.
- > How does she cook? - She cooks well.

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d :

- He is a.....swimmer.
a. well b. good c. badly d. quietly
- He plays football.....
a. good b. bad c. well d. clever
- It is a.....computer.
a. fast b. quickly c. hardly d. well
- She is clever . She studies.....
a. hard b. good c. bad d. hardly
- He was talking in a.....way.
a. friend b. friendly c. friends d. unfriendly
- This is atrain.
a. slowly b. quickly c. slow d. happily





7. The bird sings.
 a. happy b. unhappy c. sad d. happily
8. He is playing.....
 a. good b. clever c. cleverly d. bad
9. She speaks English.....
 a. fluent b. fluently c. influent d. fluency
10. He drives..... He makes many mistakes
 a. careful b. carefully c. careless d. carelessly
11. The food looks.....
 a. bad b. badly c. well d. happily
12. Dalia speaks.....English.
 a. well b. good c. badly d. quietly
13. Dalia speaks English.....
 a. good b. well c. bad d. quiet
14. In March it often rains.....
 a. heavy b. slow c. quick d. heavlly
15. What is the matter, he looks.....
 a. anger b. angry c. happily d. patiently

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. It is important to drive (careful) when it is raining.
2. The children are singing.....(loud) in the playground.
3. That bird is flying very.....(quick).
4. Our football team will win because they are playing very.....(good).
5. Ahmed went into the new school.....(sad).
6. She is a(well) cook.

Writing

- 1- Teenagers often don't sleep enough.
- 2- Spend time with your family.
- 3- People need nature to be happy.
- 4- Remember the good things in your life and feel pleased about them.
- 5- This is a photo of my sister's wedding.
- 6- That's my class on our school trip to the mountains.
- 7- This me at the airport.
- 8- This is my aunt's new baby.
- 9- This is a photo of my family.
- 10-My mother and my sisters are sitting under a tree in the foreground.
- 11- In the background, you can see the Umm Sultan Shaban Mosque.
- 12- The tree is towards the right of the photo.
- 13- Talia is in the middle of the picture.
- 14- Reem is sitting in front of it.





Exercise on lessons 1 & 2

1-Complete the following dialogue:-

- Hany : Can I help you ,sir?
 Ahmed : Yes, please. I want to go to (1)
 Hany : You can go by. (2)
 Ahmed : (3) will it take to go ?
 Hany : About thirty minutes.
 Ahmed : Can I (4) ?
 Hany : By taxi I wonderful and faster.
 Ahmed : Can you tell me some places to visit in Egypt?
 Hany : (5)

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

- A isn't as high as a mountain.
 a) river b) hill c) sea d) lake
- I bought a modern mobile phone because I like selfies.
 a) doing b) sitting c) discussing d) taking
- I visited England the first time in 2018.
 a) for b) at c) out d) from
- If you are tired, why don't you a rest?
 a) make b) have c) be d) do
- In a school, students play games in a.
 a) playground b) theatre c) museum d) library
- There were trees in the of the picture.
 a) roof b) background c) underground d) farm
- Sara is sitting in the of the picture.
 a) moon b) medal c) metal d) middle
- When you go on holiday, you can put your clothes in a.
 a) suit b) pan c) pencil case d) suitcase
- The car moved the right not to hit the boy.
 a) towards b) about c) at d) of
- When two people get married, they have a.
 a) weeding b) prize c) medal d) wedding
- We went for a walk in Al-Azhar yesterday.
 a) Park b) Bark c) Theatre d) Cinema
- There were a lot of at the party yesterday.
 a) teams b) guests c) suitcases d) classes

3 Read and correct the underlined words:-

- I don't remember Mr. Hossam very good. (.....)
- This exercise is easily. (.....)
- You should study hardly (.....)
- He answered the test easy. (.....)
- The boy was sad because he sang bad (.....)





Vocabulary

Lessons 5, 6 & 7:

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
market	سوق	sailing	البحار	practice	تمرين ممارسة
guess	يخمن	share	يشارك	granddad	الجد
congratulations	تهانيف	summer	الصيف	again	مرة ثانية
pass	ينجح	test	اختبار	Maybe	ربما
miss	يفتقد	foreground	الاجهة المقدمة	team	فريق
trip	رحلة قصيرة	get better	يتحسن	coach	مدرب
amazing	مذهل	a pity	يالا الحسرة	week	صغيرف
news	اخبار	swimming	السباحة	exam	امتحان
don't worry	لا تقلق	beach	شاطيء	hope	يامل
empathy	تعطف	parents	الوالدين	science	علوم
shop	محل	photo	صورة	move	يتحرك
bicycle	دراجة	women	نساء	excited	مثير

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
come	يأتي	came	come
see	يرى	saw	seen
know	يعرف	knew	known
write	يكتب	wrote	written
buy	يشترى	bought	bought
sell	يبيع	sold	sold

Synonyms & Antonyms

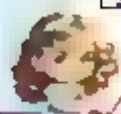
الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
useful	مفيد	helpful	useless	غير مفيد
cloudy	مقيم	gloomy	clear	صافي
online	متصل بالنت	connected	offline	غير متصل بالنت
funny	مضحك	amusing	serious	جاد - خطير

Definitions

guess	يخمن	to try to answer a question or form an opinion when you are not sure
coach	مدرب	someone who trains a person or team in a sport
pass	ينجح	to succeed in an exam or test

Expressions

sorry to hear that	اسف لسماع ذلك	congratulations!	تهانيف / مبروك
It's a pity	يالا الحسرة	I am happy for you	ان سعيد من اجلك
get better	يتحسن	much cleverer than	أكثر مهارة من
guess what!	خمن ماذا!	do homework	يقوم بعمل الواجب





That's great news	إنها أخبار عظيمة	How are things?	كيف تبدو الأمور؟
pass exam	ينجح في الامتحان	congratulations on	تهانئ على
go swimming	يذهب للسباحة	move to	ينتقل الى



Language Notes

1. **miss** يفقد أو يفقد شخص / **lose** يفقد أو يخسر

- I miss my mother very much.
- He was sad when he lost his mobile.

2. **congratulate** + **مفعول** + **on.....** يهنئ شخص على

- We congratulated Ali on winning the prize.
- Congratulations on passing your exam test.

3. **pass** في = **succeed in** + **اسم** / **v + ing**

- Basant passed her final exam.
- Basant succeeded in her final exam.

4 - قبل الألعاب الرياضية تستخدم الأفعال الإيجابية (**play / go / do**)

1 - قبل الألعاب الرياضية التي تلعب بالقدم أو به كرة مثل (**football**) تستخدم الفعل (**play**)

- We play football on Friday.
- They played tennis yesterday.

2 - قبل الألعاب المنتهية بـ (**ing**) مثل (**swimming**) تستخدم الفعل (**go**)

- Let's go swimming tomorrow.
- They went sailing yesterday.

3 - مع باقي الألعاب والألعاب الخفيفة نستخدم الفعل (**do**) حتى لو كانت منتهية بـ (**ing**)

- He likes doing sports.
- They do judo every day.
- She does boxing in the club.

Listening

(1)

Ali: Hi Yasser! Are you coming to football practice on Thursday?

Yasser: Oh Hello Ali No I can't come this week. My granddad is in hospital again. I have to look after my little brothers while my mum goes to visit him.

Ali: I'm sorry to hear that. I hope he gets better soon. It's a shame that you can't come. Maybe see you next Thursday, then.

Yasser: Thanks Ali.

(2)

Yasser: Hey Ali, Guess what I'm in the football team! The coach told me after football practice last night.

Ali: Well done, Yasser! That's great news





(3)

Hana: Hello Salma. How are you? Great to see you! How's it going at your new school? Are you enjoying it?

Salma: Hello Hana. Great to see you too! The new school is really hard! I don't know anyone, and I feel everyone is much cleverer than me. I have to do hours of homework every night

Hana: That must be difficult. But don't worry: I'm sure things will get better. Things will get better. You were always the best student in our class!

(4)

Hana: Hi Huda, How are things?

Huda: Hello Hana! Fine thanks. I passed my English exam !

Hana : Congratulations! I'm so happy for you. Everyone knows that's a really difficult exam.



Reading

Hi **Salma**

How are you? I hope you are enjoying your new school. We really miss you .

I am fine, but there is some bad news from school. Mrs Tahany is leaving! She is such as good science teacher and we are feeling very sad .

I have some good news, too. Guess what? My parents say I can go on the school trip to Amman. I am very excited! There are many amazing places to visit there. The trip is in March and I can't wait .

So what's your news? Write soon !

Injy

Listening (2)

Hi **Tarek**

How's it going? Congratulations on passing your maths test! Do you have more exams next term? The news from me is that we are moving to a new house! I'm so excited because my bedroom in the new house is very big. I've got some bad news, too. I'm sharing the room with my brother! But this is only for a week until his room is ready. I'm looking forward to meeting you in the summer. Do you want to go swimming or sailing at the beach this year? I can't wait to see you. Write soon!

Tamer

Exercise on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

1what ! I am in the football team.

a. Get

b. Guess

c. Less

d Sit

2 A..... trains a person or team in a sport.

a. trainee

b. guest

c. coach

d sailor

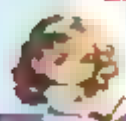
3. To.....means to succeed in an exam or test.

a. pass

b. fail

c. miss

d lose





4. We.....her on her marriage.
a. interested b. succeeded c. congratulated d. failed
5. We show.....when we hear bad news.
a. empathy b. laugh c. happiness d. eyes
6. I was happy when I passed my job.....
a. interview b. view c. queue d. few
7. It's a..... that you can't come.
a. pity b. bit c. bite d. pit
8. Well....., Yasser! That's great news!
a. done b. pity c. news d. back
9. A.....prepares food for people to eat.
a. baker b. street food seller c. farmer d. pilot
10.help to keep people safe in the streets.
a. Doctors b. Sailors c. Police officers d. Nurses
11. Your father can..... the car on this road, it is very quiet.
a. bark b. put c. park d. dark
12. Fatma is so she cannot hear you.
a. blind b. deaf c. happy d. sad
13. Please, sure that you write your email carefully.
a. take b. does c. make d. shares
14. The nurse works on the..... for children.
a. ward b. word c. prison d. tent
15. This is a photo of my parents'
a. marry b. married c. marriage d. to marry
16. Ia room with my brother.
a. steal b. share c. shame d. shake
17. The book isthe right shelf.
a. in b. pl c. above d. on
18. There are seven days in a.....
a. week b. weak c. leak d. peak
19. Salah is.....cleverer than Mido.
a. more b. most c. much d. many
20. She.....her exams, so we congratulated her.
a. failed b. passed c. missed d. lost

Writing

- 1- My favourite hobby is reading.
- 3- My favourite hobby is reading.
- 5- I always read in the library
- 7- The library is near my house.
- 1 should be quiet at the library .
- 2- I like reading books .
- 4- I always read in my free time
- 6- I go the library every week.
- 8- I borrow a lot of books from the library. 9-
- 10- Reading gives us a lot of information.





Test Unit (2)

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. What is your job?

- a. doctor b. nurse c. pilot d. teacher

2. Who do you look after?

- a. nurses b. doctors c. children d. farmers

3. Where do you work?

- a. school b. hospital c. bakery d. chemist's

4. How are you feeling tonight?

- a. clever b. sad c. strong d. tired

2. Complete the following dialogue:

Ali Hi Yasser! How are things?
 Yasser Hi Ali! Fine.
 Ali Are you coming to football practice today?
 Yasser (1).....I can't come.
 Ali (2)can't you come?
 Yasser Because I am visiting my uncle in hospital.
 Ali (3).....happened?
 Yasser He had an (4).....
 Ali Sorry to hear that.
 Yasser (5)you.

3. Read the passage, then answer the questions:

A mother dog and her pups كلاب صغيرة lived on a farm. On the farm, there was a well. The mother dog always told her pups never to go near or play around it. One day, one of the pups asked himself why they weren't allowed to go near the well. So, he decided he wanted to explore it. He went down to the well and climbed up the wall to look inside. In the well, he saw his reflection انعكس صورته in the water but thought it was another dog. The little pup got angry, so he decided to fight it. The little pup jumped into the well, only to find there was no dog. He began to bark and bark until the farmer came to rescue him. The pup learned a lesson and never went back to the well again.

a. Answer the following questions:

- Where did the dog and her pups live?
- What does the underline word "it" refer to?
- Did the pup see a real dog in the well?

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

4. The word "rescue" means.....

- a. kill b. save c. buy d. sell

5rescued the pup.

- a. The farmer b. The mother c. The dog d. No one

6. The pup.....his mother's advice.

- a. followed b. listened to c. didn't follow d. obeyed



1 When he was ill, he stayed at a special _____ in hospital

- 5. Complete the sentences with the correct form:**

- 6. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:**

[illegible]



Unit 3 – Great Jobs

Vocabulary

Lessons 1 & 2 :

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
female	أنثى	win	يفوز	successful	ناجح
hero	بطل	handball	كرة اليد	similar	مشابه
patron	راعي / ممول	competition	مسابقة	problem	مشكلة
senior	كبير	university	جامعة	treatment	علاج
junior	ناشيء	princess	أميرة	medicine	دواء
surgeon	جراح	sports coach	مدرب رياضي	charity	مؤسسة خيرية
scientist	عالم	final	نهائي	Khedive	خديوي
heart	قلب	nuclear	لنوي	national	قومي
shark	سمكة القرش	money	لقدود	hope	يامل / يمتنى
attack	يهجم	land	أرض / يهبط	important	هام
proud of	فخور بـ	look inside	يلجس	flat	شقة
score	يحزل	admire	يعجب بـ	later	قبلا بعد
team	فريق	against	ضد	Egyptian	مصري

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
win	يفوز	won	won
lose	يخسر	lost	lost
show	يعرض	showed	shown
become	يصبح	became	become
give	يعطي	gave	given
get	يحصل على	got	got
leave	يغادر	left	left

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
similar		alike	different	
win		Succeed in	lose	
patient		tolerant	impatient	
brave		courageous	cowered	

Definitions

female	أنثى	a woman or girl
hero	بطل	a man who is admired for doing something brave





		والموث منها heroine بطلة
patron	راعي كفيل	someone who supports people or an organization
senior	الكنار	having a higher position, level مستوى مكانة أعلى
junior	الناشدين	a young person who takes part في in sport
surgeon	جراح	a doctor who does operations in a hospital
win	يفوز	to be the most successful in a competition, game
handball	كرة اليد	a game in which players throw a ball with their hand
competition	مسابقة	a situation in which people try to be more successful
scientist	عالم	someone who works or is trained in science
princess	أميرة	a king's daughter or the wife of a prince

Expressions

was born in	ولد في	is called	يسمى
lost a leg	فقد رجلة	got a job	حصل على وظيفة
want to be	يريد أن يكون	from 2005 to 2006	من 2005 حتى 2006
with similar problems	له مشاكل مشابهة	a year later	بعد سنة
at Cairo University	في جامعة القاهرة	won the final against	فاز بالنهائي ضد
Egypt's first female	أول امرأة مصرية	play in a final	يلعب في النهائي
important heart surgeon	جراح قلب مهم	lose the final against	يخسر النهائي ضد
people with heart problems	ناس لديها مشاكل في القلب	Let's hope	دعونا نأمل
for many years	لعدة سنوات	very good at	جيد جدًا في
the daughter of	ابنة	play for	يلعب لـ
became a patron	أصبح راع كفيل	came (be) second	جاء في المركز الثاني



Language Notes

1. **lose** يفقد شيء أو يفقد مباراة / **win** يفوز بمباراة أو جائزة أو مسابقة

- He lost the final against his friend.
- The man lost his leg when the shark attacked him.
- He won the competition and came first.

2. **stop + v + ing** يمتنع عن أو يوقف عن

- His accident didn't stop him wanting to be successful.

3. **with heart problems** = لديه مشاكل في القلب = **who suffer from**

- He helped people with heart problem.
- He helped people who suffer from heart problems.

4. **later** فيما بعد / **latter** الأخير

- I'll see you later.
- I wrote two emails, the latter was to my friend.

5. **hero** بطل (للمفكر) / **heroine** بطلة (للموث)

- His father was a war hero.
- Sameera Moussa was my heroine.





6. (be) the firstto + مصدر

➤ He was the first Egyptian to win the prize.

7. Let's + مصدر = How (What) about + V + ing.. ?

➤ Let's watch the film.

➤ How about watching the film?

8. When ماضي بسيط + فاعل was / were....., ماضي بسيط + فاعل

➤ When Ali was young, he visited Aswan.

➤ When they were eight, they played in a junior competition.

Listening

Photo one shows Omar Abd-el-Kader. He was born in 1994. When Omar was 22, a shark attacked him and he lost a leg, but this did not stop him wanting to be successful. Now he helps other people with similar problems and he is an important sports coach.



Photo two shows Sameera Moussa. Sameera was born in 1917 and studied science at Cairo University. She was Egypt's first female nuclear scientist and wanted to use nuclear treatments in medicine. She died in 1952.



Photo three shows Magdy Yacoub. He was born in Cairo in 1935. He went to Cairo University and became an important heart surgeon. He then helped people with heart problems for many years. He stopped most of his work a long time ago, but in 2006, he started a charity to help children with heart problems.

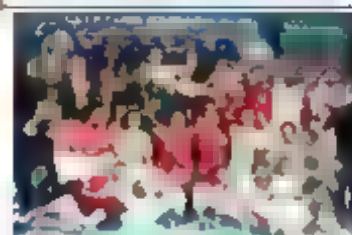


Photo four shows Princess Fatma Ismail. The princess was the daughter of Khedive Ismail and she was born in 1853. She became a patron of Egypt's first national university after she gave a lot of money and land to help it to open in 1908. From 1908 to 1940, people called it the Egyptian University, but it is now called Cairo University.



SUPERIOR

The Egyptian handball team are **heroes!** They won the handball Africa Cup of **Nations** in Tunisia in 2020. They won the final **against** Tunisia 27-23. That means they are the best team in Africa! This is not the first time Egypt's handball team played in a final. In 2019, the junior team won the under-19 World Cup Final 32-28 against Germany. They were the first team from Africa to win it. In 2018, **the senior** team were also in the final of the **Africa Cup of Nations**, but lost the final against Tunisia. Now, lots of people in Egypt love the sport. Let's hope the Egyptian team can win competitions again!





My brother Ahmed loves playing handball, and he's very good at it. When he was eight, he played in a **junior competition** for a team in our city. The team didn't win, but it was in the final. Ahmed is now 21 and last year, he played for an **important** senior team. He was very pleased. . Next year, the team are playing in an important competition. I hope they win it!



Exercise on Vocabulary

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

- A.....means a woman or girl.
a. male b. female c. senior d. junior
- A.....is a man who did something brave.
a. hero b. heroine c. thief d. robber
- A.....helps people or organization by giving them money.
a. seller b. patron c. oculist d. uniform
- Magdy Yacoub is a famous.....who did many operations.
a. dentist b. surgeon c. pilot d. princess
- Sameera Moussa is a nuclear.....
a. scientist b. dancer c. nurse d. seller
- Fatima Ismail was a great.....who was the daughter of Khedive Ismail.
a. princess b. scientist c. surgeon d. farmer
-is a sport played by using hands.
a. Football b. handball c. fishing d. flying
- Scientists try to find.....for diseases.
a. treatments b. illness c. fights d. tents
- You can win at handball by scoring the most.....
a. points b. goals c. tables d. pills
- Real Madrid lost the final.....Liverpool.
a. on b. against c. again d. off
- Only.....countries can take part in Africa Cup of Nations.
a. European b. African c. Italian d. Asian
- A hero does.....things.
a. easy b. brave c. silly d. boring
- A sports..... teaches people how to play or improve in a sport.
a. match b. catch c. coach d. beach
- A.....knows how to look inside the body to help people who are ill.
a. surgeon b. baker c. thief d. pilot
- A.....does experiments to study and find out about how things work.
a. patron b. sailor c. scientist d. oculist
- A..... gives money to people or places.
a. beggar b. robber c. patron d. killer
- Sameera Moussa was Egypt's.....female nuclear scientist.
a. first b. the first c. the last d. the best
- He helped children.....heart problems.





- a. with b. off c. over d. on
19. He worked as a surgeon.....many years.
- a. on b. since c. off d. for
20. He.....a leg in the war.
- a. missed b. lost c. bought d. sold

Past simple الماضي البسيط

1 الماضي البسيط يتكون من التصريف الثاني للفعل اي المصدر مضاف ايه (d/ed/ied)

- اذا انتهى الفعل بـ (e) نضع (d)

- اذا انتهى الفعل بـ (y) قبله حرف ساكن نحذفها ونضع (ied)

- الأفعال المنتهية بـ (ch / sh / x) نضع (ed)

- > She arrived late yesterday.
- > They studied English last week.
- > He watched TV yesterday.

ويوجد أفعال شاذة مثل

cut	cut	يقطع
put	put	يضع
write	wrote	يكتب
buy	bought	يشترى
sell	sold	يبيع

يكون شكل (verb to be) في الماضي كالآتي

I / He / She / It / اسم مفرد was / wasn't

We / You / they / اسم جمع were / weren't

- > She was ready for the exam.
- > They were at home 2 hours ago.

2 - يتم نفي الماضي البسيط باستخدام (didn't + inf) المصدر بدون إضافات

1. He visited Aswan last year.
- > He didn't visit Aswan last year.
2. They sent the letter to Ali.
- > They didn't send the letter to Ali.

3 - في حالة تكوين السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد بمعنى (هل) وتكون الأجوبة بــ (Yes,... / No,.....) يكون الشكل كالآتي

Did + فاعل + مصدر?

1. Did he visit the museum yesterday?





- > Yes, he did. / No, he didn't.
- > Yes, he visited the museum yesterday.
- > No, he didn't visit the museum yesterday.

2 Did she write her homework?

- > Yes, she did. / No, she didn't.
- > Yes, she wrote her homework.
- > No, she didn't write her homework.

4 – في حالة السؤال الذي يبدأ بأداة استفهام

.....? مصدر + فاعل + did + أداة استفهام

1. Where did you live?

- > I lived in Aswan.
- 2. How did they go to school?
- > They went to school on foot.
- 3. Why was he sad?
- > He was sad because he lost his mobile.

3 – يستخدم الماضي البسيط مع الكلمات الآتية نبدل على شيء حدث في الماضي

سنة ماضية + in the past – once – yesterday – last – ago

سنة ماضية to سنة ماضية / from ... When I was young

- > He moved to a new house last week.
- > He was born in 2010
- > When I was young, I visited Aswan.
- > When I was in Alexandria, I always swam in the sea.
- > When he was young, he sometimes played football.

لاحظ الجملة الآتية جيدا

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. Theyto the museum last month.

- | | | | |
|-------|------------|---------|---------|
| a. go | b. will go | c. goes | d. went |
|-------|------------|---------|---------|

2 When..... Basant's birthday?

- | | | | |
|-------|--------|--------|---------|
| a. do | b. did | c. was | d. does |
|-------|--------|--------|---------|

3. She.TV an hour ago.

- | | | | |
|------------|----------|-----------------|---------------|
| a. watched | b. watch | c. are watching | d. will watch |
|------------|----------|-----------------|---------------|

4. I went.yesterday.

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|----------|-------------|
| a. swim | b. swam | c. swims | d. swimming |
|---------|---------|----------|-------------|





5. What did Abdo.....when he arrived?
a. did b. doing c. does d. do
6. How did they.....when they saw the lion yesterday?
a. feel b. felt c. feels d. feeling
7. I wrote the e-mail.....
a. now b. last week c. tomorrow d. next
8. Heborn in 2010.
a. was b. are c. did d. do
9. When I was young, I always.....football.
a. play b. plays c. playing d. played
10.ready for the exam last week?
a. Did b. Were c. Do d. Are
11. How did you go to school? – Iby car.
a. go b. going c. will go d. went
12. No, he didn't.....Aswan last year.
a. visit b. visited c. go d. went
13. When did you have your last math lesson? – Weat 2 o'clock.
a. had b. have c. will have d. has
14. The ship sank because there.....a terrible storm.
a. are b. is c. was d. were
15. How.....your holiday?
a. did b. does c. was d. do
16. In 1999, he.....the number one chess player in the city.
a. becomes b. became c. becoming d. will become
17. They.....married last year.
a. got b. were c. was d. A & B
18. He.....a junior chess competition when he was only 12.
a. wins b. will win c. won d. winning
19. She.....playing when she was very little.
a. started b. starts c. start d. starting
20. My uncleborn in 1960.
a. be b. are c. were d. was

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Yesterday, we(will go) bowling.
2. I listened to music and (write) an email
3.(Did) you ready for the last exam?





4. He didn't(helped) me with my homework.
5. When he was young, he sometimes(watches) TV.
6. I(ride) on the big wheel two hours ago



- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 -There are many heroes in Egypt. | 2- One of them is Magdy Yacoub. |
| 3- Magdy Yacoub was born in Cairo. | 4- He was born 1935 . |
| 5 -He went to Cairo University. | 6 -He became an important heart surgeon. |
| 7 -His father was a doctor. | 8-he helped people with heart problems |
| 9 -He worked in a special hospital in London. | 10- He stopped working in 2001 . |
| 11 -He started a charity in 2006 . | 12 -He helped children with heart problem. |
| 13- He helped many children . | 14 -I'm proud of Dr Magdy Yacoub. |
| 15- I want be to a doctor like him. | |

EXERCISE ON LESSONS 1 & 2

1. Complete the following dialogue:

A reporter makes a report about footballers.

Reporter : Hello (1)..... Is your name?

Footballer : Nasser hany

Reporter : What did you (2)to do 20 years ago?

Footballer :I used to (3).....football

Reporter : (4).....you earn much money from it?

Footballer : No, I didn't. we played because we loved playing for our country.

Reporter : I wish you more success.

footballer : (5).....

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1 -The..... Egyptian handball team did not win the final in 2018 .

a.senior b. final c.nuclear d ancient

2 -Teams from Africa never won the handball World Cup .

a.Final b.Total c.Ball d Goal

3 -The Egyptian handball team won an important in 2020 .

a.experiment b.station c.competition d expression

4-is a sport with seven players in a team .



a.Tennis b.Boxing c.Snorkelling d.Handball

5-A is a girl or woman .

a.man b.female c.male d.child

6-Ibrahim Hamato is an amazing man who plays table tennis Egypt

a-to b-by c-for d-with

7 -He.....a junior chess competition when he was only 12!

a.wins b.win c.won d.to win

8 -When Omar was 22, a shark attacked him and he....., a leg .

a.is lost b to lose c.loses d lost

9 -My brother bought his house two years.

a.ago b.last c.once d.since

10-Magdy Yacoub stopped most of his work a surgeon for a long time ago.

a. alike b. as c. like d. such

3 -Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets:

1 -1(eat) fish last week

2 -who did you(saw) last Monday ?

3 -she didn't..... (rode) a camel before.

4-We(write) in English yesterday .

5-My uncle..... (buys) his house last summer

6-he.....(doesn't)play tennis yesterday .

7--Hala(1st) ill last week.

8. I (sleep) in a tent last night

9. We(go) into the cave last holiday.

4-Write a paragraph of (90) words on:

"Dr Magdy Yacoub"



Vocabulary

Lessons 3 & 4 :

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
charity	مؤسسة خيرية	volunteer	متطوع	the Red Crescent	الهلال الأحمر
cuts	جروح	emergency	طوارئ	health	الصحة
infection	عدوى	lungs	الرئتين	scary	مخيف
countryside	الريف	brain	الدماغ	money	مال
natural	طبيعي	heart	القلب	hurricane	إعصار
disaster	كارثة	proud	فخور	chance	فرصة
blood	الدم	pump	بضخ	race	سباق
earthquake	الزلازل	bones	عظام	plants	نباتات
history	تاريخ	special	خاص / مميز	burn	يحرق
project	مشروع	ill	مريض	daughter	ابنة
research	بحث	ancient	قديم	stomach	المعدة
patients	المرضى	around	حول	sew	يخط
write down	يكتب	air	الهواء	sons	أبناء
ideas	أفكار	broken	مكسور	jewellery	مجوهرات
however	مع ذلك	pieces	قطع / أجزاء	area	منطقة

Irregular Verbs

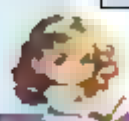
Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
think	يعتقد	thought	thought
understand	يفهم	understood	understood
write	يكتب	wrote	written
tell	يخبر	told	told
see	يرى	saw	seen
sew	يخط	sewed	sewn
drive	يقود	drove	driven

Synonyms & Antonyms

كلمة	معنى	Synonym	Antonym	معنى
live		survive	die	
serious		dangerous	safe	
special		unusual	usual	
repair		Mend-fix	Break-damage	

Definitions

charity	مؤسسة خيرية	an organization that gives money or help to people who are poor or sick
---------	-------------	---





cuts	جروح	an injury أصابة made by something sharp
infection	عدوى	a disease caused by bacteria or a virus
countryside	الريف	land that is outside cities and towns
natural	طبيعي	not caused, made, or controlled by people
disaster	كارثة	a sudden مفاجيء event such as a flood, storm, or accident which causes great damage دمار
volunteer	متطوع	someone who does a job without being paid
emergency	طوارئ	an unexpected غير متوقع and dangerous situation
lungs	الرئتين	one of the two organs عضو جسم in your body that you breathe with
brain	الدماغ	the organ inside your head that controls everything
heart	القلب	the organ which pumps blood around the body
proud	فخور	feeling pleased about something or someone
pump	يضخ	to make liquid سائل or gas move

Expressions

Do a school project	يقوم بمشروع مدرسي	Have a hobby	لديه هواية
Feel pleased with	يشعر بسعادة التجاذ	Take in air	يستنشق الهواء
Proud of	فخور بـ	Write down	يسجل
Do a job	يؤدي وظيفة	Stop infection	يمنع العدوى
Know much about	يعرف كثير عن	Mend broken bones	يصلح العظام المكسورة
Play the piano	يعزف على البيانو	Sew cuts	يحيط الجروح
Drive a car	يقود سيارة	People with burns	اشخاص تعاني من الجروح
Get married	يتزوج	Pump...around	يضخ حول



Language Notes

historic تاريخي / historian مؤرخ
subject is history.

1. history التاريخ /

> My favourite

> We visited many historic sites

> A historian writes about history and events.

2. country دولة / the country الريف

> Egypt is a great country in Africa

> I enjoy living in the country.

3. health صحي / سليم healthy / صحة / متعلق بالصحة

> Doctors are useful when there is a health emergency.

> We should eat healthy food.

4. proud of فخور بـ / take pride in يفخر بـ

> I am proud of my father.

> We take pride in Egypt.

5. stop + v + ing مصلر + to + stop / يتوقف عن فعل الشيء

> He stopped smoking because it is bad.

> He was thirsty, so he stopped to drink some water.

6. special مميز / خاص / private ملك شخص أو عائلة / public عام





- He worked as a surgeon in a special hospital.
- We have a house with a private garden.

7 **make medicine** يصنع دواء / **take medicine** يأخذ دواء / **give medicine** يعطي دواء

- They made medicine from animal eyes.
- The patient took medicine and became well.
- The doctor gave her some medicine.

8 بعض الكلمات في اللغة الانجليزية تعامل معاملة المفرد وهي اسماء لاتعد مثل (money / furniture / jewellery)

- Her jewellery is beautiful.
- The money I had was not enough.

Listening:

Yasser: I didn't use to know very much about my family history. Then, last week, I did a school projects about someone in my family so I did some **research** and I found out some really interesting things about my great grandfather. I knew he used to be a doctor but I didn't know he worked for a charity!

My **great grandfather** used to live in the **countryside** and he worked as a volunteer doctor for the Red Crescent when there was a natural disaster or a health emergency. For example, when there was an earthquake, my great grandfather went to help. The work was difficult and sometimes **scary**. He also used to look after people who didn't have much money. I feel very proud of him.



Reading:

We should all be **proud** of Magdy Yacoub. He was born in 1935 in **Bilbels**, but the family used to travel to many places because his father was an important doctor. Magdy also became a doctor. Before he stopped working in 2001, he used to work in a **special** hospital in London. At this hospital, Magdy used to help to give people new hearts for the first time. Before the 1980s, people with heart problems often used to die. In 2009, Magdy Yacoub started a **charity** for ill children in Aswan. Very ill children didn't use to live long lives, but many ill children can now live healthy lives.



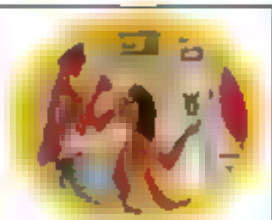
We know how Ancient Egyptian doctors helped their patients because they wrote down their ideas thousands of years ago.

The body

Ancient Egyptian doctors understood that the heart **pumps** blood around the body. However, they used to think that the heart also pumped air to our lungs! They were also the first people to understand some of the things the **brain** did, but they did not know how important it was.

Ways to help

Doctors used to use plants to help people with burns and to stop infections. We still use some of these **plants** today. They also knew how to mend broken bones and sew

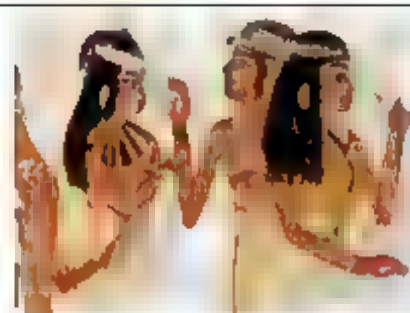




cuts but they didn't use to know everything. **For example**, they used to think that an animal's eye helped people who could not see!

Life in Ancient Egypt

Life in Ancient Egypt was different to today's. Poor children didn't use to go to school, but children from rich families used to start school when they were about seven. When they were at home, children used to enjoy playing games. When older parents died, they used to leave their houses to the sons. However, they used to leave things inside the house, such as jewellery and furniture, to the **daughters**.



Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

- A.....is an organization that helps people who are needy.
a. charity b. uniform c. gang d. pond
- A.....works for no money.
a. volunteer b. thief c. professional d. amateur
- Your.....tell the body what to do.
a. plane b. blood c. plate d. brain
- The heart.....blood around the body.
a. jumps b. breathes c. pumps d. hates
- He had a.....because he used a sharp knife.
a. dream b. shoot c. cut d. price
- Anis caused by viruses.
a. Happiness b. Infection c. prize d. disease
- Life in the.....is quiet and not crowded.
a. city b. village c. countryside d. B & C
- Floods and earthquakes are natural.....
a. masters b. forests c. disasters d. plasters
- He can't breathe well, he has problems with his
a. lungs b. eyes c. ears d. muscles
- She wears beautiful.....around her neck.
a. furniture b. chairs c. jewellery d. necklace
- A terrible event, such as an earthquake, is a/ an.....
a. natural disaster b. exam c. party d. match
- The..... is the area outside a city, where there are farms and lots of nature.
a. countryside b. town c. city d. desert
- A/An. helps people who are poor, sick or don't have a home.
a. thief b. robber c. gang d. charity
- A A/An..... is someone who works for no money to help people.
a. pioneer b. astronaut c. volunteer d. manager
- If you are of someone, you feel pleased with them because they have done something very good.





- a. angry b. worried c. hungry d. proud
16. A/An is something serious or dangerous that you need to do something about.
- a. emergency b. prize c. marriage d. walking
17. The old man was....., the boys were scared of him.
- a. scary b. scared c. funny d. happy
18. They used to write.....ideas.
- a. of b. off c. down d. over
19. My father works.....an engineer.
- a. as b. on c. in d. off
20. Yacoub helps children.....heart problems.
- a. in b. on c. at d. with

Used to + مصدر

1 - نستخدم قاعدة (used to) بمعنى اعتاد ان يفعل الشيء في الماضي ولا يفعله الآن (لتعبير عن عادات في الماضي)
مصدر + used to + فاعل

- > He used to smoke.
- > They used to visit the zoo.

مصدر + didn't use to + فاعل

- > He didn't use to help the poor.
- > She didn't use to play tennis.

2 - في حاله الذي يكون الشكل كالآتي

3 - في حاله السؤال بمعنى (هل) يكون الشكل كالآتي

مصدر + use to + فعل + Did + ؟

Did they use to play well?

- > Yes, they did.
- > No, they didn't.

4 - مع السؤال الذي يبدأ بأداة استفهام يكون الشكل كالآتي

مصدر + use to + فاعل + did + أداة استفهام

1. What games did you use to play?
- > I used to play football.
2. How did he use to go to school?
- > He used to go by car.

ملاحظات عامة اضافية

لاحظ المعاني الآتية

- 1 He used to be thin. (but now he isn't thin / but now he is fat)





2. He used to smoke (but now he doesn't smoke).
3. They used to live in India (but now they don't).

2 - للتعبير عن عادة في المضارع نستخدم الشكل الآتي

فاعل + am / is / are + used to + V + ing

- He is used to studying hard.
- They are used to arriving early.

3 - الشكل الآتي معناه ان الشيء " يُستخدم " وتبدأ الجملة بمفعول

بمصدر + is / are + used to + الشيء
 + is / are + used for + v + ing

- A knife is used to cut things.
- A knife is used for cutting things.

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. Basant used to.....long hair.
 a. have b. having c. has d. had
2. He didn't.....to arrive early.
 a. used b. use c. uses d. using
3. She is used to.....the poor.
 a. help b. helps c. helped d. helping
4. What did Ashraf use to.....?
 a. did b. does c. doing d. do
5. A knife is used.....cutting meat.
 a. to b. for c. by d. off
6.she use to watch TV? - Yes, she did.
 a. Was b. Is c. Does d. Did
7. He used to.....clever when he was young.
 a. be b. being c. do d. doing
8. He used to.....clever things when he was young.
 a. be b. being c. do d. doing
9. I didn't to want to have a nice house.
 a. used b. uses c. using d. use
10. Did he use to French?





- | | | | |
|----------|------------|-------------|------------|
| a. study | b. studied | c. studying | d. studies |
|----------|------------|-------------|------------|
11. He used to smoke ,but now he smoke
- | | | | |
|------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| a. doesn't | b. don't | c. isn't | d. wasn't |
|------------|----------|----------|-----------|
12. He used to be lazy , but now he.....
- | | | | |
|-------|----------|----------|------------|
| a. is | b. isn't | c. don't | d. doesn't |
|-------|----------|----------|------------|
13. Are your children used to a lot?
- | | | | |
|---------|----------|-----------|------------|
| a. walk | b. walks | c. walked | d. walking |
|---------|----------|-----------|------------|
14. She used to.....mistakes
- | | | | |
|---------|----------|---------|-----------|
| a. make | b. makes | c. made | d. making |
|---------|----------|---------|-----------|
15. Did you.....to stay up late?
- | | | | |
|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| a. used | b. uses | c. using | d. use |
|---------|---------|----------|--------|

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

- Tamer used to(do) lazy.
- My father(use) to smoke badly.
- They used to(playing) in the street.
- He used to have long hair, but now he(isn't).
- He used to be lazy, but now he(wasn't).
- Did he(used) to study hard?
- What(does) he use to eat?

Thinking Time

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1- Heroes are special people. | 2- Hero is a brave person . |
| 3- Hero isn't scared of anything. | 4- He always does dangerous things. |
| 5- He always helps other people | 6- My hero is my father |
| 7- He is 43 years old. | 8- He is a doctor . |
| 9- He works in a big hospital. | 10- He gets up early . |
| 11 - He always has breakfast with us. | 12- He goes to work by car. |
| 13- He goes to work early. | 14- He helps sick people. |
| 15- He gives them medicine. | 16- He works hard every day. |

Exercise on Lessons 1 & 2

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

- 1 -The..... tells the parts of our body what to do .
- | | | | |
|---------|-----------|-------|---------|
| a.heart | b.stomach | c.eye | d.brain |
|---------|-----------|-------|---------|
- 2 -A natural is a terrible event, such as an earthquake .
- | | | | |
|---------|-----------|-------|------------|
| a.water | b.science | c.gas | d.disaster |
|---------|-----------|-------|------------|





Prep 2 – 1st Term

3. If you are..... of someone, you feel pleased with them. This is because think they are or have done something very good

- a.proud b.bored c.interested d.keen

4- Mona's mother is a/an at the hospital, they don't pay her for her work.

- a.coach b. volunteer c.patient d.adult

5 -The heart blood around the body .

- a.takes in b.drinks c.pumps d.plants

6 He didn't...to arrive late.

- a. used b. use c. uses d. using

7. When you were ten, you use to live in a different house?

- a. did b. does c. doing d. do

8. What did he use to.....?

- a. did b. does c. doing d. do

9. Ding money to a charity, but now she does.

- a. didn't use to give b gave c. doesn't give d used to give

10. Yasser's grandmother.....work in a hospital.

- a. used to b. is used c. uses to d. using to

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1- How did you..... (used) to go to school?

2-.....(Do)you use to have a lot of homework?

3- What games did you.....(used) to play with your friends?

4-Nader used to be fat but now he.....(hasn't).

5-I didn't.....(used)to like salad when I was younger.

3-Write a paragraph of (90) words on:

Modelbary
Your Hero™



Vocabulary

Lesson 5 & 6 :

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
nursing	التمريض	rubbish	الفضلة	heroic	بطولي
university	جامعة	collectors	جامع لشيء	important	مهم
reason	سبب	cleaner	عامل نظافة	person	شخص
agree	يوافق	without	بدون	pay	يدفع
true	حقيقي / صحيح	useful	مفيد	health	صحة
scary	مخيف	art	الفن / الرسم	emergency	طوارئ
need	بحاجة	kind	طيب	words	كلمات
teach	يعلم	brave	شجاع	sure	متأكد
a painting	رسم	scared	خائف / مرعوب	dangerous	خطير

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
teach	يعلم	taught	taught
know	يعرف	knew	known
get	يحصل على	got	got
put	يضع	put	put
mean	يعني	meant	meant
do	يفعل	did	done

Synonyms & Antonyms

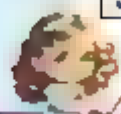
الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
true	صحيح	right	Wrong - false	خطأ
difficult	صعب	hard	easy	سهل
modern	حديث	new	ancient	قديم
famous	مشهور	popular	unknown	غير معروف

Definitions

firefighter	رجل لاطفاء	someone puts out / stops fires
scared	مرعوب	frightened
hero	بطل	a man who is admired for doing something brave
nursing	التمريض	the job or skill of looking after people who are ill

Expressions

Work hard	يعمل بجد	Try their best	يحاولون بأقصى ما لديهم من جهد
Get better	يتحسن	On TV	في التلفاز
Do things	يفعل أشياء	At night	ليلاً
Keep ... clean	يحافظ على نظافة	At university	في الجامعة
Scared of	مرعوب من	Answer to	اجابة لـ





Language Notes

1. scared / scary محيف / خائف من

- The girls were scared when they saw the lion.
- The ugly man was scary.

2. without + V + ing / اسم

- We can't live without water.
- He didn't go out without taking the money.

3. do jobs / work / homework / housework يقوم بعمل

- They are doing their homework.
- I help my mother do the housework.

4. live / life / lives يعيش / الحياة / سبل العيش

- We live in Cairo.
- His life is difficult.
- Firefighters save a lot of lives.

5. hero / heroic بطولي / بطل

- My father is my hero.
- I love my heroic mother.

6. proud to + مصدر / proud of + V + ing / اسم

- I am proud to know my friend Ali.
- I am proud of being Egyptian.

7. pay for + شيء / يدفع لشخص... / pay to + شخص / يدفع ثمن الشيء...

- She worked to pay for her studies.
- He paid to his friend.

Listening

SUPERIOR

Mona : What is a hero, Huda?

Huda : I think a hero is someone who is very brave.

Mona : What do you mean?

Huda : I mean a hero isn't scared of anything.

Mona : I think a hero is someone who is scared, but still tries his or her best.

Huda : I'm not sure what you mean.

Mona : In other words, they often do difficult or dangerous things.

Huda : It's also about putting other people first.

Mona : Sorry, I don't understand

Huda : I mean a hero helps other people.

Mona : Yes, I agree!





Reading

- A I think rubbish collectors can be heroes .
 B What do you mean?
 A I mean, we need rubbish collectors .
 B Sorry, I don't understand .
 A I mean, they do something very useful. They collect rubbish from our homes. The city would be terrible without them!
 B That's true What about street cleaners?
 A I am not sure what you mean .
 B I mean, street cleaners are also important because they help to keep our cities clean .
 A Yes, that's true!



My heroic mother

Today, my mother is an important nurse, Mrs Karima Mohamed, but I know that her life used to be difficult. She studied to be a nurse at **Aln Shams University** and used to work as a nurse, too, sometimes at night, to learn all she could. She then got a job at a big hospital in Cairo. She **continued** to work hard but did not stop her studies, and soon she became one of the most important nurses in Cairo. Now, she works in a big hospital in New Cairo. In 2020, many people became ill and she worked every day for many weeks. It was difficult, but heroic work, because most of them **got better**. She is also a manager and she helps to teach younger nurses. I think she is a hero because she studied and worked very hard to get an important job and now she helps people every day. She always tells me that **education** is very important, and that if I work hard, I can do anything.



Hi I

My name's Adam and I want to write about a person I am very proud to know. Her name is **Mrs Karima Mohamed**. When she was younger, she used to study very hard because she wanted to be a nurse. She also used to work to help pay for her studies, but that is not the reason I am proud of her! In 2020, there was a health **emergency** and many people were in hospital. I became ill, too. I was in hospital for two weeks and Mrs Karima Mohamed helped me and other people in the hospital. She was always very kind. I now know that she is one of the most important nurses in Cairo, so I am very happy she helped me. I am very proud of her!



Exercise on Vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. We felt..... when we saw the lion.

- a. frightened b. scared c. ugly d. A & B

2 He is....., he can do amazing things.





- | | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| a. weak | b. lazy | c. brave | d. sad |
| 3. I think rubbish.....can be heroes. | | | |
| a. actors | b. actress | c. masters | d. collectors |
| 4. There are many.....at the museum. | | | |
| a. bridges | b. jewellery | c. oceans | d. statues |
| 5.are brave, they put out fires and save lives. | | | |
| a. Firefighters | b. Sailors | c. Astronomers | d. Patients |
| 6. Ais an organ of the body. | | | |
| a. ring | b. kidney | c. pump | d. eye |
| 7. She studied to be a nurse at the.....of Nursing. | | | |
| a. Faculty | b. theatre | c. cinema | d. coral |
| 8. Doctors do.....work during the spread of COVID 19. | | | |
| a. lazy | b. useless | c. heroic | d. few |
| 9.is very important. | | | |
| a. Pollution | b. Theft | c. Earthquakes | d. Education |
| 10. In 2020, there was a.....emergency. | | | |
| a. health | b. healthy | c. wealth | d. wealthy |
| 11. I think he is abecause he studied and worked very hard. | | | |
| a. lazy | b. messy | c. hero | d. stupid |
| 12. Egypt's football team.....the Africa Cup of Nations in 2010. | | | |
| a. won | b. broke | c. bought | d. sold |
| 13. He used to.....for his studies. | | | |
| a. buy | b. pay | c. way | d. lay |
| 14. I don't know the.....why he came late. | | | |
| a. season | b. reason | c. treatment | d. cure |
| 15.take air into the body. | | | |
| a. Lungs | b. Arms | c. Kidneys | d. Legs |
| 16. A girl or woman is known as a..... | | | |
| a. male | b. female | c. senior | d. junior |
| 17. In.....words, firefighters do dangerous things. | | | |
| a. other | b. others | c. an other | d. an others |
| 18. He took some medicine and.....better. | | | |
| a. got | b. has | c. have | d. were |
| 19. He goes to the club..... | | | |
| a. everyday | b. every day | c. everyday | d. a days |
| 20. Coward is the opposite of..... | | | |
| a. break | b. courageous | c. brave | d. B & C |
| 21. I am proud to.....Egyptian. | | | |
| a. be | b. been | c. being | d. are |
| 22. I love my.....mother. She is a great person. | | | |
| a. hero | b. heroic | c. ugly | d. lazy |
| 23. He is.....his homework. | | | |
| a. do | b. doing | c. make | d. making |
| 24. He didn't go to school withouthis breakfast. | | | |
| a. have | b. has | c. had | d. having |
| 25. The boys were.....of the snake. | | | |
| a. scary | b. scared | c. frightened | d. B & C |





Checking that someone has understood

التحقق من أن شخص ما قد فهم

1-What do you mean ?

ماذا تقصد/تعني؟

2-I'm (not)sure what you mean

لست متأكد مما تعني

3-sorry I don't understand

أسف إلا أفهم

عند توضيح معلومة

4-I mean

اعني

5-in other words....

بعبارة أخرى

للموافقة أو الرفض

6- I agree with you.

اتفق معك

7-I (don't) agree

أوافق لا أوافق

Mini-story

- 1- I want to write about a person I am very proud to know.
- 2- Her name is Mrs Karima Mohamed
- 3- Her life used to be difficult.
- 4- She studied to be a nurse
- 5- She went to Ain Shams University.
- 6- She then got a job at a big hospital in Cairo.
- 7- She also used to work to help pay for her studies.
- 8- She worked every day for many weeks.
- 9- She continued to work hard but did not stop her studies.
- 10- She is also a manager and she helps to teach younger nurses.
- 11- She always tells me that education is very important.

Exercise on lessons 1 & 6

1-Complete the following dialogue:

Omar : I think rubbish collectors can be heroes.

Ali : What do you(1)..... ?

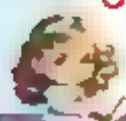
Omar : I(2)..... , we need rubbish collectors.2

Ali : Sorry, I don't (3)..... .

Omar : I mean they do something very useful. The city would be terrible without them!

Ali : That's(4)..... What about street cleaners?

Omar : I'm not (5). What do you mean?





Ali : I mean, street cleaners are also important.

Omar : Yes, that's true! They help to keep our cities clean.

Ali : I agree!

2-choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1- A..... helps people or animals that need help.

a.charity worker b.sports coach c nuclear scientist d.fruit seller

2- When you are older, do you want to live in the city or the..... ?

a.side b.earth c.countryside d continent

3- I always give money to a/an..... that helps poor children.

a.medicine b.library c.history d.charity

4- My uncle..... a fire fighter, but now he is a police officer.

a.used to be b.is c uses to be d.were

5- She helped to look poor children in Egypt from 1920 to 1969.

a.for b.in c. from d.after

6- Where..... live before you moved to Alexandria?

a.are you b.do you c.you used to d.did you use to

7- Adam fell off his bike and had a big..... on his arm.

a.pump b.way c.infection d.cut

8- You should sport to keep healthy.

a.take b.make c.give d do

9-.....you see the film about the earthquake on TV last night?

a.Did b.Do c.Will d.Were

10- This great charity helps children..... heart problems.

a.with b.in c.without d.for

5- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. Tamer didn't..... (used) to study hard at school.

2. Yesterday, we..... (have) lunch in a big restaurant.

3. Where did you..... (went) last night?

4. Did you visit the Pyramids when you..... (are) young?

6-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

A person that you are proud of (your hero)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





Test on unit 3

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. What is your mother's job?

- a. nurse b. doctor c. pilot d. teacher

2. Where does she work?

- a. school b. airport c. hospital d. cinema

3. Where did she study?

- a. Faculty of Medicine b. Faculty of Nursing
c. Faculty of Arts d. Faculty of Engineering

4. Does she sometimes work at night?

- a. No, she isn't b. No, she doesn't
c. Yes, she does d. I don't know

2. Complete the following dialogue:

Karim: Can I ask you some questions for my quiz?
Tarek: Yes, Of (1).....
Karim: What do you (2)..... of teachers?
Tarek: I think they are (3).....
Karim: Why do you think they are heroes?
Tarek: Beacuse they (4)..... us many things.
Karim: I think we can learn from the internet.
Tarek: What do you mean?
Karim: In other (5).... we don't need teachers because we have the internet.
Tarek: I don't agree with you.

3. Read the passage, then answer the questions:

Once there was a Lion in the jungle who used to kill 2-3 animals daily for his meal. All animals went to him to tell, that daily one of them will come to him for his meal. So, the Lion agreed and this started going for many days. One day, It was Rabbit's turn. When he was on his way, he saw a well.

Now he plans to kill the lion and save himself. He went to the lion and told him that, there is another lion who claims يدعي يقول to be more powerful than him. Then the lion asks the rabbit to take him to that lion. The rabbit takes him to the well and said he lives here. When the lion looked in the well he saw his own reflection خياله . He jumped in the well and dies.

a. Answer the following questions

1. How many animals did the animal eat for his meal?

2. Where did the lion die?

3. Who is more intelligent the lion or the rabbit?

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

4. The underlined word " daily " means

- a. every day b. a month c. a year d. every week





5. A word in the passage that means "strong" is.

- a. lazy b. powerful c. happy d. sad

6 The rabbit wanted to.....the lion.

- a. save b. rescue c. help d. kill

4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. He lost his leg when the shark.....him.

- a. attacked b. helped c. saved d. rescued

2. He has athat helps poor people.

- a. organization b. charity c. gang d. pond

3. He used to be lazy, but now he.....

- a. is b. isn't c. does d. doesn't

4. Earthquakes are natural.....

- a. feeling b. faster c. disasters d. enemy

5. The.....pumps blood around the body.

- a. kidney b. lung c. nose d. heart

6. He.....Luxor in 2020.

- a. will visit b. visits c. visiting d. visited

7.means very brave or great.

- a. Heroic b. Heavy c. Useless d. Lazy

8.are brave people who put out fires.

- a. Fighters b. Lighter c. Firefighters d. Cheaters

9.he use to study hard?

- a. Do b. Does c. Was d. Did

10. Sameera Mousa was Egypt's first.....nuclear scientist.

- a. male b. junior c. child d. female

5. Complete the sentences with the correct form:

1. He used to(helping) his mother.

2. Egypt.....(win) the Africa Cup in 2008.

3. (Did).....he ready for the competition?

4. They didn't.....(arrived) early yesterday.

6. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

" Life In Ancient Egypt "

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





Unit 4 – Into the past

Vocabulary

Lessons 1 & 2

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
stadium	استاد	historic	تاريخي	whole	كل / طوال
arch	قنطرة	awesome	مدهش	protect	يحمي
mosque	مسجد	guide	مرشد	packed	معبأ
castle	قلعة	ancient	قديم	straight	مستقيم
ruins	حطام / بقايا	view	منظر طبيعي	away from	بعد عن
noisy	مزعج	Romans	الرومان	shower	لش
stones	حجارة	imagine	يتخيل	pool	حمام سباحة
rubbish	قمامة	statues	تماثيل	temple	معبد
bin	سلة مهملات	entrance	مدخل	desert	التصحراء
aces	مسابقات	ticket	تذكرة	past	الماضي
future	المستقبل	hieroglyphics	الكتابة الهيروغليفية	lake	بحيرة
site	موقع	columns	أعمدة	Petra	مدينة البتراء
obelisk	مسلة	enter	يدخل	Jordan	الأردن
sacred	مقدس	trip	رحلة	rules	قواعد
dates to	يعود تاريخه إلى	recommend	يوصي بـ	culture	الثقافة

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
forget	ينسى	forgot	forgotten
drive	يقود سيارة	drove	driven
bring	يجلب / يخصر	brought	brought
tell	يخبر	told	told
build	يبني	built	built

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
strong	قوي	powerful	weak	ضعيف
National	وطني	local	international	دولي
ancient	عتيق	Very old	modern	حديث
Go in	الدخل	enter	Go out	الخروج
amazing	مدهش	awesome	bad	سيء
higher	أعلى	more	lower	أدنى





Definitions

stadium	استاد	a place where we watch sports
arch	قنطرة	an entrance to a building
mosque	مسجد	a place where Muslims pray
castle	قلعة	a very large strong building, built in the past as a safe place
ruins	حطام / بقايا	the parts of a building that is left after the rest has been destroyed
historic	تاريخي	old or related to the past
awesome	مدهش	wonderful or amazing
guide	مرشد	someone whose job is to take tourists to a place and show them around
view	منظر طبيعي	what you see from a place

Expressions

excited about	مثار بشأن	arrive at the temple	يصل للمعبد
plan properly	يخطط بشكل مناسب	forget to + مصدر	ينسى أن
arrive on time	يصل في الوقت المحدد	in the desert	في الصحراء
the whole day	طوال اليوم	interested in	مهتم بـ
a bottle of	زجاجة من	a good idea to	فكرة جيدة
drop litter	يرمي القمامة	what life was like	ما كانت عليه الحياة
put in the bin	يضع في سلة المهملات	the entrance to	مدخل لـ
a long walk	مسافة طويلة	enjoy + v + ing	يستمتع بـ
listen carefully	يستمع بانتباه	on a hill	على التل
on the road	على الطريق	walk past	يمر من أمام
dates to	يعود تاريخه إلى	recommend + ing / اسم	يوصي / يقترح

Language Notes

1. so / لذلك / so that + فاعل + can / could + مصدر ... الكو ... مصدر

➤ He studied hard, so he got the best mark.

➤ They arrived early so that they could catch the bus

2. plan / خطة أو يخطط / plane / طائرة / plant / نبات

➤ We have a plan to go on a trip.

➤ The plane leaves at 7 p.m.

3. arrive in + مكان كبير (دولة أو مدينة) / arrive at + (مكان صغير) يصل إلى

➤ They arrived in Cairo last night.

➤ You must arrive at school on time.

4. mustn't + مصدر ... ممنوع فعل الشيء = You are not allowed

➤ You mustn't be noisy in class. = You are not allowed to be noisy in class.

5. forget + v + ing / فعل الشيء ونسي أنه فعله / forget + to + مصدر . نسي أن يفعل الشيء

➤ I forgot visiting the zoo.

➤ Don't forget to do your homework.

6. interested in = keen on = fond of مهتم أو مفرح بـ

➤ They are interested in football.

➤ They are keen on watching TV.

7. dates to + سنة ... يعود تاريخه إلى



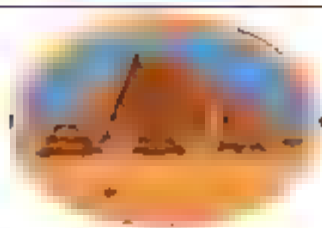


➤ This temple dates to around 300 BCE

Listening page 35

Teacher: I'm sure you're all **excited** about visiting the Pyramids next Sunday. It's **important** that we **plan** our trip **properly**, so I need to talk to you **about rules**.

On Sunday morning, you **must** arrive at school on time so that we can leave **straight** away. It's a long drive to Giza from the school. We're going to be away from school for the whole day, so you must **bring** a packed lunch. It's going to be very hot, so you **must** also bring a hat and a bottle of water. Of course, the Pyramids are very **important** to the history and culture of our country. We must help to protect them. You **mustn't climb** the Pyramids or sit on them. You **mustn't** drop litter. We must bring all of our rubbish home with us. So, are there any questions about the trip?



Instructions , you are not allowed

Library	School	Pyramids	Swimming pool
You mustn't eat or drink. You must be quiet.	You must listen to the teacher. You mustn't be noisy in class.	You mustn't touch the stones. You must put rubbish in the bin.	You must have a shower before you swim. You mustn't run near the pool.

Reading

An amazing day out

I visited Abydos last week with my cousins. There is so much to see: temples, amazing art and ruins in the desert. I am not usually very interested in history, but this place is **awesome**! It is really **amazing**!

Maged, Cairo

Get a guide

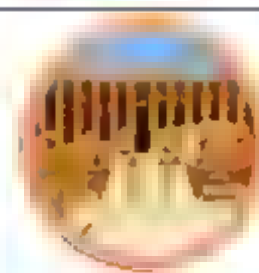
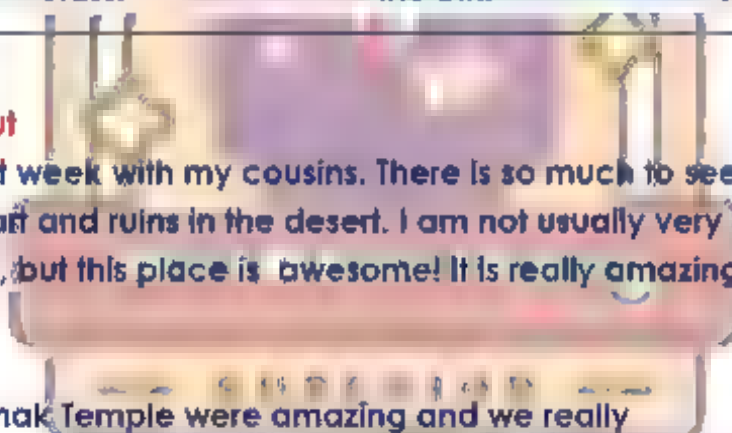
The ruins at the Karnak Temple were **amazing** and we really enjoyed our visit! It's a big place, so you need a few hours to walk around it. It's also a good idea to get a guide to tell you all about the history .

Leila, Assiut

Go back to Roman times!

I visited the Roman theatre in Alexandria with my cousins last week. It is easy to imagine what life in Roman times was like here. There are also statues and the ruins of a temple in the museum there. It was great fun .

Samir, Giza





The city of Jerash

Jerash is a Roman city in Jordan. It is more than 2.000 years old! When you go there, the first thing you see is the **entrance** to the city. The arch is very tall. You must buy a ticket before you go in.

The Romans enjoyed watching a sport. This **stadium** is for Roman horse races. You can watch races there today.

Jerash has three Roman theaters. The biggest theatre is the South Theatre. Five thousand people can sit here.

This temple is on a hill. There is an amazing view of the city from here.

I think it is important to learn about historic places around the world. We must **protect** them so that people can visit in the future, too.



Exercise on Vocabulary

1-choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 We walked under a big before we entered the museum.

- a) arch b) statue c) castle d) mosque

2 This building became after an earthquake.

- a) statues b) ruins c) castles d) mosques

3 There are more than 2.000 in the museum..

- a) subjects b) projects c) parts d) objects

4 Heba is not interested playing tennis.

- a) on b) in c) with d) to

5 We are proud of our handball team. They won the cup.

- a) world b) modern c) ancient d) national

6 In the past, people built to watch their favourite sports.

- a) museums b) mosques c) stadiums d) theatres

7 We bought a new house with a large

- a) entrance b) wall c) ruin d) castle

8 Children must learn how to politely all the time.

- a) treat b) behave c) do d) make

9 When I look out of my bedroom window, I have a beautiful....

- a) location b) sight c) view d) review

10 They didn't complete this building at all. These are thousands of years old.

- a) ruins b) arches c) entrances d) castles

11 This old castle to the Romans times.





- a) gets b) dates c) goes d) jumps
- 12 When you travel to a historic place, you should... a guide.
- a) make b) get c) teach d) buy
- 13 Many people are.....in watching football matches.
- a) pleased b) happy c) interested d) proud
- 14 Students usually bring.....lunch with them on a trip.
- a) bucket b) packet c) baked d) packed
- 15 This book is very interesting. I.....it to you.
- a) recommend b) advise c) tell d) say
- 16 The trip was.....It was amazing.
- a) scary b) pleased c) awesome d) boring
- 17 We call something is.....when it is very old.
- a) new b) modern c) patient d) ancient
- 18 People build.....to pray in.
- a) statues b) ruins c) castles d) mosques
- 19 It's easy to.....what life in Roman times was like here.
- a) get b) imagine c) need d) visit

must / mustn't

1 - تستخدم كلمة (must) للتعبير عن الالتزام او الضرورة وفي الجملة يكون الشكل كالآتي

مصدر + must + فاعل

You must listen to your teacher carefully.

You must have a shower before you swim.

2 - في السؤال بمعنى هل من الضروري نستخدم الشكل الآتي

Must + فاعل + مصدر?

Must I take these books?

Yes, you must.

No, you mustn't.

3 - وفي حالة السؤال بأداة استفهام يكون الشكل كالآتي

مصدر + فاعل + must + أداة استفهام?

What must he buy for his daughter?

He must buy her a present.

When must he arrive at school?

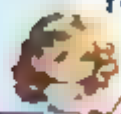
He must arrive on time.

4 - نستخدم كلمة (mustn't) للتعبير عن ان الشيء ممتنع (ليس مسموح ان تفعل الشيء)

مصدر + mustn't + فاعل = You aren't allowed to + مصدر

You mustn't eat in the library. = You are not allowed to eat in the library.

You mustn't be noisy in class. = You are not allowed to be noisy in class.





Exercise on grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- You look right and left before you cross the road.

- a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) don't have to

2- You drink water from the river. It's not clean.

- a) mustn't b) have to c) has to d) doesn't have to

3- You turn the music up too loud, you will harm our ears.

- a) mustn't b) have to c) has to d) doesn't have to

4- You do the housework. Our mother is ill.

- a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) have

5- This was a nice evening. We must again.

- a) meet b) meeting c) met d) to meet

6- You brush your teeth three times a day. It's good for your teeth

- a) have to b) don't have to c) mustn't d) must

7- You forget to do your homework regularly.

- a) must to b) must c) mustn't to d) mustn't

8- You be kind to your friends.

- a) mustn't b) must c) must never d) shouldn't

9- It's late. You never make so much noise.

- a) mustn't b) must c) shouldn't d) don't

10- At school, you listen to your teacher.

- a) have b) must c) mustn't d) has to

11- a You be home on time. Don't be late.

- a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) don't have to

12- This is a valuable book. you keep it and mustn't lose it.

- a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) haven't

13- You be quiet in the library.

- a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) haven't

14- It is hot today, so you all wear a hat

- a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) haven't

15- What must or mustn't you in a historic place?

- a) doing b) does c) do d) did

2- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1- You (mustn't) study hard if you want to pass your exams.

2- You mustn't (using) a mobile phone in class.

3- You mustn't. (to forget) your bag and books.

4- Students and teachers must (are) polite to each other.

5- We must (to go) to the laboratory for our science lessons.

6- People (must) throw rubbish in the street.

7- Students must (arrives) at school on time.

8- I. (not must) make noise during the lesson.





- 1- Last week, I had an amazing day.
- 2- I went to the pyramids last week.
- 3- I went there by bus.
- 4- I went with my family.
- 5- The weather was very nice.
- 6- We saw the pyramids.
- 7- They are very big and amazing.
- 8- We rode camels and horses there.
- 9- We saw a lot of tourists.
- 10- They were very friendly.

- 11- We saw sphinx.
- 12- It is very big.
- 13- We took a lot of photos.
- 14- We enjoyed sound and light show.
- 15- We went to a restaurant.
- 16- We ate fish and rice.
- 17- We drank orange juice.
- 18- We had a nice day.
- 19- We were very happy.
- 20- We returned home in the evening.

General Exercise on lessons 1 & 2

1-Complete the following dialogue:

Hany : Did you visit Jerash before?

Samy : What is Jerash?

Hany :

Samy : ..?

Hany : It is more than 2,000 years old!

Samy : ..?

Hany : You can visit it by buying a ticket before you go in.

Samy : Are there any theatres in Jerash?

Hany :

2-Read the following , then answer the questions:

The oldest museum in Cairo opened in 1835. There were more than 160,000 of Egypt's most valuable treasures on display. However, the museum didn't have space for 100,000 other objects. In 2002, there was a competition to design a bigger and more modern museum. The competition had 1,575 designs from more than 80 different countries.

The Grand Egyptian Museum (GEM) welcomed its first visitors in 2019. It is **further** from the city centre than the old museum, but only two kilometres from the Pyramids at Giza, **it** has more space for valuable objects. More people can see them and it is able to look after the objects really well.

a. Answer the following questions:

1 .Give a suitable title for this passage.

2 .What do you think of museums?.

3 .How old is the oldest museum?

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

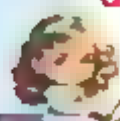
4 .The word "further" is the opposite of.....

a. ancient

b. nearer

c. far

d.open



5 .The underlined pronoun "it" refers to _____.

- a. the city centre b. Giza c. the old museum d. GEM

6 The museum is a place to keep... ..on display.

- a. designs b. pyramids c. treasures d. visitors

3--choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. Petra in Jordan. to around 300 BCE.

- a. takes b. moves c. dates d. arrives

2 .How should you behave when you visitplaces in other countries?

- a historian b. history c. historical d historic

3. We must buy.....before we go to the concert.

- a) guides b) tickets c) papers d) presents

4.....is a very large strong building, built in the past as a safe place

- a) stadium b) museum c) theatre d) castle

5 People go to mosques to...

- a) cook b) jump c) pray d) play

6. Runners from all over the world will take part in the.....

- a) ride b) match c) game d) race

7. the taxi driver dropped me off at the main to the museum.

- a) entrance b) wall c) ruin d) castle

8. Be careful! You.....eat healthy food.

- a. must b. mustn't c. shouldn't d. can't

9.).....get up early tomorrow. The train leaves at six a.m.

- a) must b) shouldn't c) mustn't d) don't have to

10 You.....behave well with old people.

- a. shouldn't b. must c. mustn't d. can't

4 -Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. You mustn't (make) noise in class.

2. All must (be) quiet in class.

3. We must..... (to help) the poor. ||

4. You (must) walk on the grass here, there's a sign overthere.

5-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

A historic place in Egypt



Vocabulary

Lessons 3 & 4 :

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
coins	عملات معدنية	vase	فارة	Islamic	إسلامي
figure	تمثال	clay	صلصال	museum	متحف
mask	قناع / كمامة	design	تصميم	tickets	تذاكر
necklace	قلادة	papyrus	ورق البردي	look around	يتجول
tool	أداة	senet	لعبة السنت	bag	شنطة
floor	أرضية	made of	مصنوع من	online	عبر الانترنت
ticket officer	موظف حجر تذكرة	keep away	يبعد	pounds	جنيهاً
customer	زبون	insects	حشرات	wood	خشب
take off	يخلع (حذاء)	mix	يختلط / يمزج	plastic	بلاستيك
certainly	بالأكيد	ingredients	مقايير	protect	يحمي
except	معد	objects	أشياء	bowl	سلطانية
adults	كبار / بالغين	mirror	مرآة	popular	مشهور
paint	يلون / يدهن	bread	خبز	metal	معدن
pots	أواني	squares	مربعات	The River Nile	نهر النيل

Irregular Verbs

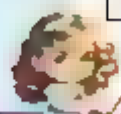
Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
buy	يشترى	bought	bought
see	يرى	saw	seen
go	يذهب	went	gone
take	يأخذ	took	taken
give	يعطي	gave	given

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
huge	صخم	enormous	tiny	صغير الحجم
certainly	مؤكد	surely	probably	من المحتمل
adult	بالغ راشد	Grown up	child	طفل

Definitions

coin	عملة معدنية	a piece of metal, usually flat and round, that is used as money
mask	قناع	something that covers all or part of your face to protect it
figure	تمثال	a model of a person
necklace	عقد / قلادة	a thin gold or silver chain سلسلة to wear around the neck
clay	صلصال	something used for making pots, bricks etc
papyrus	ورق البردي	a type of paper made from papyrus and used in ancient Egypt
senet	لعبة السنت	an ancient game looked like chess





Expressions

got home	يصل للمنزل	play a game	يلعب لعبة
mix ingredients	يخلط المقادير	protect eyes from	يحمي العيون من
paint around eyes	يلون حول العين	keep away insects	يبعد الحشرات
make + مفعول + مصدر	يجعل	in bowls	في أواني
look good	يبدو جيدا	make bread	يصلع خبز
for making	من أجل صناعة	draw on the floor	يرسم على الأرض
made of clay	مصنوع من الصلصال	popular in	مشهور في



Language Notes

1. floor أرضية الحجرة / ground أرض الشوارع / playground ملعب

- > He puts his bags on the floor.
- > People left much rubbish on the ground.

2. Like + v + ing / 'd like to + مصدر

- > I like watching TV.
- > I'd like to watch TV.

3. except ماعدا / accept يقبل / expect يتوقع

- > The museum is open every day except Friday.
- > I expect it will rain.
- > I accepted his invitation for dinner.

4. made of مادة لا تراها بعد صنع الشيء / made from مادة تراها بعد صنع الشيء

- > Bread is made from flour
- > Books are made of paper.

5. How much = what price ما سعر شيء؟

- > How much is the ticket?
- > How much does the ticket cost?
- > What price is the ticket?

6. popular in + مكان ... مشهور في / popular with + شخص محبوب من

- > Football is popular in Egypt.
- > Koshari is popular with the Egyptians.

Boy: Last Tuesday, I went to the Museum of Islamic Art with my family. While we were waiting to go into the museum, I saw my friend Amir with his mum and dad! While my parents were buying the tickets, Amir and I **decided** what we wanted to see first. While we were looking around the museum, Amir and I found some tall doors with amazing **designs** on them. They were very interesting, so I wanted a photo. I put my bag on the floor while I was taking the photo. We stayed in the museum for two hours before we went home. While we were travelling home, Amir phoned me. He had my bag- I left it in the museum! We got home an hour later. Amir arrived while I was **taking off** my shoes! He gave me my bag.





Ticket office : Good morning, City Museum. How can I help you?

Customer : Good morning. Can you tell me what times the museum is open?

Ticket office : Certainly. We open from 9:30 to 6 30 every day except Friday. We close then.

Customer : I'd like to know how much a ticket for two adults and one child is, please.

Ticket office : Of course Adults are 150 pounds and children under 12 are 75 pounds

Customer : Can I buy the tickets at the museum?

Ticket office : Yes, or you can buy them online.

Customer : Thank you for your help. Goodbye.

Read about objects in Ancient Egypt Why did people draw squares on the floor?

Objects from Egypt's past

Objects from the past can help us to **understand** what life was like many years ago. They can also show us that we use many of the same objects today! In Ancient Egypt, many people used: **mirrors** - to help them paint around their eyes. This was not just to make them look good: the paint helped to protect their eyes from the sun and kept away- insects. The mirrors were metal and had interesting **designs**. Where do you have mirrors in your home?



The Ancient Egyptians used pots and bowls for making food such as bread. These objects were made of clay, which came from the River Nile. While some people were mixing ingredients for bread in bowls, other people got into the bowl and used their feet to mix the ingredients! How do we make bread today?

The Ancient Egyptians liked playing games like senet. Senet boxes have 30 squares. This box is made of wood and is about 3,500 years old. Some a people did not have senet boxes, but they still played the game. They drew the squares on the floor. What games are popular in Egypt today.



Exercise on Vocabulary

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1- Ancient Egyptians made pots and bowls of.....from the Nile.

- a) metal b) wool c) clay d) water

2- Ancient Egyptians used.....for writing.

- a) papyrus b) wood c) wool d) paper

3 -A.....is a piece of metal used as money.

- a) pot b) bowl c) can d) coin

4- Some boys woreon their faces to frighten girls.

- a) shorts b) skirts c) masks d) shirts





5- My grandmother gave me a beautifulon my birthday which I can wear a round my neck.

- a) ring b) watch c) jumper d) necklace

6- My mother wears two..... on her fingers. They are expensive.

- a) rings b) watches c) scarfs d) necklaces

7 .Bees and ants are small.....

- a) animals b) birds c) insects d) turtles

8- People wear sunglasses to.....their eyes from the sun

- a) affect b) protect c) infect d) give

9- My father's mobile phone.....him a lot of money. It's very expensive.

- a) cost b) paid c) bought d)sold

10 -There is aof flowers on the table next to my bed.

- a) bottle b) vase c) bag d) glass

11- The shop is very crowded today. There are many.....

- a) waiters b) customers c) sellers d) objects

12- We go to school every day.....holidays.

- a) accept b) expect c) except d) aspect

13 .This chemical helps to keepmosquitos.

- a) away b) by c) for d) in

14.Ais a piece of equipment you can use to make or repair thing.

- a) vase b) tap c) tool d) pot

15..A.....is a model of a person.

- a) figure b) tap c) coin d) pot

16.Can you tell me theof the ticket, please?

- a) figure b) price c) vase d) culture

17.paper is madewood.

- a) from b) out c) in d) of

18.Theof this building is really wonderful.

- a) design b) sign c) object d) subject

الماضي المستمر *past continuous*

11 - يتكون الماضي المستمر كالآتي

فاعل + was / were + V + ing

I	He	She	It	اسم مفرد	was + V + ing
We	You	They		اسم جمع	were + V + ing

I was watching TV.

They were reading the story.

2 في حالة النفي نضع (not) بد (was / were)





She wasn't eating.

We weren't swimming.

Was she cooking?
Were they playing?
Were you sleeping?

Yes, she was
Yes, they were
Yes, I was.

No, she wasn't.
No, they weren't.
No, I wasn't.

3 السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد يكون معناه هل وتكون الاجابة بـ Yes, or No.

4 - أما السؤال الذي يبدأ بأداة استفهام يكون الشكل كالآتي

Was / Were + فاعل + V + ing.....?

1. Where was he waiting?

He was waiting in the club.

2. What were they wearing?

They were wearing shirts.

5 - استخدامات الماضي المستمر

1 - يستخدم الماضي المستمر للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمر في وقت معين في الماضي

At 7 o'clock yesterday, he was watching the film.

2 - يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا وقطعه حدث آخر الحدث المستمر يكون ماضي مستمر والذي قطعه يكون ماضي بسيط وذلك مع الروابط مثل

when / while / as / just as

When he arrived, they were eating.

While she was cooking, Ali came.

When she was cooking, Ali arrived.

يمكن أن يأتي الحدثان ماضي مستمر إذا لم يقطع أحدهم الآخر أي كان مستمران في نفس الوقت

While she was cooking, her sister was washing the dishes.

When he was eating, he was watching TV.

إذا لم يأتي فاعل بعد (while) تستخدم (v+ing) فقط

While I was studying, I slept.

While studying, I slept.

معلومة هامة (3)

الافعال الشعورية والجواس والالراك والتذكر والعاطفة وانتملك لا تستخدم في الاستمرار

like	believe	own	know
love	remember	understand	want

I was owning a car. (X)

I owned a car (✓)

Exercise on Grammar

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 The telephone rang while Tamer.....doing his homework.

a) was b) is c) were d) are

2 Sanaa heard the noise.....she was watching a film.

a) if b) as c) so d) because

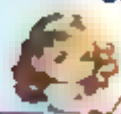




- 3 We were playing tennis when Tamer.....his ankle.
a) hurling b) hurt c) was hurting d) is hurting
- 4 Someone opened the door while I.....
a) was sleeping b) was slept c) sleeping d) slept
- 5 While I was looking out of the window, it.....to rain.
a) started b) was started c) was starting d) starting
- 6 As I.....for tomorrow's game, I fell down and hurt my leg.
a) practise b) practising c) practised d) was practising
- 7 When I was younger, I.....pizza almost every day.
a) eaten b) eat c) ate d) was eating
- 8 The boys didn't play because it.....
a) rained b) was raining c) rains d) raining
- 9 What.....at 10 pm last night?
a) were they doing b) did they do
c) did they use to do d) are they doing
- 10 Yesterday, I.....a play at 10 o'clock.
a. have watched b. was watching
c. was watched d. watched
- 11 I was studying my lessons when the lightsout.
a. goes b. went c. were going d. gone
- 12 I.....my lunch when the phone rang.
a. have eaten b. was eating c. has eaten d. ate
- 13 (Last year, we.....to the beautiful city of Venice in Italy.
a. were travelling b. travel c. travelled d. travels
- 14 When we sat down for a picnic, lots of runnersthrough the park.
a) run b) was running c) ran d) were running
- 15 As Karim was taking photos of the animals, hehis phone.
a) lost b) was losing c) loses d) losing
- 16 While Mona.....tennis, she hurt her arm.
a. plays b. played c. was playing d. were playing
- 17 I was doing my homework when my sister.....me.
a. was calling b. calls c. called d. calling
- 18 Lots of birds.....in the sky as we were sitting down on the beach
a. was flying b. flew c. fly d. were flying
- 19 I didn't answer the phone because I.....
a- was praying b- had prayed c- have prayed d- prayed.
- 20 While.....Egypt, tourists enjoy sightseeing.
a) visiting b) was visiting c) visited d) was visited

2 -Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

- 1 They(have) tea when the doorbell rang.
2 When he.....(arrives), we were having dinner.
3 I was sweeping the floor.....(while) I heard a noise.
4 They(forget) their books yesterday.
5 At four p.m yesterday, I.......(did) my homework.
6 I was walking through the park when I.....(meet) Adel.
7 While I was texting my friends, the school bus(arrives.)
8 While... ..(study), he fell asleep





- 1- I went to the beach last week.
- 2- I went there by bus.
- 3- I went with my family.
- 4- The weather was very nice.
- 5- We swam in the sea.
- 6- I built a sandcastle.
- 7- I saw a lot of boats

- 8- We played football on the beach.
- 9- We took a lot of photos
- 10- We went to a restaurant.
- 11- We ate fish and rice
- 12- We drank orange juice.
- 13- We had a nice day
- 14- We were very happy.
- 15- We returned home in the evening.

General Exercise on lessons 3 & 4

1. Complete the following dialogue:

Amir : Happy to meet you here, Salah.

Salah :

Amir : Is it your first ?

Salah :

Amir :

Salah : I'm here to buy some books and a dictionary.

Amir :

Salah : I will stay for two weeks.

Amir : That's fine. you can stay with me.

Salah :

2- Read the following, then answer the questions:-

One day, Ahmed was on the third floor of his house, mending a broken door. He had nearly finished, and he was pleased with his work. Suddenly, he heard a voice below, "Hello!" When he looked down, Ahmed saw an old man in dirty clothes standing below. "What do you want?" asked Ahmed. "Come down and I'll tell you," called the man. Ahmed was angry, but he was a polite man, so he put down his tools. Carefully, he climbed all the way down to the ground. "What do you want?" he asked, when he reached the ground. "Could you spare a little money for an old beggar?" asked the old man. Ahmed thought for a minute. Then he said, "Come with me." He began climbing the ladder again. The old man followed him all the way to the top. When they were both sitting on the third floor, Ahmed turned to the beggar and said "No."

a. Answer the following questions

1 What was Ahmed doing when he heard a voice below?

2 Do you think Ahmed behaved well with the old man?

3 What did the old man need?





2- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

4 Ahmed was with his work.

- a unhappy b sad c angry d please

5 Ahmed was on the floor of his house.

- a fourth b second c third d first

6 The old man was wearing clothes.

- a soft b dirty c expensive d clean

3- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Vitamin B12 may have a role in protecting heart disease.

- a) on b) from c) to d) in

2. Popele used bowls to ingredients.

- a) repair b) mix c) do d) paint

3. Ancient Egyptians made pots and bowls of from the Nile.

- a) metal b) wool c) clay d) water

4. Pharaohs were the first to write on

- a papyrus b. clay c. metal d. figure

5. A is a piece of equipment you can use to make or repair things.

- a. tool b type c. table d. mask

6. my mother uses healthy when she cooks our food.

- a. coins b. subjects c. ingredients d. pans

7. A is a kind of jewellery that you wear around your neck.

- a. ring b. watch c necklace d glasses

8. While Ali was reading a story, his mum in the kitchen,

- a. cook b cooking c. was cooking d. cooks

9. his homework when the phone rang?

- a Did he do b. Was he doing c. Does he do d. Is he doing

10. What was Samar at 5 yesterday?

- a did b do c doing d to do

4 - Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. When I (see) him on the road, he was driving a beautiful car.

2. What (you do) when I phoned you?

3. Heba's son dropped the toy while she (reads) a story.

4. (be) you sleeping when the light went out.

5. Write a paragraph of about 90 words on:

A visit to the beach

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





Vocabulary

Lessons 5 & 6

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
tourism	السياحة	behave	يتصرف	plan for	يخطط لـ
local	محلي	tourists	السياح	mean	يعني
company	شركة	protect	يحمي	decide	يقرر
environment	البيئة	area	منطقة	beach	شاطيء
damage	يلحق	lake	بحيرة	hotel	فندق
ruins	بقايا / أطلال	needle	مسلة / إبرة	busy	مشغول / مزدحم
historic	تاريخي	Senegal	دولة السنغال	summer	الصيف
drop	يلقي / يسقط	River Thames	نهر التايمز	building	مبنى
litter	قمامة	Cleopatra's needle	مسلة كليوباترا	Gambia	دولة غامبيا
ancient	قديم	stones	أحجار	Pharaoh	فرعون
weigh	يزن	sink	يغوص / يغرق	special	خاص / مميز

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
mean	يعني	meant	meant
sink	يغوص / يغرق	sank	sunk
give	يعطي	gave	given
drive	يقود	drove	driven
know	يعرف	knew	known
tell	يخبر	told	told

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
agree	يوافق	accept	disagree	يرفض
sink	يغوص	Go down	float	يعوم / يطفو
strange	غريب	unusual	usual	عادي
more	أكثر	extra	less	أقل

Definitions

damage	يلحق	to cause harm to someone or something
tourists	السياح	people travelling or visiting a place for pleasure
area	منطقة	a part of a country, town etc
protect	يحمي	to keep someone or something safe
lake	بحيرة	a large area of water surrounded by land
needle	مسلة	a very tall piece of stone with a pointed end
environment	البيئة	the air, water, and land on Earth





Expressions

good for	مفيد / مناسب لـ	a good idea	فكرة جيدة
bring money to	يجلب مال	has jobs for	لدية وظائف لـ
I don't think so	لا أعتقد ذلك	in the city	في المدينة
maybe	ربما	take water from	يأخذ مياه من
drop litter	يلقي القمامة	damage the environment	يضر البيئة
in other ways	بطرق أخرى	protect the environment	بحمي البيئة
weighs about	يزن حوالي	look after	يعتني بـ



Language Notes

1. **sink** يغرق للأشياء / **drown** يغرق للإنسان

- > The ship sank in a storm.
- > The boy couldn't swim well, so he drowned.

2. **good for** جيد لـ / **good to** عطف على / **good at** جيد في

- > Is tourism good for historic places?
- > Hamdy is good at drawing.

3. **beach** شاطئ البحر / **bank** صفة النهر

- > The children played on the beach.
- > We walked along the river bank.

4. **money** مال (اسم لا يعد) / **pounds** جنيهات (اسم جمع)

- > My money is not enough.
- > The mobile is 3,000 pounds.

5. **special** خاص أو مميز / **private** ملك شخص أو عائلية

- > They made a special ship for the stone.
- > We have a private garden.

Amira :What do you think, Hana? Is tourism good for historic places?

Hana : yes , I think it is . Tourists bring money to an area. This helps the local people.

Amira : I don't think so .A lot of the money goes to big companies, not local people

Hana : Maybe, but some holiday companies help the environment and the local people.

Amira : I don't agree that tourisms help the environment. Tourists drop rubbish and damage places in other ways, like sitting on ancient ruins.

Hana. I see what you mean . but most tourists behave well. They know it's important to protect historic places





Report on the stone circles of Senegambia

Where are the stone circles?

-There are more than 1,000 Stone **Circles** of Senegambia. They follow the River Gambia for 350 kilometers across two countries: **Senegal and Gambia**.

Why are the stone circles important?

- The stone circles are very important to the history of Senegal and Gambia. They tell us about the people who made them and how they lived.

How old are the stone circles?

-The oldest stone circles are around 2,300 years old and the youngest are around 500 years old. This means that people were building the circles for more than 1,800 years

Can tourists visit them?

-Tourists can visit them, but they must not , damage them. Money from tourism helps to pay for local people to look after the stones. . It is important to protect the stones.



Cleopatra's Needle

1-Where is Cleopatra's Needle?

Cleopatra's Needle is a large and important stone with beautiful designs on it. You can see it next to The River Thames In London, England.

2- How old is it?

The Ancient Egyptians made the stone for Pharaoh Thutmose III and it is about 3,000 years old.

3- How big is it?

The stone is more than 29 meters high and weighs about 200,000kilograms.

4-How did it get to this country?

The British made a special ship for the stone In 1877. While the ship was travelling to London, it nearly sank in a storm. Another ship helped the stone to arrive in England a year later.



Exercise on Vocabulary

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1- There was a in our class about how we help the environment.

a)debate b) date c)carpet d) lamp

2-.....is important for Egypt because it brings a lot of money and jobs.

a) Infection b) illness c) Pollution d) Tourism

3- We should protect our.....places because they are very important.





- a) history b) historian c) geography d) historic
- 4- Some tourists are careless because they rubbish in historic places.
- a) drop b) make c) lend d) mix
- 5- Some projects in the area help people to find jobs easily.
- a) strange b) local c) historic d) natural
- 6- Some people think that tourists can important places.
- a) attack b) attract c) damage d) debate
- 7- A is a period of 100 years.
- a) month b) week c) decade d) century
- 8- I want to know what happened Hazem last night.
- a) to b) in c) under d) at
- 9- My brother works in a big that organises holidays.
- a) fort b) castle c) palace d) company
- 10- Muhammad Ali was the of Egypt in the past. He was the most important person.
- a) ruler b) roller c) baker d) waiter
- 11- The manager read a about what the workers did.
- a. passage b subject c report d. title
- 12- The boat filled with water and began to
- a. fall b. sink c. damage d protect
- 13- Cleopatra's is a large and important stone with beautiful designs on it.
- a. String b. Pyramid c Needle d. Mask
- 14- I paid a lot of money that computer.
- a) to b) on c) for d) with
- 15- The price for the hotel breakfast.
- a. consists b. contains c includes d. weighs

Expressions to ask and give your opinion

- What do you think of ? ► Do you think it's important to ?
- I feel that ► I think that
- I'm not sure, ► I agree that it's very important to
- I think it's important to ► Yes, I think so
- I don't agree with you

Writing

Task 1

- 1- Tourism is very important for Egypt.
- 2- It brings money to Egypt.
- 3- This money helps local people
- 4- Tourists can visit many place in Egypt.
- 5- They can visit the pyramids in Giza
- 6- They are three pyramids
- 7- They are great and amazing.
- 8- They can ride horses and camels.

Tourists can also visit Luxor and Aswan
They can take a lot of photos.
They can see the temples in Luxor.
They are amazing.
They can visit the High Dam in Aswan
It is very big.
They can visit the Egyptian Museum
They can stay in nice hotels.





General Exercise

1-Read the following , then answer the questions:

Many tourists like to visit Egypt. They usually come to Egypt in winter. They love to enjoy the fine weather. They visit many places in Egypt such as the Cairo Tower, the Pyramids and the temples. They enjoy the wonderful weather of Luxor and Aswan in winter. They usually take photos of the ancient temples in Egypt and they buy many things as souvenirs to remind them of Egypt. Other tourists like the beautiful beaches in Egypt, so they like to come in summer. They like to visit Hurghada for its fantastic beaches.

A) Answer the following questions:

1. Which places do tourists come to see in Egypt?

2. Why do they usually go to Luxor and Aswan in winter?

3. What does the underlined pronoun "they" refer to?

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. Tourists visit Luxor and Aswan in.....

- a) summer b) spring c) fall d) winter

5. The underlined word "ancient" means very.....

- a) new b) old c) near d) interesting

6. Tourists go to.....to enjoy the beaches there.

- a) Aswan b) Luxor c) Hurghada d) Cairo

2-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1- I see what you..... It's important to do the project.

- a. pay b. give c. mean d. eat

2. Tourism money to our country.

- a. pays b. brings c. travels d. works

3-..... are damaging many countries around the world.

- a) wars b) weddings c) birthdays d) parties

4. There are schools for deaf people who cannot hear.

- a) special b) tourist c) crowded d) ugly

5. I read an interesting about tourism in a magazine

- a) debate b) report c) paper d) plan

6. My sister always well when her aunts come to visit.

- a) stays b) works c) behaves d) sleeps

7- Fresh fruit and vegetables are good you.

- a. at b. in c. with d. for

8. Smoking can..... your health.

- a. protect b. plan c. damage d. bring

9- As I was photographing the castle, my little brother crying.

- a. starts b. started c. was starting d- had started

10- Salma was travelling around Indonesia when she..... her leg





- a. broke b. was breaking c. broken d. breaks
11. You. smoke in petrol stations. It is very dangerous.
- a) mustn't b) shouldn't c) needn't d) must
- 12- We don't have much time for the train. We..... hurry.
- a) must b) mustn't c) should to d) need

Test on Unit 4

1- Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

1. Who first played this game?
- a) the Romans b) the English c) the Indians d) the ancient Egyptians
- 2- How old is this game?
- a) 3500 b) 350 c) 3050 d) 3005
- 3- How many squares does this game have?
- a) 13 b) 31 c) 30 d) 300
- 4- A : what did people who didn't have these boxes do?
- B: they drew squares on the.....
- a) wall b) hill c) roof d) floor

2- Complete the following dialogue:

Fady : Do you think this plan for the new hotel is a good idea, Baher?

Baher :

Fady : Why?

Baher : It only has jobs for people in the city.

Fady :

Baher :?

Fady : Because more tourists in the area can help the local people.

Baher :?

Fady : Taking water from the lake will damage the environment. It's important to protect the environment.

Baher :

3- Read the following , then answer the questions:

One of the hobbies that people like is to collect things such as stamps, books, old coins and ancient pictures. But the strangest collection I have ever seen belongs to a man who owns four hundred clocks. There are clocks in every room of his house. The living room is surrounded by shelves, which had been filled with clocks. As there is not enough room for so many clocks, the man filled several trunks and stored them in the garage. His wife complains everyday about the work she has to do, for it is not easy to dust **several** hundred clocks. She also complains about the noise that each clock keeps its own time. She never knows exactly what time it is.

a. Answer the following questions:

1- What do people like to collect as a hobby?

2- Why does the man's wife complain?

3- What do you think would happen if all the clocks have the same time?





b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

4-The living room is surrounded by shelves which had been filled with.

- a. books b. clocks c. flowers d. newspapers

5-The man has put the clocks. ...

- a. in one room b. in the garage only
c. in different places d. in some rooms

4-The word "several" means.

- a. large b. little c. many d. few

4-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1-A/an.....can be entrance to another place.

- a) arch b) wall c) ruin d) castle

2- you can watch a sports match at.....

- a) museum b) library c) stadium d) castle

3-You can pray at a.....

- a) museum b) mosque c) stadium d) castle

4.You can see..... in a museum.

- a) prayers b) Castles c) Statues d) players

5-.....are not a complete building.

- a) Ruins b) Castles c) Statues d) Arches

6-.....is something that is concerning history.

- a) Historic b) Amazing c) Interesting d) Awesome

7A.....is a person who can show you round a place.

- a) cook b) waiter c) tourist d) guide

8What.....the boys doing at 4 p.m yesterday?

- a) did b) are c) have d) were

9-As I was running, I.....a nice bird.

- a) am seeing b) see c) saw d) sees

10-.....you hear the bell while you were cooking?

- a) Did b) Were c) Do d) have

5- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. During an exam, you..... (**must**) copy from the other students.

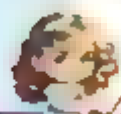
2. I(**must**) forget my wife's birthday, so I have to buy a card today.

3. He was painting..... (**while**) the phone rang.

4. What were you doing when I(**phone**).

6-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

Tourism





Unit 3 – Helping you, helping me

Vocabulary

Lessons 1 & 2 :

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
kindness	الطيبة	random	عشوائي	cooking	الطبخ
fantastic	رائع	run after	يتعقب / يطارق	rubbish	قمامة
bin	سلة مهملات	smile	ابتسامة	full	ممتلئ
give back	يعيد	stranger	غريب	take out	يخرج
messy	فوضوي	tidy up	يرتب	apartment	شقة
put away	يضع في مكانه	lift	أسقفير	snack	وجبة خفيفة
during	أثناء	dangerous	خطير	right	صحيح
take turns	يتبادل الأدوار	wheelchair	كرسي متحرك	hurt	يؤذي
wash up	غسل الأطباق	sunglasses	نظارة شمسية	healthy	صحي
meals	وجبات	alone	بمفرده	sweets	حلوى
address	عنوان	rest	راحة	write down	يكتب
reason	سبب	seat	مقعد	follow	يتبع
tips	نصائح	distance	مسافة	further	إضافي / أبعد

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
make	يصنع	made	made
run	يجري	ran	run
take	يأخذ	took	taken
give	يعطي	gave	given
feel	يشعر	felt	felt

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
tidy	منظم	clean	messy	فوضوي
heavy	ثقيل	massive	light	خفيف
borrow	يستأجر	take	lend	يسلف
lucky	محظوظ	fortunate	unlucky	غير محظوظ
full	ممتلئ	fill	empty	فارغ

Definitions

messy	فوضوي	dirty or untidy
random	عشوائي	not arranged or planned
put away	يضع في مكانه	to put something in the place where it is usually kept
stranger	غريب	someone that you do not know





bin	سلة المهملات	a container حاوية for putting waste / rubbish in
kindness	الطيبة	a kind action or doing
give back	يعيد	to give something to the person it belongs to



Language Notes

1. **a week** كل اسبوع = **per week**

> I go to the club once a week.

> I go to the club once per week.

2. **take turns** يتبادل الاثوار

> My sisters take turns to do the washing up.

3. **get on** يركب / **get off** ينزل

> They went on the boat to enjoy the sea.

> The passengers got off the train.

4. **alone** بمفرده / **lonely** يشعر بالوحدة

> He lives alone in his flat.

> He felt lonely at his new school.

5. **make + مفعول + مصدر + صفة**

> He made us happy.

> He made us study hard.

6. **for no reason** باليسبب او مغير

> We should do Random acts of kindness for no reason.

Hala: I'm **Hala**. I have to make my bed every day and tidy up my bedroom once a week. My mother isn't happy about how **messy** I am, but I always tidy up once a week on Saturday morning. It takes a long time. I have to put away all my clothes.

Munir: My name's **Munir**. During the week, my sister and I take turns to wash up after meals. I wash up after dinner on Mondays and Wednesdays and she washes up after dinner on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Sometimes, I help my grandmother to do the cooking. I love making **koushari**.

Adam: I'm **Adam**. I help with different things at home but my most difficult job is taking out our rubbish. I don't have to do this every day; only when the bins are full. I usually take out the bins in the evening on Wednesdays and Sundays. Our **apartment** is on the third floor so I have to go down to the street in the lift. The bins are heavy when they are full!

Nader: I sometimes have to look after my brother after school, but I like doing this. We play games and I give him a **snack** to eat. He doesn't have to do any homework yet, but he has to get his bag ready for school and I **make sure** he has the right books.





Aya: The girl looks sad to be alone. I think she is new in the school and doesn't have any friends yet. The other students shouldn't forget how it feels when you start school. They should try to make friends with her.

Samir : A man forgot his bag. Someone should run after him and give the bag back to him. Or they should look inside the bag to find his name and address.

Aya: The woman looks really tired! I think someone in her family should make her a cup of tea and she should have a rest. They should take the children outside and play with them.

Samir : She shouldn't carry all those things. Someone should carry some of the things for her.

Random acts of kindness

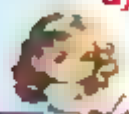
In 1982, some friends were in a restaurant in California, USA. They wanted to make the world better. One of the friends, Anne Herbert, wrote down her idea: Practise random acts of kindness. A random act of kindness is a kind thing that you do for someone, for no reason. You can do random acts of kindness for people you know, for example, buy flowers for your mother. You can also be kind to strangers: for example, give your seat to someone on a bus. Now, February 17th is Random Acts of Kindness Day. All over the world, people do kind things for the day: not because they have to, but because they want to see a smile on a person's face. Isn't that a fantastic idea?



Exercise on Vocabulary

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- The computer gave us a number or unexpected one.
a) planned b) systematic c) random d) usual
- My son is shy in front of.
a) friends b) brothers c) sisters d) strangers
- Be kind strangers.
a) at b) to c) for d) with
- Hala is always making a mess in the kitchen- she is a person.
a) tidy b) honest c) messy d) kind
- When the bins are, take out the rubbish.
a) empty b) free c) fill d) full
- Today, you have to after lunch.
a) wash b) wash up c) clean d) tidy up
- My brother works a Journalist
a) like b) such as c) as d) for example
- Taking the is faster than going upstairs.
a) left b) leaves c) lift d) leaf
- Before you go to bed, the homework.
a) make b) do c) read d) correct





10. Everyone wants to make the world for them.
a) bad b) worse c) better d) worst
11. Tourists come to Egypt from over the world .
a) whole b) all c) each d) every
12. Unluckily, there are no left on that flight.
a) chairs b) seats c) sofas d) beds
13. Rich people always money to charities.
a) lend b) borrow c) donate d) withdraw
14. We should look birds and animals.
a) after b) for c) to d) up
- 15- random acts of kindness day, people have to do kind things.
a) At b) On c) In d) By
17. Ahmed always cleans beaches and picks rubbish.
a) out b) up c) for d) with
- 17- people always use wheelchairs.
a) Able b) Sound c) Healthy d) Disabled
18. This baby is hungry, him.
a) feed b) eat c) carry d) wash
19. I love horses. They are my animals.
a) favour b) ugly c) rude d) favourite
- 20- People who are help their communities.
a) lazy b) rude c) polite d) volunteers

Necessity التعبير عن الضرورة

1 - للتعبير عن الضرورة أو الإلزام في المضارع نستخدم الشكل الآتي

..... مصدر + have to / has to + فاعل
نستخدم (has to) إذا جاء الفاعل (He / She / It) أو اسم مفرد

- > He has to arrive early
- > All has to send the letter.

نستخدم (have to) إذا جاء الفاعل (I / We / You / They) أو اسم جمع

- > They have to write the email again.
- > The boys have to take the books.

2 - في حالة النفي أي التعبير عن عدم الضرورة نستخدم الآتي

- مصدر + He / She / It + doesn't + have to +
..... مصدر + I / We / You / They + don't have to +
> He doesn't have to sell the car.
> They don't have to go out.

3 - في حالة السؤال بمعنى هل تكون الإجابة بـ (Yes, / No,) ويكون السؤال كالاتي

-؟ Does + he / she / it + have to + مصدر
.....؟ Do + I / we / you / they + have to + مصدر
Do you have to arrive early?
> Yes, I do. > No, I don't.





4 - في حالة السؤال بأداة استفهام يكون السؤال كالاتي

.....مصدر + have to + فاعل + do / does + أداة استفهام

Where does he have to go?

➤ He has to go to school.

When do they have to arrive?

➤ They have to arrive at 3 o'clock.

5 - مطروحة هامة

مصدر + to + مفعول + It is necessary for + مصدر = have to / has to + فاعل

➤ He has to study hard.

= It is necessary for him to study hard.

➤ They have to arrive on time.

= It is necessary for them to arrive on time.

1 - للتعبير عن النصيحة نستخدم كل من (should / shouldn't)

.....مصدر + should / shouldn't + فاعل

You should study hard. (I advise you to study hard)

You shouldn't arrive late. (I advise you not to arrive late)

2 - في حالة الاستفهام بمعنى هل يجب أن نستخدم الشكل الاتي

Should + مصدر + فاعل +?

Should he eat healthy food?

Yes, he should.

Should they go out now?

No, they shouldn't.

3 - في حالة السؤال بأداة استفهام نستخدم الشكل الاتي

.....مصدر + should + فاعل + أداة استفهام

What should he buy her?

He should buy her a present

Exercise on grammar

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 -We.....cook more; there's enough food.

a) have to b) don't have to c) has to d) should

2-I don't like that uniform, but I.....wear it at work.

a) mustn't b) shouldn't c) have to d) don't have to

3- It's cold. You.....wear your jacket.

a) shouldn't b) should c) don't have to d) mustn't

4 She's always tired. She. go to bed late every night.

a) shouldn't b) should c) have to d) don't have to

5- You.remember to close the windows when you leave the house.

a) mustn't b) don't have to c) should d) has to

6-You.eat fast food every day It's very bad for you.

a) must b) have to c) don't have to d) shouldn't





- 7- I.....wear glasses because I can't see very well.
 a) mustn't b) don't have to c) have to d) shouldn't
- 8-Hany go to school on time.
 a don't have to b have to c has to d doesn't have
- 9 It is cloudy today, so we..... take our sunglasses.
 a don't have to b not have to c don't have d have not to
- 10-good studentsto take private lessons.
 a-won't b-haven't c-shouldn't d-don't have
- 11-.....-Sara have to get up early?
 a-Are b-Is c- Do d-Does
- 12-My father get up at six o'clock every day to go to work .
 a) has to b) have to c) doesn't have to d) don't have to
- 13 .When you get on the bus, you buy a ticket.
 a) doesn't have to b) has to c) don't have to d) have to
- 14-At the weekends, I get up early. I can stay in bed until 9 o'clock.
 a) doesn't have to b) has to c) don't have to d) have to
- 15 .Everyonedo a random act of kindness sometimes.
 a) should b) shouldn't c) have to d) has to
- 16-You pass your exams to go to university.
 a) should b) don't have to c) have to d) doesn't have to
- 17 .You do your homework at the same time everyday.
 a) shouldn't b) don't have to c) have to d) has to
- 18 .You show your passport when you leave the country .
 a) have to b) has to c) shouldn't d) needn't

2 -Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

- 1-At our school we.....(haven't to) wear a uniform.
- 2-.....(Does) the boys have to get up early?
- 3 -You(doesn't) have to shout. I can hear you.
- 4 -We(has to) leave now or we ll miss the plane.
- 5-You.....(have to)go to school today. It's Friday.
- 6 -We.....(not have) to go to school tomorrow because it's a holiday.
- 7-I don't know what I ... (shouldn't) do with my old clothes.
- 8-Have(you to) wear special clothes for your sports class
- 9.She(have to) show her mother her homework.

Writing

- 1-I always do a lot of jobs at home.
- 2- I always tidy my room.
- 3- I make my bed
- 4- I put my clothes in the wardrobe.
- 5- I sweep the floor.
- 6- I exercise in the morning
- 7-I help my mother in the kitchen.
- 8-I make breakfast with my mum

- 9 I set the table for breakfast
- 10 -I wash the dishes .
- 11 -I go shopping with mum .
- 12 -I take out the rubbish .
- 13 -I do my homework .
- 14 -I watch TV .
- 15 -I read stories at night .
- 16- I listen to music.





General Exercise on lessons 1 & 2

1-Complete the following dialogue:

Amira : What do you think, Hana? Is tourism good for historic places?

Hana :

Amira : Why do you think that?

Hana : Because tourists bring money to an area. This helps the local people.

Amira :

Hana : Why not?

Amira : As a lot of money goes to big companies, not (3).....people.

Hana : Maybe, but some holiday companies help the environment and the local people.

Amira : I (4).....agree. Tourists drop rubbish and damage places.

Hana : I see what you (5)....., but most tourists behave well.

1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The computer gave us a number or unexpected one .

- a) planned b) systematic c) random d) usual

2. My son is shy in front of

- a) friends b) brothers c) sisters d) strangers

3. Be kind strangers .

- a) at b) to c) for d) with

4. Hala is always making a mess in the kitchen- she is a person .

- a) tidy b) honest c) messy d) kind

5. When the bins are take out the rubbish .

- a) empty b) free c) fill d) full

6. Today, you have to after lunch .

- a) wash b) wash up c) clean d) tidy up

7 I.....wear glasses because I can't see very well.

- a) mustn't b) don't have to c) have to d) shouldn't

8-Hany go to school on time.

- a) don't have to b) have to c) has to d) doesn't have

9- It is cloudy today, so we.....take our sunglasses.

- a) don't have to b) not have to c) don't have d) have not to

10-good students.....to take private lessons.

- a-won't b-haven't c-shouldn't d-don't have

6-Write an email of NINETY (90) words to your friend Omar to tell him about The jobs you do at home. Your name is Ali and your email address is Your friend's email address is

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

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.....

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.....





Vocabulary

Lessons 3 & 4

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
princess	أميرة	servant	خادم	trainers	حذاء تدريب
cruel	قاسي	community	مجتمع	volleyball	المكرة الطائرة
boarding school	مدرسة داخلية	disabled	معاق	team	فريق
behave	يتصرف	donate	يتبرع	birthday	عيد ميلاد
beggar	مستور	feed	يطعم	special	خاص
neighbour	جار	kitchen	مطبخ	sick	مريض
pass	بجح / يجتاز	plant	نبات	coin	عملة معدنية
exam	امتحان	reach	يصل	charity	مؤسسة خيرية
secondary	ثانوي	volunteer	مطوع / يتطوع	local	محلي
generous	كريم	polite	مؤدب	beach	الشاطئ
baker	خباز	strange	غريب	pick up	يلتقط
enough	كاف	surprised	مدهش	headteacher	مدير المدرسة
money	مال / نقود	clothes	ملابس	die	يموت

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
come	يأتي	came	come
give	يعطي	gave	given
get	يحصل على	got	got
think	يفكر	thought	thought
see	يرى	saw	seen

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
polite	مؤدب	respectable	rude	وقح
local	محلي	national	international	دولي عالمي
delicious	لذيذ	tasty	terrible	فظيع او كريه

Definitions

cruel	قاسي صيف	making someone suffer or feel unhappy (not kind)
beggar	مستور	someone who asks people for food and money
boarding school	مدرسة داخلية	a school where students live and study
servant	خادم	someone who takes money to clean someone's house, cook
princess	أميرة	a daughter of a king or queen
disabled	معاق	someone who can't use of the body well
donate	يتبرع	give money to a person or an organization
feed	يطعم	give food to a person or an animal





Language Notes

1. **trainers (which)** حذاء رياضي / **trainers (who)** مدربين

- > The trainers which I bought are wonderful.
- > Football trainers work very hard.

2. **lose** يفوته شيء أو يفقد شيء / **miss** يخسر أو يفقد شخص

- > I lost my watch yesterday.
- > He lost the final match.
- > I missed the bus because I arrived late.
- > I miss my friend who travelled abroad.

3. **disabled** غير قادر على فعل شيء / **unable** معاق جسديا

- > My friend lost his leg and became disabled.
- > He is lazy, he is unable to do his homework.

4. **local** محلي / **international** دولي

- > We helped to clean the local beach.
- > English is an international language.

5. **decide to +** يقرر ان مصدر

- > He decided to buy a new mobile.
- > I have decided to help the poor man.

6. **coin** عملة معدنية / **banknote** عملة ورقية

- > In the past, people used gold coins.
- > I have ten banknotes to buy some bread.

7. **baker** خباز (شخص) / **baker's** فرن / محير (مكان)

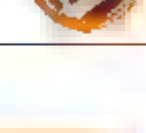
- > He works as a baker in our street.
- > The baker's where we buy bread is near

SUPERIOR

Amal : Our neighbour, Mr. Osman, is the person who helped me pass my maths exams. He's 70 and doesn't work now, but he was a maths teacher before. The books which he used to help me were his old school books from when he was teaching at secondary school.

My Aunt Dalla is a person who's always very kind to me. She bought me the trainers that I wore when I played in the school volleyball team for the first time. We won the match!

My little cousin Rana helped me last week when I lost my watch. I was sad because it was the watch that my father gave me for my birthday. The place where I lost it was the garden. I took it off when I was playing and it fell. Rana found it under a plant. Because her hand is so small, she could put it under the plant and reach the watch.





I work as a **volunteer** for a **charity** which helps to clean our local beach. At the **weekend**, we go to the beach and pick up the **rubbish** that people left behind. We always pick up lots of plastic bottles!

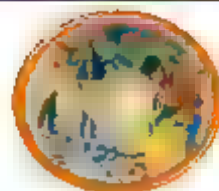
Samir

It is **good** to help people in the **community**. I visit a home for old people who are **disabled** so it's **difficult** for their families to look after them. I go there after school on Thursdays. The volunteers have a special person who we visit and talk to. The woman who I visit is called Mrs Nahla. She worked as a nurse when she was young and she is a **fantastic** person. I love talking to her.

Fatma

I work for a **charity** which looks after animals that are old or sick and cannot work any more. People **donate** money to the charity to buy food for the animals such as horses and camels. We help to feed the animals and look after them. This camel is very old and she is my favourite animal.

Ahmed



A little princess by Frances Hodgson Burnett

Everyone at Sara Crewe's boarding school calls her 'a little princess' because her father is very rich. After Sara's father dies, the head teacher, Miss Minchin, starts being cruel to Sara because she has no money. She makes Sara work as a servant. Sara has to work very hard and does not get much food. However, Sara decides to behave like a real princess, so she is always kind and polite to everyone. One day, Sara finds a coin in the street. She can't find the owner. She goes to the baker's to buy some cakes. When she comes out, she sees a beggar and gives the girl most of her cakes. Sara can see that this girl is cold and hungry. Sara thinks that a real princess should always be kind and generous like this. When the baker sees this, she is surprised. 'This girl is very strange. She is very poor but she is kind to beggars,' she thinks.



The baker's comment

I think that the girl who came into my baker's shop today was a servant, because she didn't have very new clothes. The money that she had was enough to buy a few cakes. I often see a beggar in the street where I work. She usually asks for money, but when the young girl left my shop, she gave her most of her cakes! I was very surprised. I feel that this servant girl behaved like a princess!





Exercise on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Players should wear the best. when they play to help them run.
a) glasses b) trainers c) jeans d) jackets
2. I saw a man who cannot walk and uses a wheelchair.
a) messy b) generous c) clever d) disabled
3. The rich help poor people a lot when they money to charities.
a) sell b) borrow c) donate d) lose
4. A school is a school where students study and live all the time.
a) boarding b) board c) broad d) abroad
5. Children like to go to the zoo and animals there.
a) drive b) play c) feed d) eat
6. A is the daughter of the king or queen.
a) prince b) princess c) servant d) ruler
7. Be careful! You're a small boy. You can't this heavy bag alone.
a) stop b) leave c) lift d) left
8. The means people who live in a certain area in a city or a town.
a) community b) distance c) country d) village
9. We shouldn't be to animals.
a) kind b) polite c) tidy d) cruel
10. Nowadays there are many in most streets who ask for money.
a) servants b) beggars c) sellers d) actors
11. My grandfather always gives us money and presents. He is
a) lucky b) tidy c) clever d) generous
12. A is a person who works in houses.
a) servant b) headteacher c) beggar d) princess
13. A kind person is someone who well
a) sleeps b) plays c) behaves d) travels
14. I usually school on time.
a) arrive b) get c) go d) reach

Relative pronouns

ضمائر الوصل

1 - الضمير (who / that) بمعنى الذي أو التي يحل محل العاقل

He is the writer who / that wrote this novel.

She is the girl who / that we helped.

2 - الضمير (which / that) بمعنى الذي أو التي يحل محل غير العاقل

This is the book which / that Ali bought.

An elephant is an animal which / that lives in hot countries.

3 - الضمير (whom / that) بمعنى الذي أو التي ويحل محل المفعول العاقل

Ali is the man whom / that we met in the club.

4 - الضمير (whose) يحل محل الملكية ويأتي بعده دائماً اسم





That was the man whose car was stolen. (That was the man. His car was stolen)
I have found a plant whose flowers are yellow
(I have found a plant. Its flowers are yellow)

5 الضمير (where) يحل محل المكان

Tanta is the city where he lives.
This is the school where he works.

6 الضمير (when) يحل محل الوقت

2015 was the year when she was born.
Friday is the day when we visit our uncle.

ملاحظات إضافية

1 يجب استخدام (That) اذا جاءت الدرجة الثالثة من المقارنة او وجود كلمات مثل (all / only)

1. This is the tallest boy that I have seen.
2. He gave me all information that he knew.

2 - مع المكان يمكن استخدام (which / that) اذا جاء بعض الافعال بعدهم مثل
(built / bought / sold / painted)

1. This is the flat where he lives.
2. This is the flat which he bought.

3 - لاحظ الاتي جيدا

where = in / at which

when = in / at / on which

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1. Calro is the city where he lives. | - | Calro is the city in which he lives. |
| 2. Friday is the day when he will travel. | - | Friday is day on which he will travel. |

Exercise on Grammar

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 -Mr. Hamed has a son is a doctor.

- a- who b- which c- where d- whose

2 -We bought a flat..... is near the school.

- a- who b- which c- where d- what

3 -What's the name of the book.....you are reading?

- a- who b- which c- where d- what

4 The people..... live next door are very friendly.

- a- who b- which c- where d- whom

5 This is the village.....my father was born.

- a- who b- which c- where d- what

6 Please show me the photos..... you took on Sports Day.

- a- who b- which c- where d- what

7 Tennis is a game..... many people enjoy.

- a- who b- which c- where d- what

8 That's the sports club my brother plays basketball.

- a- who b- which c- where d- that





9 That is the shopMagda bought her jumper.

a- who b- which c- that d- where

10 Alexandria is the city.....we like most.

a- who b- which c- when d- where

11 Mr Ali,.....is a teacher, is very kind and helpful.

a- who b- which c- where d- that

12 Arabic is a language..... is spoken in many countries.

a- who b- which c- where d- what

13 this is the house.....my father bought last year.

a- who b- which c- where d- what

14 This is the place..... my professor had the accident.

a. where b. when c. who d. which

15 -My neighbour..... is a teacher, sometimes helps me with my English.

a) whose b) who c) which d) where

16 -The museum, is near our school, is always busy in the afternoon.

a) whose b) who c) which d) where

17-Luxor, thousands of tourists stay every year, is near the Nile

a) whose b) who c) which d) where

18.Teachers like the pupils are clever.

a) where b) who c) when d) which

2 -Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1 -This is the place(who) I visited last week.

2 -Football is a sport(where) I like.

3 -A good friend is someone (which) helps others.

4 -Cairo is the city.....(who) is crowded.

5 -English is a subject.....(where) I like.

6-That's the man(which) bought our old car.

7-Giza is the city.....(where) I was born in.

8-I saw the villa.....(who) my father bought.

9-I can't find the pen.....(who) I bought.

10 At the zoo, there is a parrot.....(where) can talk to the people.

11 .Benha is the city.....(that) I was born.

12 .Did you see the car.....(who) Adel bought?

13.I need someone.....(whose)can fix my washing machine.

Writing

1-School rules are important.

2- I should follow school rules.

3- I should go to school on time.

4- I should bring all my books.

5- I should salute the flag.

6- I should obey my teachers .

7- I should be quiet in the class.

8 I shouldn't throw rubbish in the class.

9- I shouldn't eat in the class .

10-I shouldn't be lazy in the class.

11- I shouldn't write on the wall.

12- I shouldn't talk in the class.

13-I shouldn't fight my friends.

14-I should go to school on time.





General Exercise on lessons 3&4:

1-Complete the following dialogue:

Rehab is asking Hend about jobs she does at home.

Rehab : Hi, Hend. Do you have to do jobs at home ?

Hend: Hi, Rehab, (1)

Rehab :?

Hend : I have to do the washing up and tidying up .

Rehab : Does it take a long time to do ?

Hend:.....

Rehab :?

Hend : I always tidy up once every day.

Rehab: Does your sister help with you ?

Hend:

2-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. He can't answer the question, he isto do that.

a. disabled b. unable c. clever d. intelligent

2. This is thewho sells bread.

a. baker b. baker's c. bakers d. bakers'

3. This is thewhere we buy bread.

a. baker b. baker's c. bakers d. bakers'

4. my football.....are new.

a. ball b. playground c coach d. trainers

5. Imy bag on the train.

a. missed b. lost c. wished d. locked

6- Please show me the photos.....you took on Sports Day.

a- who b- which c- where d- what

7-Tennis is a game..... many people enjoy.

a- who b- which c- where d- what

8- That's the sports clubmy brother plays basketball.

a- who b- which c- where d- that

9- That is the shop Magda bought her jumper.

a- who b- which c- that d- where

10-Alexandria is the city.....we like most.

a- who b- which c- when d- where

6-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

School rules

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





Vocabulary

Lessons 5 & 6 :

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
share	يشارك	idea	فكرة	mean	يعطي
suggest	يقترح	kindness	طيبة	donation	تبرع
decide	يقرر	random	عشوائي	charity	مؤسسة خيرية
donate	يتبرع	messy	فوضوي	businesswoman	سيدة أعمال
laboratory	معمل	together	معاً / سوياً	possible	ممكن
thousand	ألف	volunteer	متطوع	weather	الطقس
hundred	مائة	natural	طبيعي	cause	سبب / يسبب
make sure	يتأكد	disaster	كثرة	damage	تدمير / يدمر
important	مهم	injured	مصاب	medicine	دواء
agree	يوافق	treat	يعالج / يتعامل مع	perhaps	ربما
foundation	مؤسسة	blog	مدونة	pasta	مكرونة
disabled	معاق	canteen	الكانتين	community	مجتمع
wheelchair	كرسي متحرك	opinion	رأي	Red Crescent	الهلال الأحمر
Food Bank	بنك الطعام	corner	ركن / زاوية	late	متأخر
smile	ابتسامة	surprised	مدهش	geography	الجغرافيا
helpful	معاون	quiet	هادئ	twice	مرتين

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
give		يعطي gave	given
break		يكسر broke	broken
make		يصنع made	made
put		يضع put	put
find		يجد found	found

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
smooth	ناعم	soft	hard	حشن
usual	عادي	ordinary	unusual	غير عادي
pleased	مسرور	happy	sad	حزين
possible	محتمل	likely	impossible	مستحيل
random	عشوائي	unplanned	planned	مخطط له

Definitions

share	يشارك	to have or use something with other people
suggest	يقترح	to tell someone your ideas about what they should do
decide	يقرر	to choose or make a choice





donate	يتبرع	to give money or food to help people or animals
laboratory	معمل	a place where we do experiments

Expressions

do something important	يفعل شيء مهم	share between	يشارك بين
what about. ...?	ماذا عن (الأقترح)	as possible	بقدر الإمكان
I agree	أوافق	Alhassan Foundation	مؤسسة الحسن
I see what you mean	أفهم ماذا تقصد	give wheelchairs to	يعطي كرسي متحركة
I suggest that	أقترح أن	teach about	يعلم شخص عن
volunteer for	يتطوع لدى	quite messy	فوضوي إلى حد ما
treat ill people	يعالج المرضى	work together	يعمل سوياً



Language Notes

1. suggest + V + ing / suggest that مصدر + فاعل

- > He suggested sharing the money.
- > He suggested that they share the money.

2. the disabled المعاقين / disabled people

- > We should help the disabled.
- > We should help disabled people.

3. What about + v + ing...? * Let's + مصدر

- > What about buying her a present?
- > Let's buy her a present.

4. too much + اسم لا يعد / too many + اسم جمع

- > Too much water caused a lot of damage.
- > There were too many bags on the desk.

5. decide to + مصدر / decide that + فاعل + فعل

- > He decided to help everyone in the family.
- > He decided that he wanted to help everyone in the family.

6. help + مفعول + to + مصدر / help + مفعول + with + شيء

- > He helped me to do my homework.
- > He helped me with my homework.

7. ألفاظ العقود مثل (hundred / thousand / million) إذا جاء قبلها عدد تأتي مفرد وإذا لم يأتي قبلها عدد تأتي جمع

She donated two million pounds.
Millions of tourists visit Egypt.





Amal : I think that the charities should share the money between them and help lots of different people.

Leila : I'm not sure, Amal...I think it would be better if one charity gets all the money and can do something big and important.

Amal : OK, but which charity then?

Leila : What about a charity that helps children ...or old people?

Amal : I agree that it's very important to help children, but I also think it's important to look after old people. That's why I suggest that they share the money.

Leila : I see what you mean. OK, they should share the money between two or three important charities.



Large charity donation

Fareeda Rashwan, age 32, has donated two million pounds to charities in the city. The businesswoman says that she wants the charities to use the money to help people who need it. The charities can decide to share the money between them or give all the money to one charity. The important thing is to help as many people as possible.



Malak : I feel that famous people should work for a charity at the weekend.

Rawia : I'm not sure. Some of them work very hard. I think it would be better if they gave some money to a charity. They don't need to work for a charity.

Malak : I agree that it's important for them to donate money, but I also think it's important to work for the charity, too.

Rawia : OK, but when? They don't have much time. Some of them work every day.

Malak : I see what you mean. Perhaps they can help for a day or two in their holidays.

Rawia : Good idea.



HASSAN'S BLOG

Random Acts of Kindness Project

Our class decided to try to do one act of kindness every day for three days. This is what I did. First on Monday, I bought my grandmother some of her favourite cakes at the baker's on the way home from school. She was surprised, but very happy! After that on Tuesday, I let some younger students go into the canteen in front of me. Finally on Wednesday, I took a sandwich and a cold drink to the old man who often sits on our street corner. He gave me a big smile. In my opinion, doing random acts of kindness is fantastic. I don't want to stop!



My helpful day

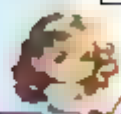
On Saturday, I decided that I wanted to help everyone in my family.

b First, I made my mother breakfast. She was surprised because she usually makes it!

e. Secondly, I helped my sister with her homework. She always does it after breakfast!

a After that, I took my grandfather a cup of tea in bed. He likes to get up late on a Saturday.

c. Then I played football in the park with my little brother. He loves football.





d Finally, I helped my dad with the jobs that he likes to do in the house. I feel that I made all my family happy!

Exercise on Vocabulary

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

- 1 .Charities use money to poor or needy people.
a) help b) share c) want d) agree
- 2my opinion, this film is very interesting.
a) On b) In c) At d) With
- 3 .It's important to tidy..... your room before going to bed.
a) on b) up c) for d) at
- 4.A.....this takes you to the top of a building, without using the stairs
a) roof b) wall c) ladder d) lift
- 5.A.....is the person who works at airports
a) pilot b) sailor c) writer d) firefighter
- 6.A.....something that women use to carry their money in
a) suitcase b) basket c) purse d) tool
- 7.A.....is the person who works on a boat.
a) pilot b) sailor c) doctor d) teacher
- 8.we should put rubbish in.....
a) bowls b) bottles c) bins d) pots
- 9.my aunt is a..... she has a big company.
a) baker b) businesswoman c) secretary d) teacher
- 10-teenagers shouldn't spend too much time on.....media.
a) society b) sociable c) social d) community
- 11 -this is the.....that my family donates money to.
a) school b) market c) shop d) charity
- 12-In my opinion, doing random acts of kindness is.
a) ugly b) bad c) rude d) fantastic
- 13 .We've got science in the.
a) cinema b) restaurant c) cafe d) laboratory
- 14 .I go to the cinemaa month
a) twice b) one c) three d) two

- 1- I like doing random acts of kindness
- 2- I did a lot of random acts of kindness
- 3- First I bought a cake for my grandfather
- 4- He was very happy .
- 5- I made him a cup of tea.
- 6- I saw a beggar in our street.
- 7- I gave him a sandwich.

- 8 He was very happy.
- 9- He thanked me .
- 10 He gave me a big smile .
- I saw an old man was crossing the street.
- 12- I helped him to cross the street .
- 13 He was very pleased .
- 14-Doing random acts of kindness is fantastic



General Exercise on lessons 5&6:

1-Complete the following dialogue:

Rahma :Good morning, Haneen?

Haneen :

Rahma :.....?

Haneen :I work for a charity which looks after sick animals.

Rahma :.....?

Haneen :People donate money to the charity to buy food for the animals.

Rahma :What kinds of animals do you help?

Haneen :.....

Rahma :I wish you good luck.

Haneen :.....

2-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 If someone is.....to you, they are terrible to you.

- a) cruel b) kind c) polite d) clever

2 My little brother gave.....his toys to a charity.

- a) away b) up c) into d) back

3 How much time did you spend.....this project?

- a) at b) in c) of d) on

4 My mother always.....the toys among my little brothers.

- a) puts b) tidies c) washes d) shares

5 I have a/an.....friend. He always helps me.

- a) ugly b) helpful c) rude d) messy

6 This charity has got a lot of.....from rich people.

- a) pollution b) equipment c) donation d) development

7 A scientist does experiments in a.....

- a) laboratory b) prison c) library d) school

8 .Did you see the man was sitting on the corner?

- a) who b) which c) where d) when

9 .Matrouh is the place we spend our holiday.

- a) where b) which c) who d) that

10-At the weekends , Iget up early . I can stay in bed until 9 o'clock.

- a) mustn't b) must c) have to d) don't have to

3- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1 .The telephone(where) Bell developed was an invention.

2 .I(has) to do my homework tonight.

3 .My cousin is rich, he..... (don't)have to work.

4 .That's the person(which) won the prize last week.

4-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

"Random acts of kindness"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





Test on Unit 5

1-Listen and choose the correct answer from a,b or c:

- 1 .What kind of person are the writer and her sister?
a) polite b) rude c) ugly d) messy
- 2 .What do they usually do before sleeping?
a) clap b) sing c) dance d) tidy up
- 3 .How many times do they take out rubbish?
a) once b) twice c) three times d) four times
- 4 .Where do they take out rubbish ? in... ..
a) baskets b) pots c) bags d) bins

2-Complete the following dialogue:

Nasser : Do you have to study this evening, Omar?
Omar :
Nasser :?
Omar : Geography! I have a geography test tomorrow.
Nasser : Does your brother have to study, too?
Omar :
Nasser : What does he have to do then?
Omar : His bedroom is really messy.
Nasser : Where do we have to go for the next lesson?
Omar : I like science.

3-Read the following , then answer the questions:

Mrs Saleh had two children. Samy was seven years old, and his sister Nora was four. Samy went to school, but Nora did not. When Samy was at home, he often played with Nora while their mother was cooking or washing or cleaning. Mrs Saleh was usually free to do her work quietly because Samy was very nice to his small sister.

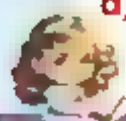
One Friday morning, the two children were playing in the garden while their mother was cooking lunch. They were quite happy until Nora suddenly began to cry and ran into the kitchen to her mother. Mrs Saleh stopped cooking and said, "Why are you crying, Nora? Samy broke my toy," Nora answered, crying more **loudly**. "How did he break it?" her mother asked. Nora stopped crying, but did not answer for a few seconds. Then she said, "I hit him on the head with it".

A) Answer the following questions:

- 1 Give a suitable title to the passage
.....
- 2 Why was Mrs Saleh usually free to do her work quietly?
.....
- 3 How old was Samy's sister?
.....

B) Choose the correct answer:

- 4 The underlined word "loudly" means
a) calmly b) noisily c) kindly d) quietly
- 5 When Nora cried, her mother was in the
a) garden b) bedroom c) kitchen d) school



a) repaired b) cleaned c) broken d) old

1 Hala is a... .. person. She doesn't put anything in its right place.

2 They should try to... friends with her.

3 Nader helps his brother.....his school bag ready.

4. Someone should run after Tarek and give the bag.....

5 They gave the footballer a.....test to check his health.

6The book is.....You should read it.

7-Adam knew everyone in the village, so he was surprised when a..... walked into his shop.

a) neighbour b) relative c) stranger d) officer

8 - I remembered the man.....I met at the party.

a) where b) which c) who d) when

9 You.....take a bus, I'll drive you to school.

a) don't have to b) must c) should d) can

10..... do my homework. My teacher always checks if we have done the exercises.

a) should b) has to c) have to d) must to

5- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1.....(Does) you have to look after your baby sister at the weekend. ?

2 You.....(have to) take out the rubbish, I did it this morning.

3 The tourists (what) visit Egypt always love the ancient temples.

4 This is the museum (who) I visited last year

6-Write an email of NINETY (90) words to your friend Nesma to tell her about charity work. Your name is Rahma.



Unit 6 Different environment

Vocabulary

Lessons 1 & 2:

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
air pollution	تلوث الهواء	flood	فيضان	warn	يحذر
axis	محور	green	صديق للبيئة	careful	حريص
climate	مناخ	graph	رسم بياني	report	تقرير يكتب تقرير
change	يغير تغيير	melt	ينوب يصهر	electric	كهربائي
drought	جفاف	serious	خطير	cheaper	أرخص
line	خط	polluted	ملوث	users	مستخدمين
air pollution	تلوث الهواء	flood	فيضان	seats	مقاعد
recently	حديثاً مؤخراً	world	العالم	comfortable	مريح
volunteers	متطوعين	presentation	عرض تقديمي	temperature	درجة الحرارة
the River Nile	نهر النيل	planet	كوكب	electricity	الكهرباء
rubbish	قمامة	places	اماكن	fires	حرائق
dangerous	خطير	mountain	جبل	ice	ثلج
bar chart	مخطط بياني	area	منطقة	Australia	دولة استراليا

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	posi	Past participle
see	يرى	saw	seen
become	يصبح	became	become
mean	يفني	meant	meant
get	يحصل على	got	got
run	يجري / يشغل / يدير	ran	run

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
dry	جاف	droughty	wet	رطب
flood	فيضان	flow	drought	جفاف
noisy	ضوضائي	loud	quiet	هادئ
polluted	ملوث	dirty	clean	نظيف

Definitions

air pollution	تلوث الهواء	dangerous things that pollute the air
climate change	تغير المناخ	the change in weather conditions أحوال
drought	جفاف	a long period of dry weather when there is not enough water





flood	فيضان	a very large amount	كمية of water
green	صديق للبيئة	connected with the environment or its protection	
serious	خطير	dangerous	
melt	يدوب	to become liquid	

Expressions

in Cairo	في القاهرة	less pollution	تلوث أقل
in the water	في المياه	cheaper to run	الأقل سعراً
more polluted	أكثر تلوث	comfortable seats	مقاعد مريحة
be more careful about	يكون أكثر حرصاً على	a changing world	عالم متغير
become cleaner	يصبح أكثر نظافة	in this line graph	في هذا الخط البياني
try to	يحاول	change in temperature	تغير في درجة الحرارة
much smaller than	أصغر بكثير من	the ice is melting	الثلج يذوب



Language Notes

1. **electric** (يعمل بالكهرباء) كهربائي / **electrician** شخص مهنته كهربائي / **electricity** الكهرباء

- > There are new electric buses in Alexandria.
- > My father works as an electrician.

2. **pollution** التلوث / **population** عدد السكان

- > Pollution is dangerous for the environment.
- > Egypt has a population of more than 100 million.

3. **planet** كوكب / **star** نجم / **plant** نبات و يزرع / **plane** طائرة

- > The earth is the planet where we live.
- > The sun is a big star.
- > We plant many crops.
- > They took the plane to France.

4. **melt** يذوب في سائل مثل السكر أو الملح / **dissolve** يذوب أو ينصهر بسبب حرارة عالية

- > The warmer weather is melting the ice.
- > Sugar dissolves in water.

5 - يمكن وضع كلمة (**much**) قبل الدرجة الثانية من المقارنة

- > The area of the ice is much smaller than 140 years ago.
- > The film is much more interesting than the match.

Girl: Hello, this is **Jomana** reporting for Student Radio in Cairo.

Recently, **volunteers** who were working to clean a canal say they are finding more and more rubbish in the water. They say the canal is dirtier and more **polluted** than ever before. They are warning people who live in the city to be more careful about where they put their **rubbish** to try to help the canal become cleaner.





Boy: This is **Karim** reporting from Alexandria for Student FM. Today our city started using new electric buses. The buses will mean there is less air pollution in the city, so they are **greener** and they are also cheaper to run. I spoke to some bus users who said that the new buses were quieter than the old buses and also the seats were more **comfortable**.



A changing world

Today's presentation is about climate change. This means our planet is changing. Here are two places that are different now.

Australia

In this line graph, the x-axis shows the year and the y-axis shows the change in temperature. You can see that the climate in Australia is becoming hotter and drier. More droughts mean worse fires than ever before. Climate change means Australia is a more dangerous place to live.

Mount Kilimanjaro

This bar chart shows that warmer and drier weather is melting the ice on top of Africa's highest mountain. Mount Kilimanjaro. You can see that the area of ice is much smaller than 140 years ago. The good news is that the ice is not melting as fast as before. However, the ice is continuing to get smaller.



Exercise on Vocabulary

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 .Please take your home; do not leave it in the park.

- a) rubbish b) grass c) jewellery d) music

2 .It was raining for days and then there was a....., so people used boats to leave their houses!

- a) flood b) storm c) drought d) storm

3. There are a lot of cars in the city so the air.....is very bad.

- a) polluting b) pollute c) polluted d) pollution

4. There was no rain for four months this winter, so now there is a.....

- a) flood b) storm c) drought d) storm

5 .Not many fish live in the river because it is very.....

- a) polluting b) pollute c) polluted d) pollution

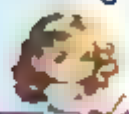
6 .Bikes are a/ anform of transport because they use no fuel.

- a) fuel b) green c) oil d) petrol

7 .Drier weather is..... the ice on the top of the mountains.

- a) sinking b) trying c) leaving d) melting

8 The.....is getting higher because the climate is changing.





- a) environment b) mark c) temperature d) mountain
- 9 .Many countries try..... things to help the environment.
- a) recycling b) cycling c) damaging d) throwing
- 10 .I don't like going to work on my bike in wet.....
- a) storm b) climate c) weather d) breeze
- 11.....cars are better than usual cars. They don't pollute the environment.
- a) Electricity b) Electrical c) Electric d) Electrician
- 12 .Every activity people do can damage or help the.....we live in.
- a) environment b) experiment c) laboratory d) equipment
- 13 .More.....mean worse fires than ever before.
- a) floods b) floats c) droughts d) draughts

Comparison of adjectives مقارنة الصفات

1 - الصفة هي كلمة تصف الاسم والحال بهدف الفهم وتنقسم الصفات الى صفات قصيرة المقطع وصفات طويلة المقطع

صفات قصيرة المقطع	صفات طويلة المقطع
tall	boring
old	interesting
short	enjoyable
big	expensive

درجات المقارنة وحالاتها

1 - عند التساوي في الصفة او الحال نستخدم الشكل الاتي

as + صفة / حال + as

- > He is as tall as his brother
- > He plays as cleverly as his friend.

> Salma is as good as Mona.

في حالة النفي نستخدم الشكل الاتي

not as + صفة / حال + as

not so + صفة / حال + as

- > Ali is not so old as Samy.
- > All is not as old as Samy.

2 - عند المقارنة بين اثنين في حالة عدم التساوي نستخدم الاتي

صفة + er + than

more + صفة طويلة + than

less + صفة طويلة + than

- > He is taller than Mona.
- > Gold is more expensive than silver.

- > They are older than the boy.
- > The book is less interesting than the film.

3 - عند المقارنة بين واحد ومجموعة (صيغة التفضيل) نستخدم الاتي

The + صفة + est

the most + صفة طويلة

the least + صفة طويلة

- > Who is the richest person in the world?
- > Ali is the most intelligent boy
- > The film is the least interesting





as.....as	than	the
good	better	best
bad	worse	worst
far	farther / further	farthest / furthest

4 - يوجد صفات شاذة عند تصريفها في المقارنة

- > She is better than Maha. > He is the worst student. > Cairo is as far as Giza.

معطومة اضافية

1 - عند التخيير نستخدم الدرجة الثانية من المقارنة

- > Who is taller Ali or Samy?
> Which is longer the Nile or the Amazon?

2 - للتأكيد يمكن استخدام (much / a lot) قبل الدرجة الثانية من المقارنة

- > It is a lot hotter than yesterday!
> The chair is much more comfortable.

3 - في الدرجة الثالثة من المقارنة اذا جاء قبلها منكية يتم حذف (the)

- > She is Egypt's greatest scientist
> Football is my best sport.

Exercise on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1 .Our house is.....comfortable than this hotel.

- a) more b) most c) much d) little

2. Ali says that football is not as handball.

- a- so difficult b. the most difficult c. more difficult d. less difficult

3. Figs are as chocolate.

- a- so delicious b. most delicious c. more delicious d as delicious

4 .Sarah is..... than her sister.

- a) more young b) young c) younger d) youngest

5. Cars are.....than motorbikes.

- a) safe b) safer c) more safer d) safest

6. Sharks are.....than lions.

- a) dangerous b) more dangerous c) much dangerous d) most dangerous

7 -Hassan is afootball player than anyone else in the team.

- a) good b) best c) better d) the best

8 We can run as..... as they can.

- a) faster b) fast c) fastest d) the fastest

9 -I do not earn as.....money as you do.

- a) much b) more c) less d) many

10- Mount Everest isthan Mount Kilimanjaro

- a-higher b-high c- highest d-highly

11 .The museum is usually.on a Saturday than a Sunday.

- a- crowded b- most crowded c- more crowded d- as crowed

12 I think the blue dress is.....than the red dress.

- a- nicer b- nicest c- nicely d- nice





13. Adel is tall, but Rami is.....
a- more taller b- tallest c- tall d- taller
14. Which bridge is, the 6th October bridge or the Qasr El Nil bridge?
a- long b- longer c- longest d- longer than
15. English is.....than many other languages.
a) easier b) more easy c) easiest d) the easiest
16. We can run as..... as they can.
a) faster b) fast c) fastest d) the fastest
17. Football is.....popular game in Egypt.
a) most b) the most c) less d) more
18. Which sport is....., football or tennis?
a) good b) better c) better than d) the best
19. Recycling isas using less electricity for the environment.
a) more important b) most important c) so important d) as important
20. Mount Kenya is not as highMount Kilimanjaro.
a) as b) than c) to d) so
21. This book is bad, but the other book is
a) worse b) worst c) more worse d) badly
22. This month wasthan last month because we had some big storms.
a) wet b) more wetter c) the wettest d) wetter
23. Lying on a beach isthan working in the city.
a- relaxing b- most relaxing c- more relaxing d- as relaxing
24. Plastic pollution isnow than it was before .
a) bad b) worse c) worst d) the worst
25. There is a lot of traffic in Cairo; it isthan Marsa Alam.
a- noisier b- more noisier c noisest d- noise

2 -Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets

- 1- No one in class is taller than Reem she is(taller).
- 2- Cairo is.....(most)crowded than Giza.
- 3- An elephant is(big) than a camel.
- 4- Today it's not.....(windy as) yesterday
- 5- That mountain was.....(more high) than we thought.
- 6-9 -He earns(many)money than you.He is poorer.
- 7- This tablet is. (expensive) than that one



- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| 1- My name is Adel. | 10- He has got long hair . |
| 2- I have a penfriend. | 11- He has got a big smile . |
| 3- His name is Tom. | 12- He gets up early . |
| 4- He is from England. | 13- He has breakfast with his family. |
| 5- He lives in London. | 14- He goes to prep school . |
| 6- He speaks English. | 15- His favourite subject is maths. |
| 7- He is 13 years old. | 16- He likes playing football. |
| 8- He is tall and thin. | 17- He plays football every day . |
| 9- He is friendly. | 18- He likes reading short stories. |
| | 19- He likes watching football matches. |



General Exercise on lessons 1 & 2

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. The earth is a
a. plant b. plane c. star d. planet
2. Cars will be in the future.
a. electrician b. magician c. electric d. electricity
3. Car will use in the future.
a. electric b. electrical c. electron d. electricity
4. When the weather is hot, the sun the ice.
a. dissolves b. melts c. jokes d. laughs
5. He is better than his friend.
a. most b. least c. much d. best
- 6- Cars are as twice as as they were a few years ago.
a) more expensive b) expensive c) most expensive d) less expensive
- 7- The tree in the world is in Sweden.
a) old b) older c) eldest d) oldest
- 8- Climbing is the dangerous sport in the world.
a) more b) most c) less d) as
- 9- Climbing is than cycling.
a) more dangerous b) most dangerous c) so dangerous d) as dangerous
- 10- Everest is the mountain in the world.
a) high b) higher c) highest d) highly
- 11- London isn't hot as Cairo.
a) so b) very c) highly d) a lot

6-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

Your pen friend



Vocabulary

Lessons 3 & 4 :

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
canal	قناة / ترعة	Ministry	وزارة	Suez Canal	قناة السويس
cotton	القطن	tourism	السياحة	rules	قواعد
locate	يقع / يحدد موقع	wildlife	الحياة البرية	sweets	حلوى
mosque	مسجد	delicious	لذيذ	local	محلي
monuments	أثار	honey	عسل	area	منطقة
canal	قناة / ترعة	spotlight	يسلط الضوء على	beach	شاطيء
north-east	شمال شرق	buildings	مباني	tourists	السياح
around	حول	beautiful	جميل	owner	مالك
world	العالم	interesting	مثير	turtles	سلاحف
connect	يوص / يتصل	lovely	جميل	result	نتيجة
potatoes	بطاطس	sand	رم	wind	الرياح
wheat	قمح	workers	عمال	produce	يُنتج
sugar	سكر	coast	الساحل	temperature	درجة الحرارة
scuba diving	الغوص تحت الماء	farm	مزرعة	climate	المناخ
coral reefs	شعاب مرجانية	village	قرية	dry	جاف
energy	طاقة	reserves	محميات	matters	أمور / شئون
centigrade	درجة مئوية	Tourism	السياحة	prizes	جوائز
traditional	تقليدي	damage	يُدمر	the Red Sea	البحر الأحمر

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
go	يذهب	went	gone
know	يعرف	knew	known
teach	يُدرّس / يُعلم	taught	taught
keep	يحفظ	kept	kept
grow	يُدرع	grew	grown
leave	يُغادر	left	left

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
connected	متصل	linked	disconnected	القطع الاتصال
main	رئيسي	essential	secondary	ثانوي
closed	مغلق	locked	opened	الفتح
focus	ركز	spotlight	neglect	أهم
particular	خاص	special	normal	عادي





Definitions

canal	قناة	a long water passage for ships
locate	يضع	to be in a particular place
mosque	مسجد	A place where Muslims pray
spotlight	يلقي الضوء على	to direct attention to someone or something
tourism	السياحة	the activity of visiting places for pleasure
wildlife	الحياة البرية	animals and plants growing in natural conditions
delicious	لذيذ	taste or smell nice
island	جزيرة	a piece of land surrounded by water
traditional	تقليدي	being part of the traditions

Expressions

is located	تقع / توجد	are found in	توجد في
in the north	في الشمال	on the beach	على الشاطئ
known for	مشهور بـ	as usual	كالمعتاد
come and go	يأتي ويذهب	as a result	لنتيجة لـ
connected to	متصل بـ	parts of	أجزاء من
connected by	متصل بواسطة	are closed to	مغلق
in the sea	في البحر	so that	لكي



Language Notes

- spotlight on** = يلقى أو يسلط الضوء على (يركز على) **focus on**
 > Let's spotlight on the problem of pollution.
- known for** — مشهور بـ **popular**
 > Port Said is known for its sea.
 > Tanta is known for its sweet.
- connected to** — متصل بـ / **connected by** متصل بواسطة
 > Port Said is connected to Suez.
 > The Two seas are connected by the Suez Canal.
- (be) located in / on** تقع في / توجد في
 > Tanta is located in the north of Egypt.
 > The hotel is located on the beach.
- beach** (البلّاج) / **coast** الساحل / شاطئ البحر
 > The hotel is on a lovely beach.
 > The coast of the Red Sea is long.
- (be) used to + مصدر** يُستخدم = **(be) used for + v + ing** / اسم
 > Cars are used to carry people.
 > Cars are used for carrying people.
- weather** (حالة الطقس لفترة قصيرة) / **climate** (حالة الطقس لفترة طويلة)
 > What is the weather like today? - It is hot
 > Egypt has a dry climate.





Spotlight on Port Said

Port Said is **located** in the north-east of Egypt.
The city is **known** for its ships, which come and go from around the world.

Port Said is **connected** to Suez by the **Suez Canal**.

Many fish are caught in the sea near Port Said.

Spotlight on Tanta

Tanta is **located** in the north of Egypt.

Lots of cotton is grown in the **area**.

The city is known for its **delicious** sweets.

Tanta's beautiful Al-Ahmadi **mosque** is visited by thousands of people every year.



Minya my home city

My home city is Minya. It is located near the Nile. Lots of food is grown in the local area, like potatoes, wheat and sugar. The city is **known** for its **delicious** black honey. The honey is made from sugar.

Many ancient **monuments** and buildings are found in the city. My city is very beautiful and interesting.



The North Hotel

The North Hotel is located on a lovely beach and every year, the hotel is visited by more and more tourists. However, the hotel owner said that last year, there were not as many turtles on the beach as usual. As a result the hotel is helping the turtles. Parts of the beach are closed to tourists so that turtles are safe. And at night, when the turtles leave their eggs in the sand, the hotel workers stop any tourists from visiting the beach.

The South Hotel

The South Hotel is near the coast, and every year, it takes tourists scuba diving. However, workers on the boats believe that coral reefs are often damaged by scuba divers. The hotel is now working with a charity that helps the coral reefs. Now some of the money that tourists pay for the boat trips is used to help protect the coral reefs.

The East Hotel

The East Hotel is very new. Only green energy from the sun and wind is used at the hotel. The hotel also produces very little rubbish: most of it is recycled. All the fruit and vegetables at the hotel restaurant are grown on local farms, and the people working at the hotel are all from the local villages.





Podcast Presenter : Today on Environment Matters we're looking at tourism on the Red Sea Coast. **Salma Fawzy** from the Ministry of Tourism is here to talk about how we can have tourism in Egypt that doesn't damage the environment.

Podcast Presenter : Hello, Salma You're interested in helping both tourism and the environment, is that right?

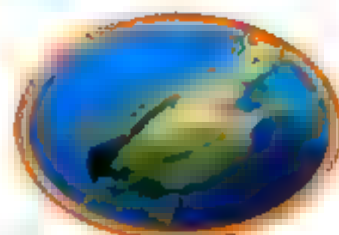
Salma : Exactly. Tourism is very important to Egypt. Our beautiful coast is visited by people from around the world - which is great! But the coast also has coral reefs and lots of important wildlife. The coral reefs are important for our sharks, dolphins and turtles.

Podcast Presenter : So, what are you doing to protect the environment?

Salma : Well, the islands on the Red Sea Coast are all nature reserves. We are also working with hotels and travel companies. We have rules for new buildings to make them greener. We also give prizes to companies that are the best at looking after the environment

Podcast Presenter : Good idea!

Salma : We also think that it's important to teach tourists about how to look after our special environment when they are on the beaches or doing water sports like scuba diving



Exercise on Vocabulary

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 .My home town is.....on the coast. It's in the south-east.

- a) closed b) positioned c) located d) lied

2 .Mohamed Salah, the famous sports person, is....for his kindness.

- a) opened b) known c) closed d) spent

3 .My computer is..... to the internet, so I search easily for anything I want.

- a) contacted b) communicated c) tied d) connected

4 .Many people like to visit Port Said to.....fish.

- a) feed b) spend c) catch d) hold

5 .I visited Al-Ahmadi Mosque in Tanta and.....in it.

- a) dived b) fished c) prayed d) played

6 .Egypt has wonderful ancient.....which tourists like to visit

- a) monuments b) experiments c) developments d) movements

7 .Most fruit and vegetables arein the local area.

- a) fed b) grown c) lived d) located

8 .Minya has delicious black.....made from sugar.

- a) honey b) rose c) flower d) cotton

9 .Bread is made from.....





- a) cotton b) potatoes c) sugar d) wheat
10. A..... is a long area of water made for ships or boats.
a) coast b) park c) canal d) beach
11..... is a plant used for making clothes.
a) Cotton b) Sugar c) Wheat d) Flower
12. MrTaha is famous for hisstories. We all laugh a lot when we hear them
a) boring b) ugly c) expensive d) funny
13.....should look after the environment when they visit a country.
a) Tourism b) Tourists c) Guides d) Owners
14 Farmers plant a lot of orange trees.....the river.
a) a long b) along c) long d) longer
15. Owners of hotels should.....the environment.
a) protect b) attack c) take d) damage
16. The hotel is located.....a lovely beach.
a) on b) out c) of d) in
17. The few turtles on the beach are in danger. As a the hotel is helping them.
a) cause b) result c) reason d) mark
18. Workers on the boats.....that coral reefs are damaged by scuba divers.
a) believe b) respect c) protect d) collect
19. We should stop tourists.....damaging the environment.
a) to b) from c) at d) by
20. Tourists,.....around the world, visit the Red Sea every year.
a) to b) from c) at d) by

Present simple (active & passive) المبتني للمعلوم والمبتني للمجهول في المضارع البسيط

- جملة المبتني للمعلوم (active) هي التي تبدأ بالفعل
- جملة المبتني للمجهول (passive) هي التي تبدأ بتلقيب الفاعل (مفعول الجملة)
- 1 - لتكون الجملة في المضارع البسيط في المعلوم كالآتي

I / We / You / They / مصدر + اسم جمع

He / She / It / مصدر + اسم مفرد + es / s

- > People grow cotton in Egypt.
- > He writes English.

وفي صيغة المبتني للمجهول يكون الشكل كالآتي

(النصريف الثالث للفعل) + am / is / are + P. P.

- > People grow cotton in the area. (active)
- > Cotton is grown in the area. (passive)
- > We know Tanta for its delicious sweets (active)
- > Tanta is known for its delicious sweets (passive)
- > People catch many fish in Port Said (active)
- > Many fish are caught in port Said. (passive)

2 في حالة النفي يكون الشكل كالآتي

مفعول + مصدر + don't + اسم جمع / I / We / You / They





مفعول + مصدر + **doesn't** + اسم مفرد / He / She / It

- > They don't eat meat.
- > He doesn't eat sweets.

وفي حالة المبني للمجهول في النفي يكون الشكل كالآتي

مفعول + **am / is / are + not + P.P.**

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| > They don't eat meat. (active) | > Meat is not eaten. (passive) |
| > He doesn't buy sweets. (active) | > Sweets are not bought. (passive) |

3 - في حالة السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد يكون الشكل كالآتي

مفعول + مصدر + فاعل + **Do / Does**

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| > Do they speak English? | > Does he watch films? |
|--------------------------|------------------------|

وفي حالة المبني للمجهول يكون الشكل كالآتي

Am / Is / Are + مفعول + P. P.?

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| > Do they speak English? (active) | > Is English spoken? (passive) |
| > Does he watch films? (active) | > Are films watched? (passive) |

4 - في حالة السؤال الذي يبدأ بكلمة استفهام يكون الشكل كالآتي

..... مفعول + مصدر + فاعل + **do / does** + كلمة استفهام

- | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| > Where do they grow cotton? | > When does he buy sweets? |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|

وفي حالة المبني للمجهول يكون الشكل كالآتي

..... p.p + مفعول + **am / is / are** + كلمة استفهام

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| > Where do they grow cotton? (active) | > Where is cotton grown? (passive) |
| > When does he buy sweets? (active) | > When are sweets bought? (passive) |

Exercise on Vocabulary

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Alexandria in the north of Egypt.

a) located	b) is locating	c) is located	d) locates
------------	----------------	---------------	------------
2. The farmers around here many vegetables.

a) growing	b) are grown	c) grow	d) is growing
------------	--------------	---------	---------------
3. The museum by lots of people every year.

a) is visiting	b) are visited	c) visits	d) is visited
----------------	----------------	-----------	---------------
4. The city is for its beautiful buildings.

a) is known	b) knows	c) is knowing	d) knew
-------------	----------	---------------	---------
5. Lots of cotton in the area. SB

a) are grown	b) is grown	c) grew	d) grows
--------------	-------------	---------	----------
6. Many fish in the sea near Port Said. SB

a) caught	b) is caught	c) are caught	d) catch
-----------	--------------	---------------	----------
7. the thief caught by the police officer?





- a) Is b) Has c) Does d) Will
- 8 .In summer, more ice cream.....than in winter.
- a) ate b) eats c) is eating d) is eaten
- 9 .The flowers are watered my brother every morning.
- a) of b) at c) with d) by
- 10.This writer's articles.....by many people.
- a) read b) are read c)are reading d) reading
- 11 .German.....as a second language in our school.
- a) is speaking b) speaking c) speaks d) is spoken
- 12 .Petrol..... from oil.
- a) making b) made c) is made d) makes
- 13.The walls aren't.....by my mother
- a) painted b) painting c) paint d) paints
- 14 .My room.....every day.
- a) was cleaned b) is cleaning c) is cleaned d) cleans

2 -Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

- 1.Giza.....(knows) for its ancient pyramids.
- 2.Farmers.....(are grown) a lot of oranges along the river.
- 3.Thousands of fish(catch) every day.
- 4.Mr Taha(has remembered) for his funny stories.
- 5..People(are played) football all around the world
- 6..Cotton clothes.....(made) in Egypt.. WB
- 7.Hundreds of photos of the Pyramids.....(are taking) every day.
- 8.....(Does) Minya known for black honey?
- 9.Where is your home city(locates)?
- 10..We.....(are played) football every day.
- 11.Milk is(keeping) In the fridge.
- 12.....(Do) famous places visited by tourists?
- 13..Jane(drives) to school by her father every day.

- 1-My home city is Cairo.
2- I was born in Cairo.
3- It is located in near the Nile.
4- It is a big city.
6- It is famous for historic places.
7- You can visit the pyramids in Giza

- 8- They are three pyramids.
9- They are great and amazing.
10- You can ride horses and camels.
11- You can take a lot of photos.
12- You can see the temples in Luxor
13- They are amazing.





General Exercise on lessons 3 & 4:

1-Complete the following dialogue:

Hala :

Nora : I went to Alexandria.

Hala :

Nora : I stayed in my uncle's flat.

Hala : How did you travel there?

Nora :

Hala :

Nora : Yes, I did.

Hala : What did you eat there?

Nora :

3-Read the following, then answer the questions:

I like to collect fossils. It's an interesting hobby, although it is not always easy to find them. The first thing you have to do is to find the right place. I know a place in the desert where there are many fossils. When I see a fossil, first I look carefully to see if it was a plant or a small animal. After that, I put the fossil in a small bag. Then, I take it home. The next step, is deciding where to put the fossil. I group the fossils of animals and plants and keep them in different boxes. Finally, I find out the name of the animal or plant and write it in my notebook.

a. Answer the following questions:

1 .Do you think the writer could keep his fossils at home ?

.....

2 .What does the writer do in his notebook ?

.....

3 .What's the best title of this passage ?

.....

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :2.

4 .The underlined pronoun "it" refers to a.....

a fossil b box c. notebook d.bag

5 .There are many fossils in the.

a desert b field c.farm d.school

6 .The underlined word 'finally' means.....

a at last b. first c. usually d sometimes

3-Write a paragraph of six (90) words on

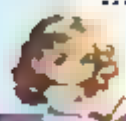
My home city

.....

.....

.....

.....





Vocabulary

Lessons 5 & 6 :

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
recycling	عادة استخدام	true	حقيقي	center	وسط
damage	يلحق / يدمر	plants	نباتات	riverbank	ضفة النهر
remind	يُذكر	washing	الغسيل	collect	يجمع
lead to	يؤدي الى	project	مشروع	coloured	ملون
problem	مشكلة	bottles	لحبات	hope to	يأمل
special	خاص / مميز	wildlife	الحياة البرية	important	مهم
paper	ورق	volunteers	متطوعين	gas	غاز
plastic	بلاستيك	global	عالمي	oil	زيت
again	مرة أخرى	event	حدث هم	tonnes	أطنان
bring	يُحضّر	aim to	يهدف الى	future	مستقبل
clean up	ينظف	include	يشمل / يتضمن		

Irregular Verbs

Verb	meaning	past	Past participle
lead	يؤدي الى	led	led
think	يُفكر	thought	thought
make	يصنع	made	made
bring	يُحضّر	brought	brought
find	يجد	found	found

Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمة	المعنى	Synonym	Antonym	المعنى
untrue	غير صحيح	unreal	Real - true	الحقيقة الواقعية
problem	مشكلة	trouble	solution	حل
respond	يرد	Reply - answer	Ask - inquire	اسأل استفسر

Definitions

recycle	يعيد استخدام	to use again
damage	يلحق	destroy or cause harm
remind	يُذكر	to make someone remember something
lead to	يؤدي الى	result in

Expressions

too much water	مياه أكثر من اللازم	recycle rubbish	يعيد تدوير القمامة
that's true	هذا صحيح	made of paper	مصنوع من الورق
why don't we . . ?	لماذا لا...؟ (للاقتراح)	in the rubbish bin	في سلة المهملات
for example	على سبيل المثال	can be used again	يمكن استخدامه مرة أخرى
water the plants	يروي النباتات	part of	جزء من





Language Notes

1. event / حادثه / accident

- > Global Recycling Day is an important event.
- > When I saw the accident, I called the ambulance.

2. include / يحتوي بداخله على / contain

- > Recycling includes paper and plastic.
- > The bag contains many books.

3. lead to + اسم / يؤدي الى

- > Burning rubbish leads to climate change.

4. stop people + v + ing

- > How can we stop people using too much water?

5. remind / يتذكر / يذكر غيره / remember

- > The event aims to remind people of the accident.
- > I can't remember his mobile number.

Aya : The problem is that we all use too much water.

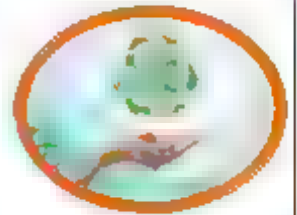
Reem : That's true. So, how can we use less water?

Aya : Well, why don't we try recycling water?

Reem : How could we do that?

Aya : For example, we could use the water from washing to water the plants.

Reem : That's an interesting idea. The plants would like that!



Girl : Our school project this week is to think about rubbish at school.

In our school, we have a rubbish bin in every room. The students are very good and they always put their rubbish in the bins. At the moment, the rubbish is collected every week and goes to a special place in the city. But when we look inside the bins, we can see that most of the rubbish is made of paper or plastic. We can recycle a lot

of this rubbish. So now, before students put things in the rubbish bin, we ask them to think: Can I recycle that? If the answer is yes, they can now put it in a special bin so it can be used again.



Dina : Look at all the plastic water bottles in the rubbish bin.

The problem is that we use too many of them .

Leila : How can we stop people using them?

Dina : Why don't we ask people to use them again?

Leila : How could we do that?

Dina : People could take home the bottles, wash them, and bring them to school the next day .

Leila : That's an interesting idea. We can see what the teacher thinks





Cleaning the river

Last weekend, ten students from Class 7 helped clean up the part of the riverbank near the city centre. The students collected 15 bags of rubbish. Their teacher, Mr Hassan, said the students were sad to find so much rubbish. "There were lots of plastic bags and bottles," he said. "We even found an old shoe!"

One of the students said, "It was great to clean the riverbank, but we need to teach people to be more careful with their rubbish. Rubbish in the river damages the wildlife."

Well done to the volunteer!



What is Global Recycling?

Global Recycling Day is an event in March. It aims to remind people of the importance of recycling things including paper, plastic, metal, water and even gas and oil. It was started in 2018 and there are now recycling events in many different countries.



So why is recycling so important?

In 2018, people produced about 11 billion tonnes of rubbish around the world. At the moment, a lot of our rubbish is burned and this can lead to climate change.

What are countries doing about the problem?

No country recycles as much rubbish as Germany: it recycles more than 56% of it. In 1991, it recycled about 3%. South Korea recycles more than 53% of its rubbish. Coloured plastic bottles and some plastic cups are not used any more, because you can't recycle them. Most countries hope to recycle more in the future.

Exercise on Vocabulary:

1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 .My father always asks us to.....suggestions about how to spend the weekend.

- a) make b) buy c) take d) borrow

2 .Adults are the people who are able to.....and choose the person they want.

- a)vote b) sound c) avoid d) voice

3 .My mother always tells me how to.....my problems alone.

- a) attack b) kill c) solve d) collect

4.My class decided that we could.....bottles to recycle them.

- a) drop b) throw c) attract d) collect

5.....is the way we reuse old things to become new again.

- a) Cycling b) Recycling c)Throwing d) Dropping

6 .Climate change is a.....problem that we should care about.

- a) community b) national c) local d) global

7 .People in my local area decided to clean up the.....to reduce water pollution.

- a) garden b) Park c) riverbank d) street



8 .My mother always advises me to be careful.....my money.

- a) at b)with c) under d) to

9 .Rubbish in the river.....the wildlife.

- a) stores b) damages c) protects d) produces

10 .When there is too much smoke coming out from factories, it..... air pollution.

- a) causes b) stops c) protects d) saves

11 .The price of the room in this hotel is 500 pounds a night.....breakfast.

- a) introducing b) paying c) including d) producing

12 .Most big shops and supermarkets are found in the city.....

- a) corner b) centre c) border d) wall

13 My mother often.....me to get my school bag ready before I sleep.

- a) reminds b) remembers c) writes d) shows

Making and responding to a suggestion

- ▶ How could we.....?
- ▶ Why don't we.....?
- ▶ We could.....
- ▶ That's an interesting idea.
- ▶ The problem is that.....
- ▶ That's true.

Writing:

مهارة الكتابة :

The problem is that we all use too much water.

we try recycling water.

we could use the water from washing to water the plants.

we use too many plastic water bottles.

we can stop people using them.

People could take home the bottles

Global Recycling Day is an event in March.

It aims to remind people of the importance of recycling things.

It was started in 2018.

No country recycles as much rubbish as Germany.

Most countries hope to recycle more in the future

Test on unit 6

1 -Listen and choose the correct answer from a,b or c:

1.At the weekend, we go to the....and pick up the rubbish.

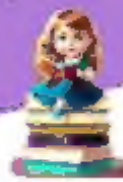
- a.cinema b.teacher c. school d. beach

2 .I work as a.....for a charity.

- a. cleaner b. doctor c.volunteer d. market

3 .We always pick up plastic.....

- a.bottles b.chairs c.tables d. pots



4 .The charity helps to.....our local beach.

- a.play b.eat c.clean d. dirty

2-Complete the following dialogue:

Dina : Look at all the plastic water bottles in the rubbish bin.

Leila :

Dina :The problem is that we use too many of them.

Leila : What can we do with that problem?

Dina:

Leila: How can we stop people using them?

Dina:

Leila: How could we do that?

Dina:

Leila: That's an interesting idea. Does the teacher think it's a good idea?

Dina

3-Read the following , then answer the questions:

Ahmed and Soha were in the dinning room and their parents were at work. Soha was doing her homework. They thought their sister Salma was playing with her toys. Soha saw some water. It was coming through the floor. Ahmed and Soha went to the bathroom. They found Salma. She was playing with her toys. There was a lot of water on the bathroom floor and it was running into the dinning room. They talked about the water and decided to dry the floor.

They used some of their father's old newspapers. Ahmed decided to phone his mother and father and tell them about the water.

A) Answer the following questions:

1 .Where was Salma playing with her toys?

.....

2.How did Ahmed and Soha dry the floor?

.....

3. How many persons are there in the family?

.....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 .The underlined pronoun "It" refers to the.....

- a) floor b) vapour c) dinning room d) water

5 .While Ahmed and Soha were in the dinning room, their parents were at.....

- a) school b) home c) work d) bedroom

6 .There was a lot of water on the.....floor.

- a) bedroom b) dining room c) hall d) kitchen

4-choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 -How to stop tourism damaging the.....

- a. flood b. drought c. river d. environment





2. The.....is that we all use too much water.

- a. station b. problem c. kindness d. tourism

3 You can pray at a.....

- a) museum b) mosque c) stadium d) castle

4. Don't throw your bottles and other things .you can.....them.

- a) redo b) finish c) stay d) reuse

5 How much paper.....every year?

- a) recycled b) are recycled c) is recycling d) is recycled

6 the environment..... by many scientists

- a) studies b) studied c) is studying d) is studied

7 The Egyptians opened the Suezin 1869.

- a) coast b) park c) canal d) beach

8 Egypt is full of wonderful ancient.....which tourists like to visit.

- a) monuments b) experiments c) developments d) movements

9 Several buildings wereby the earthquake.

- a) stored b) damaged c) protected d) produced

10 His behaviour is.....than his brother's.

- a) bad b) worse c) worst d) the worst

5- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1 . Is your house(more old) than my house?

2 .The car(don't) washed every day.

3 .How many languages.....(spoken) in china. ?

4 .Europe is not.....(as large) Asia.

6-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

How to help the environment

Mr/ Abdelbary

SUPERIOR

